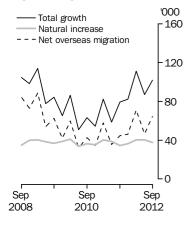


AUSTRALIAN DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

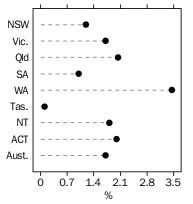
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Population growth



Population Growth Rate

Year ended current quarter



INQUIRIES

For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070 or Michael Giampietro on Canberra (02) 6252 5640.

KEY FIGURES

PRELIMINARY Data	Population at end Sep qtr 2012 '000	Change over previous year '000	Change over previous year %
New South Wales	7 314.1	86.0	1.2
Victoria	5 649.1	94.8	1.7
Queensland	4 584.6	91.4	2.0
South Australia	1 658.1	16.4	1.0
Western Australia	2 451.4	81.7	3.4
Tasmania	512.2	0.5	0.1
Northern Territory	236.3	4.2	1.8
Australian Capital Territory	376.5	7.4	2.0
Australia(a)	22 785.5	382.5	1.7

 Includes Other Territories comprising Jervis Bay Territory, Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands.

KEY POINTS

ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION

- The preliminary estimated resident population (ERP) of Australia at 30 September 2012 was 22,785,500 people. This reflects an increase of 382,500 people since 30 September 2011 and 101,900 people since 30 June 2012.
- The preliminary natural increase recorded for the year ended 30 September 2012 (154,500 people) was 4.0%, or 6,000 people, higher than the natural increase recorded for the year ended 30 September 2011 (148,500 people).
- The preliminary net overseas migration recorded for the year ended 30 September 2012 (228,000 people) was 32.2%, or 55,500 people, higher than the net overseas migration recorded for the year ended 30 September 2011 (172,500 people).

POPULATION GROWTH RATES

- Australia's population grew by 1.7% during the year ended 30 September 2012.
- Natural increase and net overseas migration contributed 40% and 60% respectively to total population growth for the year ended 30 September 2012.
- All states and territories recorded positive population growth in the year ended 30 September 2012. Western Australia continued to record the fastest growth rate of all states and territories at 3.4%. Tasmania recorded the slowest growth rate at 0.1%.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES ISSUE (Quarter)

December 2012 20 June 2013

March 2013 26 September 2013 June 2013 17 December 2013 September 2013 27 March 2014 December 2013 19 June 2014 March 2014 25 September 2014

RELEASE DATE

FINAL REBASED

POPULATION ESTIMATES

This is the last release of preliminary rebased Estimated Resident Population (ERP) data based on the 2011 Census of Population and Housing. Final rebased estimates for the September 2006 - June 2011 period will be released on 20 June 2013. Recast estimates for the September 1991 - June 2006 period will also be released. For more information, see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

UPDATES TO REGIONAL POPULATION ESTIMATES

Datacubes containing final rebased ERP from 2001 to 2011 will be released on 30 August 2013. Total estimates will be added to *Regional Population Growth, Australia, 2011* (cat. no. 3218.0) and age/sex estimates will be added to *Population by Age and Sex, Regions of Australia, 2011* (cat. no. 3235.0). Historical population estimates based on the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) will also be revised and released on this date.

NOTICE OF CHANGE TO REVISION CYCLE Starting with the March 2013 issue scheduled for release on 26 September 2013, NOM revisions will change from a biannual to a quarterly revision cycle.

DEMOGRAPHY NEWS

Demography News will be included in the hard-copy version of this publication as of the next release in June 2013.

RECENT RELEASES

Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia, January 2013 (cat. no. 3401.0) - released 7 March 2013.

Causes of Death, Australia, 2011 (cat. no. 3303.0) - released 15 March 2013.

UPCOMING RELEASES

Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia, February 2013 (cat. no. 3401.0) - scheduled for release 9 April 2013.

For further information on recent and upcoming releases, please see the *Technical Note: Recent and Upcoming Releases*.

Brian Pink

Australian Statistician

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ABBREVIATIONS

ABS Australian Bureau of Statistics

ACT Australian Capital Territory

ASGC Australian Standard Geographical Classification

ASGS Australian Statistical Geography Standard

Aust. Australia

DIAC Australian Government Department of Immigration and Citizenship

ERP estimated resident population

IMR infant mortality rate

NIM net interstate migration

NOM net overseas migration

NSW New South Wales

NT Northern Territory

NZ New Zealand

OAD overseas arrivals and departures

PES Census of Population and Housing Post Enumeration Survey

Qld Queensland

RSE relative standard error

RTO resident temporarily overseas

SA South Australia

SDR standardised death rate

Tas. Tasmania

TFR total fertility rate

Vic. Victoria

WA Western Australia

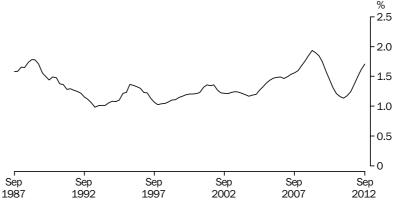
ANNUAL POPULATION CHANGE - YEAR ENDING 30 SEPTEMBER 2012

AUSTRALIA: POPULATION AND GROWTH

The preliminary estimated resident population (ERP) of Australia at 30 September 2012 was 22,785,500 people. This reflects an increase of 382,500 people since 30 September 2011 and 101,900 people since 30 June 2012.

The annual population growth rate for the year ended 30 September 2012 was 1.7%. This continues the trend of an increasing rate from a low of 1.1% for the year ending March 2011.

ANNUAL POPULATION GROWTH RATE(a), Australia



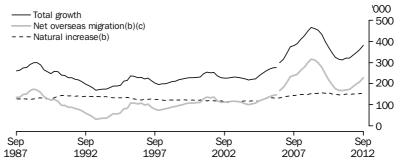
(a) Annual growth calculated at the end of each quarter.

COMPONENTS OF POPULATION CHANGE

The growth of Australia's population has two components: natural increase (the number of births minus the number of deaths) and net overseas migration (NOM).

The contribution to population growth for the year ended 30 September 2012 was higher for net overseas migration (60%) than for natural increase (40%). The contribution of NOM to population growth for the year ending September 2012 increased from 54% for the year ending 30 September 2011 whilst the contribution of natural increase to population growth decreased from 46% over the same period.

COMPONENTS OF ANNUAL POPULATION GROWTH(a), Australia



- (a) Annual components calculated over each quarter.
- (b) Estimates for September quarter 2010 onwards are preliminary.
- (c) NOM estimates have been calculated using a range of methods over the period, and include a break in series at September quarter 2006 see paragraphs 13–20 of the Explanatory Notes.

MAIN FEATURES COMMENTARY continued

Natural Increase

Natural increase for the year ended 30 September 2012 was 154,500 people, an increase of 4.0%, or 6000 people, when compared with natural increase for the year ended 30 September 2011 (148,500 people).

BIRTHS

The preliminary estimate of births for the year ended 30 September 2012 (303,600 births) was 2.7%, or 7,900 births, higher than the figure for the year ended 30 September 2011 (295,700 births).

DEATHS

The preliminary estimate of deaths for the year ended 30 September 2012 (149,100 deaths) was 1.3%, or 1,900 deaths, higher than the figure for the year ended 30 September 2011 (147,200 deaths).

Net Overseas Migration

For the year ended 30 September 2012, Australia's preliminary net overseas migration estimate was 228,000 people. This was 32.2% (55,500 people) higher than the net overseas migration estimated for the year ended 30 September 2011 (172,500 people).

NOM arrivals increased by 13.8% (59,100 people) between the years ended 30 September 2011 (429,000 people) and 30 September 2012 (488,100 people).

NOM departures increased by 1.4% (3,600 people) between the years ended 30 September 2011 (256,500 people) and 30 September 2012 (260,100 people).

The preliminary net overseas migration estimate for the September quarter 2012 (64,300 people) was 44.0% (19,700 people) higher than the estimate for the September quarter 2011 (44,700 people).

STATES AND
TERRITORIES:
POPULATION AND
GROWTH

The estimated resident population for each state and territory at 30 September 2012 was as follows:

- New South Wales 7.314.100:
- Victoria 5,649,100;
- Queensland 4,584,600;
- South Australia 1,658,100;
- Western Australia 2,451,400;
- Tasmania 512,200;
- Northern Territory 236,300; and
- Australian Capital Territory 376,500.

All states and territories recorded positive population growth in the year ended 30 September 2012. Western Australia continued to record the fastest growth rate of all states and territories with 3.4%. Tasmania recorded the slowest growth rate at 0.1%.

COMPONENTS OF POPULATION CHANGE

At the state and territory level, population growth has three components: natural increase, net overseas migration and net interstate migration.

Although all states and territories experienced positive population growth in the year ended 30 September 2012, the proportion that each of these components contributed to population growth varied between the states and territories.

MAIN FEATURES COMMENTARY continued

COMPONENTS OF
POPULATION CHANGE
continued

For the year ended 30 September 2012, natural increase was the major component of population change in the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory. Net overseas migration was the major component of population change in New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and Western Australia. A net interstate migration loss was the highest contributor to population change in Tasmania. Net interstate migration losses were also recorded in New South Wales, South Australia and the Northern Territory.

Natural Increase

Estimates of births and deaths are subject to fluctuations caused by lags or accumulations in the reporting of birth and death registrations (for more information see paragraphs 10–11 of the Explanatory Notes).

BIRTHS

The total number of births registered for the year ended 30 September 2012 increased in all states and territories except for Queensland and Tasmania which decreased 1.7% and 4.8% respectively. The largest percentage increase of registered births were recorded in the Australian Capital Territory at 6.2% (an increase of 320 births). This was followed by Victoria (5.8%), Western Australia (4.4%) and New South Wales (3.1%). For more information, see table 13.

DEATHS

The total number of deaths registered for the year ended 30 September 2012 increased for all states and territories, except for Victoria (-1.0%), when compared with the previous year. The largest increase was in New South Wales where there was an increase of 1,200 deaths between the year ended 30 September 2012 and the previous year (2.4%). For more information, see table 14.

Net Overseas Migration

All states and territories recorded both positive and increased net overseas migration (NOM) when compared to the previous year. Western Australia recorded the largest numerical increase of 15,900 people (45.9%) whilst Tasmania recorded the lowest at 400 people (36.5%). New South Wales recorded the smallest percentage increase at 20.3% (10,000 people) and the Northern Territory recorded the largest percentage increase at 289.1% (2,000 people). For more information, see table 16.

NOM ARRIVALS

When compared to the year ended 30 September 2011, all states and territories recorded increases in NOM arrivals. The largest percentage increase was recorded by the Northern Territory at 41.2% (1,900 people). New South Wales recorded the smallest percentage increase of 6.8% (9,600 people). For more information, see table 16.

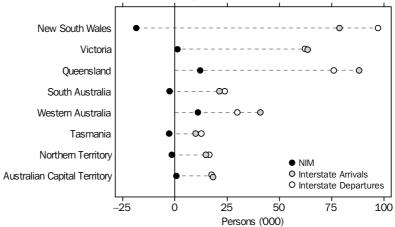
NOM DEPARTURES

When compared to the year ended 30 September 2011, increases in NOM departures were recorded for all states and territories except for New South Wales, Queensland and the Northern Territory. The Australian Capital Territory recorded the largest percentage increase in departures, up 12.1% (620 people). For more information, see table 16.

Net Interstate Migration

Queensland recorded the highest gains from net interstate migration (NIM) for the year ended 30 September 2012 (12,100 people), closely followed by Western Australia (11,100 people). Other states and territories which recorded net gains were Victoria (1,300 people) and the Australian Capital Territory (800 people). Net losses from interstate migration were recorded in New South Wales (18,400 people), Tasmania (2,700 people), South Australia (2,500 people) and the Northern Territory (1,500 people). For more information, see table 19.

INTERSTATE MIGRATION, Arrivals, Departures and Net—States and territories—Year ended 30 September 2012



COMPONENTS OF POPULATION CHANGE(a)

	COMPONE	NIS OF POPUL	ATION CHANG	aE(a)	POPULATION		
						Growth	Growth
			Matrice	Nat O	Estimated	on	on
	Births	Deaths	Natural Increase	Net Overseas Migration(b)	Resident Population(c)(d)	previous	previous
	DITUIS	Deatris	Increase	Migration(b)	Population(c)(u)	year(d)	year(d)
Period	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	%
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •
2006-07	277.7	136.0	141.7	232.8	21 015.9	318.1	1.54
2007-08	289.5	140.7	148.8	277.3	21 384.4	368.5	1.75
2008-09	297.1	143.7	153.3	299.9	21 778.8	394.4	1.84
2009-10	291.2	141.5	149.7	196.1	22 065.3	286.5	1.32
2010–11 (e)	296.8	146.3	150.5	170.3	22 323.9	258.6	1.17
2011–12 (e)	297.8	146.5	151.3	208.3	22 683.6	359.6	1.61
							1.47
2006 2007	268.5	134.5	134.0	182.2	20 845.4	301.4	
2007	285.3 294.1	139.8 142.5	145.5 151.6	244.1 315.7	21 178.0 21 587.1	332.5 409.1	1.60 1.93
2009	294.1	142.5	153.7	246.9	21 928.6	341.5	1.58
2010 (e)	289.5	143.4	146.0	168.8	22 182.8	254.1	1.16
2010 (e) 2011 (e)	296.7	147.0	149.7	184.0	22 485.3	302.6	1.36
	250.1	147.0	143.1	104.0	22 400.0	302.0	1.00
2006							
September	70.6	36.4	34.3	56.9	20 775.0	305.0	1.49
December	67.1	33.2	34.0	50.6	20 845.4	301.4	1.47
2007	70.4	04.0	00.0	70.4	00.040.4	200.0	4 40
March	70.4	31.6	38.8	76.1	20 946.1	308.3	1.49
June	69.5	34.8	34.7	49.2	21 015.9	318.1	1.54
September December	73.8	39.3	34.5	62.8	21 098.9	323.9	1.56
2008	71.5	34.1	37.5	56.0	21 178.0	332.5	1.60
March	72.8	32.2	40.6	93.5	21 297.6	351.5	1.68
June	71.3	35.1	36.2	65.1	21 384.4	368.5	1.75
September	75.5	40.5	35.0	84.1	21 488.8	389.9	1.85
December	74.5	34.6	39.9	73.0	21 587.1	409.1	1.93
2009		00	00.0	. 0.0	21 00.11		2.00
March	73.2	33.1	40.1	88.7	21 701.1	403.6	1.89
June	73.9	35.5	38.4	54.0	21 778.8	394.4	1.84
September	74.7	38.0	36.7	62.5	21 863.2	374.4	1.74
December	73.6	35.0	38.6	41.7	21 928.6	341.5	1.58
2010							
March	73.7	32.7	41.0	59.9	22 014.7	313.5	1.44
June	69.2	35.8	33.5	32.0	22 065.3	286.5	1.32
September(e)	76.0	39.7	36.4	42.5	22 128.6	265.4	1.21
December(e)	70.5	35.3	35.2	34.5	22 182.8	254.1	1.16
2011							
March(e)	76.1	35.9	40.2	57.8	22 265.2	250.6	1.14
June(e)	74.2	35.4	38.8	35.5	22 323.9	258.6	1.17
September(e)	74.9	40.6	34.4	44.7	22 403.0	274.4	1.24
December(e)	71.5	35.1	36.4	46.0	22 485.3	302.6	1.36
2012							
March(e)	74.8	34.7	40.1	71.0	22 596.5	331.2	1.49
June(e)	76.6	36.1	40.4	46.7	22 683.6	359.6	1.61
September(e)	80.7	43.1	37.5	64.3	22 785.5	382.5	1.71

POPULATION

⁽a) For further information on each component of population change, see the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) NOM estimates contain a break in series. Estimates for September 2006 onwards use an improved methodology and are not comparable with NOM estimate from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–21 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) Differences between growth on previous year and the sum of the components of population change prior to September quarter 2011 are due to intercensal error.

⁽d) ERP for the period September 2006 to June 2011 has a status of Preliminary Rebased, thereafter it is Preliminary.

⁽e) Estimates of all components of population change for September quarter 2010 onwards are preliminary.



${\tt POPULATION\ CHANGE,\ Components-States\ and\ territories}$

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (a)
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		NA ⁻	TURAL INC	REASE(b)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
2006–07	42 791	34 705	31 766	6 926	16 944	2 746	2 808	3 047	141 748
2007-08	44 656	34 922	35 449	7 366	18 021	2 503	2 856	2 960	148 756
2008-09	45 401	35 408	38 436	7 219	18 270	2 528	2 883	3 174	153 333
2009-10	46 311	34 260	35 119	7 352	18 263	2 004	2 884	3 518	149 723
2010-11	45 186	34 647	36 433	6 795	18 870	2 290	2 820	3 441	150 500
2011–12	43 526	38 067	33 693	7 629	19 805	2 126	2 993	3 439	151 304
2006	39 952	32 763	30 173	6 376	16 294	2 653	2 767	3 010	134 001
2007	43 641	35 158	33 939	7 309	17 194	2 391	2 863	3 028	145 541
2008	45 696	35 018	37 144	7 203	18 105	2 544	2 816	3 081	151 628
2009	46 027	36 152	37 005	7 269	18 533	2 465	2 964	3 265	153 693
2010	44 761	32 886	35 391	6 897	18 097	1 910	2 701	3 377	146 035
2011	43 483	34 878	35 791	7 220	19 535	2 365	2 976	3 411	149 679
2006									
September	10 212	8 477	7 479	1 616	4 250	735	649	840	34 260
December	10 262	8 622	7 351	1 555	4 019	788	671	692	33 965
2007									
March	11 841	9 405	8 733	2 146	4 510	652	758	745	38 792
June	10 476	8 201	8 203	1 609	4 165	571	730	770	34 731
September	9 934	8 592	8 301	1 565	4 143	556	665	773	34 534
December	11 390	8 960	8 702	1 989	4 376	612	710	740	37 484
2008									
March	12 555	9 282	9 396	2 115	5 028	712	738	739	40 574
June	10 777	8 088	9 050	1 697	4 474	623	743	708	36 164
September	10 042	8 510	8 463	1 637	4 241	521	719	814	34 951
December	12 322	9 138	10 235	1 754	4 362	688	616	820	39 939
2009									
March	12 047	8 934	10 125	1 983	4 849	652	742	724	40 059
June	10 990	8 826	9 613	1 845	4 818	667	806	816	38 384
September	11 048	8 737	8 581	1 704	4 464	583	708	872	36 700
December	11 942	9 655	8 686	1 737	4 402	563	708	853	38 550
2010 March	12 559	9 440	9 777	2 142	4 816	577	752	945	41 009
June	12 559	9 440 6 428	8 075	2 142 1 769	4 581	281	752 716	945 848	33 464
September	10 762	8 190	9 243	1 502	4 549	604	571	800	36 352
December	10 556	8 828	8 296	1 484	4 151	448	662	784	35 210
2011	10 000	0 020	3 230	1 404	4 101	440	002	104	33 210
March	12 239	9 139	9 451	1 969	5 237	668	680	796	40 181
June	11 507	8 490	9 443	1 840	4 933	570	907	1 061	38 757
September	9 064	8 529	8 207	1 770	4 748	584	730	718	34 355
December	10 673	8 720	8 690	1 641	4 617	543	659	836	36 386
2012									
March	11 992	10 478	8 040	2 152	5 232	585	700	938	40 122
June	11 797	10 340	8 756	2 066	5 208	414	904	947	40 441
September	10 587	10 007	8 437	1 465	4 933	404	749	948	37 542

⁽a) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Natural increase estimates for September quarter 2010 onwards are

preliminary on a quarter of registration basis – see paragraphs 7--11 of the Explanatory Notes.



${\tt POPULATION~CHANGE,~Components-States~and~territories~\it continued}$

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (a)
• • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	NET OVE	ERSEAS MI	GRATION (b)(c)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
2006-07	73 468	62 483	46 263	14 638	31 454	1 433	1 116	1 967	232 824
2007-08	87 226	73 482	54 052	15 324	41 184	1 871	1 646	2 545	277 332
2008-09	86 711	83 528	59 373	17 984	44 361	2 170	2 075	3 639	299 863
2009-10	57 081	53 633	35 971	14 550	28 826	1 663	1 219	3 110	196 056
2010-11	50 186	45 744	31 266	8 667	30 805	995	630	1 981	170 279
2011–12	53 729	49 696	40 472	11 274	47 147	1 250	2 004	2 772	208 336
2006	54 969	48 601	36 273	12 259	26 235	1 267	1 517	1 055	182 180
2007	76 835	66 357	47 760	13 894	34 456	1 511	1 390	1 860	244 067
2008	96 191	83 153	63 047	17 595	48 236	2 123	1 925	3 411	315 686
2009	70 120	72 000	47 472	17 170	32 845	1 936	1 675	3 669	246 899
2010	49 580	45 097	31 152	11 043	27 685	1 216	890	2 160	168 834
2011	51 407	46 238	33 550	8 967	39 306	1 137	967	2 407	183 976
2006									
September	18 898	14 847	10 823	3 687	7 687	387	229	380	56 940
December	16 975	13 040	9 181	3 439	7 253	394	24	314	50 940 50 618
2007	10 975	13 040	9 101	3 439	1 255	394	24	314	30 018
March	22 982	21 988	14 119	4 861	10 299	442	453	927	76 071
June	14 613	12 608	12 140	2 651	6 215	210	410	346	49 195
September	20 890	17 495	10 727	3 324	9 247	434	289	402	62 810
December	18 350	14 266	10 774	3 058	8 695	425	238	185	55 991
2008	10 330	14 200	10 114	3 030	8 093	423	230	103	33 331
March	29 296	24 891	18 074	5 220	13 448	751	480	1 301	93 462
June	18 690	16 830	14 477	3 722	9 794	261	639	657	65 069
September	24 994	22 749	15 918	4 732	13 756	596	482	898	84 124
December	23 211	18 683	14 578	3 921	11 238	515	324	555	73 031
2009	20 211	10 000	14 370	3 321	11 250	313	32 -	333	70 001
March	23 913	25 872	17 636	5 549	12 973	737	441	1 574	88 696
June	14 593	16 224	11 241	3 782	6 394	322	828	612	54 012
September	17 689	19 003	11 226	4 613	8 152	483	348	1 003	62 517
December	13 925	10 901	7 369	3 226	5 326	394	58	480	41 674
2010									
March	17 551	16 242	10 661	4 381	8 711	692	327	1 287	59 859
June	7 916	7 487	6 715	2 330	6 637	94	486	340	32 006
September	12 110	12 608	7 488	2 566	6 908	239	192	363	42 476
December	12 003	8 760	6 288	1 766	5 429	191	-115	170	34 493
2011									
March	17 578	15 492	9 995	2 702	10 340	520	136	1 067	57 834
June	8 495	8 884	7 495	1 633	8 128	45	417	381	35 476
September	11 320	10 901	8 230	2 426	10 786	226	253	553	44 695
December	14 014	10 961	7 830	2 206	10 052	346	161	406	45 971
2012									
March	18 144	17 672	13 519	4 165	14 794	509	783	1 436	71 020
June	10 251	10 162	10 893	2 477	11 515	169	807	377	46 650
September	17 023	15 201	13 120	2 752	14 252	316	938	746	64 349

⁽a) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) NOM estimates contain a break in series. Estimates for September quarter 2006 onwards use an improved methodology and are not comparable with NOM estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) NOM estimates for September quarter 2010 onwards are preliminary – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.



POPULATION CHANGE, Components—States and territories continued

NET INTERSTATE MIGRATION (b)	Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (a)
2007-08 -19 937 -2 736 23 088 -4 499 4 808 344 1 197 -2e5 2008-109 -19 831 698 18 388 -4 676 4 825 672 746 -822 2009-10 -10 940 2555 9 576 -2 964 1 962 322 -842 -699 2011-12 -13 218 3 759 7 150 -2 613 6 163 -47 -2 549 1 955 2006 -26 105 -1 012 25 959 -2 734 4 528 -680 -428 493 2007 -24 070 -3 373 25 669 -9 951 4 674 -176 885 352 2008 -2 2609 -13 814 1 801 13 519 -3 317 2 274 -50 186 -599 2011 -16 104 3 329 9 608 -2 325 8 460 -1300 -2 171 593 2011 -16 104	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	NET INT	ERSTATE I	MIGRATION	N (b)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
2008-09 -18 831 688 18 388 -4 676 4 825 672 7 46 -822 -999-10 -2010-11 -10 540 2 555 9 576 -2 964 1 962 322 -842 -69 2010-11 -13 218 3 759 7 150 -2 613 6 163 -47 -2 549 1 355 2011-12 -18 378 1 203 11 796 -2 2357 11 1085 -2 552 -1 492 695 2006 -26 105 -1 012 25 5659 -2 2734 4 528 -880 -428 493 2007 -2 4 070 -3 373 25 659 -3 9317 2 274 -50 186 -599 2008 -2 2690 -1 043 12 128 -5 195 6 265 733 691 11 <th< td=""><td>2006-07</td><td>-27 404</td><td>-2 418</td><td>27 044</td><td>-3 658</td><td>5 188</td><td>-926</td><td>253</td><td>1 921</td><td></td></th<>	2006-07	-27 404	-2 418	27 044	-3 658	5 188	-926	253	1 921	
2009-10	2007-08	-21 937	-2 736	23 088	-4 499	4 808	344	1 197	-265	
2011-12	2008–09	-19 831	698	18 388	-4 676	4 825	672	746	-822	
2011-12	2009–10	-10 540		9 576	-2 964	1 962	322	-842		
2006 -26 105 -1 012 25 959 -2 734 4 528 -680 -428 493 2007 -24 070 -3 373 25 659 -3 951 4 674 -176 885 352 2009 -13 814 1 801 13 519 -3 317 2 274 -50 186 -599 2010 -11 243 2 870 7 243 -3 163 3 944 544 -1 690 1495 2011 -16 104 3 329 9 608 -2 325 8 460 -1 390 -2 171 593 2006 September -5 772 -380 5 648 -563 1 038 -246 224 51 200 2007 March -6 336 -756 6 539 -1 105 1 447 -153 -4 368 200 March -5 336 -756 6 529 -1 105 1 447 -153 -4 368		-13 218	3 759	7 150	-2 613	6 163	-47	-2 549	1 355	
2007	2011–12	-18 378	1 203	11 796	-2 357	11 085	-2 552	-1 492	695	
2008	2006	-26 105	-1 012	25 959	-2 734	4 528	-680	-428	493	
2009	2007	-24 070	-3 373	25 659	-3 951	4 674	-176	885	352	
2010 -11 243 2 870 7 243 -3 163 3 944 544 -1 690 1 495 . 2011 -16 104 3 329 9 608 -2 325 8 460 -1 390 -2 171 593 . 2006 September -5 772 -380 5 648 -563 1 038 -246 224 51 . 2007 December -8 107 -528 8 295 -1 131 1 105 -226 -89 681 . 2007 March -6 336 -756 6 539 -1 105 1 447 -153 -4 368 . June -7 189 -754 6 562 -859 1 598 -301 122 821 . September -5 160 -338 5 615 -952 889 160 382 -596 . 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 221 222 221 222 221 </td <td>2008</td> <td>-22 690</td> <td>-1 043</td> <td>21 228</td> <td>-5 195</td> <td>6 265</td> <td>733</td> <td>691</td> <td>11</td> <td></td>	2008	-22 690	-1 043	21 228	-5 1 95	6 265	733	691	11	
2011 -16 104 3 329 9 608 -2 325 8 460 -1 390 -2 171 593 2006 September -5 772 -380 5 648 -563 1 038 -246 224 51 2007	2009	-13 814	1 801	13 519	-3 317	2 274	-50	186	-599	
September -5 772	2010	-11 243	2 870	7 243	-3 163	3 944	544	-1 690	1 495	
September -5 772 -380 5 648 -563 1 038 -246 224 51 2007 Complement -8 107 -528 8 295 -1 131 1 105 -226 -89 681 2007 March -6 336 -756 6 539 -1 105 1 447 -153 -4 368 June -7 189 -754 6 562 -859 1 598 -301 122 821 September -5 160 -338 5 615 -952 889 160 382 -596 December -5 186 -1 525 6 943 -1 035 740 118 385 -241 2008 March -5 626 -86 5 187 -1 422 1 710 96 -30 171 2008 March -5 626 -86 5 187 -1 422 1 710 96 -30 171	2011	-16 104	3 329	9 608	-2 325	8 460	-1 390	-2 171	593	
September December -5 772 -380 5 648 -563 1 038 -246 224 51 2007 December -8 107 -528 8 295 -1 131 1 105 -226 -89 681 2007 March -6 336 -756 6 539 -1 105 1 447 -153 -4 368 June -7 189 -754 6 562 -859 1 598 -301 122 821 September -5 160 -338 5 615 -952 889 160 382 -596 December -5 385 -1 525 6 943 -1 035 740 118 385 -241 2008 March -5 626 -86 5 187 -1 422 1 710 96 -30 171 September -5 766 -787 5 343 -1 090 1 460 269 256 -618	2006									
December -8 107 -528 8 295 -1 131 1 105 -226 -89 681		-5 772	-380	5 648	-563	1 038	-246	224	51	
March										
March -6 336 -756 6 539 -1 105 1 447 -153 -4 368 June -7 189 -754 6 562 -859 1 598 -301 122 821 September -5 160 -338 5 615 -952 889 160 382 -596 December -5 385 -1 525 6 943 -1035 740 118 385 -241 2008		0 10.	020	0 200	1 101	1 100	220	30	301	
June		-6 336	-756	6 539	-1 105	1 447	-153	-4	368	
September -5 160 -338 5 615 -952 889 160 382 -596 December -5 385 -1 525 6 943 -1 035 740 118 385 -241 2008 March -5 626 -86 5 187 -1 422 1 710 96 -30 171 June -5 766 -787 5 343 -1 090 1 469 -30 460 401 September -5 582 -46 5 270 -1 189 1 640 269 256 -618 December -5 716 -124 5 428 -1 494 1 446 398 5 5 7 2009 March -4 825 669 3 937 -1 215 1 310 164 111 -151 June -3 708 199 3 753 -778 429 -159 374 -110 Sept								122		
December -5 385					-952			382	-596	
March -5 626 -86 5 187 -1 422 1 710 96 -30 171 June -5 766 -787 5 343 -1 090 1 469 -30 460 401 September -5 582 -46 5 270 -1 189 1 640 269 256 -618 December -5 716 -124 5 428 -1 494 1 446 398 5 57 2009 March -4 825 669 3 937 -1 215 1 310 164 111 -151 June -3 708 199 3 753 -778 429 -159 374 -110 September -2 449 244 2 865 -465 181 9 33 -418 December -2 832 689 2 964 -859 354 -6 -329 13 1430 -910 772 371 <td>•</td> <td>-5 385</td> <td></td> <td>6 943</td> <td>-1 035</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-241</td> <td></td>	•	-5 385		6 943	-1 035				-241	
June -5 766 -787 5 343 -1 090 1 469 -30 460 401 September -5 582 -46 5 270 -1 189 1 640 269 256 -618 December -5 716 -124 5 428 -1 494 1 446 398 5 57 2009 March -4 825 669 3 937 -1 215 1 310 164 111 -151 June -3 708 199 3 753 -778 429 -159 374 -110 September -2 449 244 2 865 -465 181 9 33 -418 December -2 832 689 2 964 -859 354 -64 -332 80 2010 March -2 333 872 1 430 -910 772 371 -375 173 June -2 926 750 2 317 -730 655 6 -168 96 <	2008									
September -5 582 -46 5 270 -1 189 1 640 269 256 -618 December -5 716 -124 5 428 -1 494 1 446 398 5 57 2009 March -4 825 669 3 937 -1 215 1 310 164 111 -151 June -3 708 199 3 753 -778 429 -159 374 -110 September -2 449 244 2 865 -465 181 9 33 -418 December -2 832 689 2 964 -859 354 -64 -332 80 2010 March -2 333 872 1 430 -910 772 371 -375 173 June -2 926 750 2 317 -730 655 6 -168 96 <tr< td=""><td>March</td><td>-5 626</td><td>-86</td><td>5 187</td><td>-1 422</td><td>1 710</td><td>96</td><td>-30</td><td>171</td><td></td></tr<>	March	-5 626	-86	5 187	-1 422	1 710	96	-30	171	
December -5 716 -124 5 428 -1 494 1 446 398 5 57 2009 March -4 825 669 3 937 -1 215 1 310 164 111 -151 June -3 708 199 3 753 -778 429 -159 374 -110 September -2 449 244 2 865 -465 181 9 33 -418 December -2 832 689 2 964 -859 354 -64 -332 80 2010 .	June	-5 766	-787	5 343	-1 090	1 469	-30	460	401	
2009 March -4 825 669 3 937 -1 215 1 310 164 111 -151 June -3 708 199 3 753 -778 429 -159 374 -110 September -2 449 244 2 865 -465 181 9 33 -418 December -2 832 689 2 964 -859 354 -64 -332 80 2010 March -2 832 689 2 964 -859 354 -64 -332 80 2010 March -2 333 872 1 430 -910 772 371 -375 173 September -2 926 750 2 317 -730 655 6 -168 96 September -2 231 384 1 688 -808 1 202 49 -288 4 December -3 753 864 1 808 -715 1 315 118	September	-5 582	-46	5 270	-1 189	1 640	269	256	-618	
March -4 825 669 3 937 -1 215 1 310 164 111 -151 June -3 708 199 3 753 -778 429 -159 374 -110 September -2 449 244 2 865 -465 181 9 33 -418 December -2 832 689 2 964 -859 354 -64 -332 80 2010 March -2 333 872 1 430 -910 772 371 -375 173 June -2 926 750 2 317 -730 655 6 -168 96 September -2 231 384 1 688 -808 1 202 49 -288 4 December -3 753 864 1 808 -715 1 315 118 -859 1 222 2011 March -3 292 1 383 1 578 -400 1 824 1 -1078	December	-5 716	-124	5 428	-1 494	1 446	398	5	57	
June -3 708 199 3 753 -778 429 -159 374 -110 September -2 449 244 2 865 -465 181 9 33 -418 December -2 832 689 2 964 -859 354 -64 -332 80 2010 March -2 333 872 1 430 -910 772 371 -375 173 June -2 926 750 2 317 -730 655 6 -168 96 September -2 231 384 1 688 -808 1 202 49 -288 4 December -3 753 864 1 808 -715 1 315 118 -859 1 222 2011 March -3 292 1 383 1 578 -400 1 824 1 -1 078 -16 September -3 786 259 2 665 -663 2 002 -368 -157 <td>2009</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	2009									
September -2 449 244 2 865 -465 181 9 33 -418 December -2 832 689 2 964 -859 354 -64 -332 80 December -2 333 872 1 430 -910 772 371 -375 173 June -2 926 750 2 317 -730 655 6 -168 96 September -2 231 384 1 688 -808 1 202 49 -288 4 December -3 753 864 1 808 -715 1 315 118 -859 1 222 2011 March -3 292 1 383 1 578 -400 1 824 1 -1 078 -16 June -3 942 1 128 2 076 -690 1 822 -215 -324 145 September	March	-4 825	669	3 937	-1 215	1 310	164	111	-151	
December -2 832 689 2 964 -859 354 -64 -332 80 2010 March -2 333 872 1 430 -910 772 371 -375 173 June -2 926 750 2 317 -730 655 6 -168 96 September -2 231 384 1 688 -808 1 202 49 -288 4 December -3 753 864 1 808 -715 1 315 118 -859 1 222 2011 March -3 292 1 383 1 578 -400 1 824 1 -1 078 -16 June -3 942 1 128 2 076 -690 1 822 -215 -324 145 September -3 786 259 2 665 -663 2 002 -368 -157 48	June	-3 708	199	3 753	-778	429	-159	374	-110	
2010 March -2 333 872 1 430 -910 772 371 -375 173 June -2 926 750 2 317 -730 655 6 -168 96 September -2 231 384 1 688 -808 1 202 49 -288 4 December -3 753 864 1 808 -715 1 315 118 -859 1 222 2011 March -3 292 1 383 1 578 -400 1 824 1 -1 078 -16 June -3 942 1 128 2 076 -690 1 822 -215 -324 145 September -3 786 259 2 665 -663 2 002 -368 -157 48 December -5 084 559 3 289 -572 2 812 -808 -612 416 2012 March -4 958 472 3 153 -754	September	-2 449	244	2 865	-465	181	9	33	-418	
March -2 333 872 1 430 -910 772 371 -375 173		-2 832	689	2 964	-859	354	-64	-332	80	
June -2 926 750 2 317 -730 655 6 -168 96 September -2 231 384 1 688 -808 1 202 49 -288 4 December -3 753 864 1 808 -715 1 315 118 -859 1 222 2011 March -3 292 1 383 1 578 -400 1 824 1 -1 078 -16 June -3 942 1 128 2 076 -690 1 822 -215 -324 145 September -3 786 259 2 665 -663 2 002 -368 -157 48 December -5 084 559 3 289 -572 2 812 -808 -612 416 2012 March -4 958 472 3 153 -754 3 296 -663 -565 19 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>										
September -2 231 384 1 688 -808 1 202 49 -288 4 December -3 753 864 1 808 -715 1 315 118 -859 1 222 2011 March -3 292 1 383 1 578 -400 1 824 1 -1 078 -16 June -3 942 1 128 2 076 -690 1 822 -215 -324 145 September -3 786 259 2 665 -663 2 002 -368 -157 48 December -5 084 559 3 289 -572 2 812 -808 -612 416 2012 March -4 958 472 3 153 -754 3 296 -663 -565 19 June -4 550 -87 2 689 -368 2 975 -713 -158 212										
December -3 753 864 1 808 -715 1 315 118 -859 1 222 . 2011 March -3 292 1 383 1 578 -400 1 824 1 -1 078 -16 . June -3 942 1 128 2 076 -690 1 822 -215 -324 145 . September -3 786 259 2 665 -663 2 002 -368 -157 48 . December -5 084 559 3 289 -572 2 812 -808 -612 416 . 2012 March -4 958 472 3 153 -754 3 296 -663 -565 19 . June -4 550 -87 2 689 -368 2 975 -713 -158 212 .										
2011 March -3 292 1 383 1 578 -400 1 824 1 -1 078 -16 June -3 942 1 128 2 076 -690 1 822 -215 -324 145 September -3 786 259 2 665 -663 2 002 -368 -157 48 December -5 084 559 3 289 -572 2 812 -808 -612 416 2012 March -4 958 472 3 153 -754 3 296 -663 -565 19 June -4 550 -87 2 689 -368 2 975 -713 -158 212	•									
March -3 292 1 383 1 578 -400 1 824 1 -1 078 -16 June -3 942 1 128 2 076 -690 1 822 -215 -324 145 September -3 786 259 2 665 -663 2 002 -368 -157 48 December -5 084 559 3 289 -572 2 812 -808 -612 416 2012 March -4 958 472 3 153 -754 3 296 -663 -565 19 June -4 550 -87 2 689 -368 2 975 -713 -158 212		–3 753	864	1 808	-715	1 315	118	-859	1 222	
June -3 942 1 128 2 076 -690 1 822 -215 -324 145 September -3 786 259 2 665 -663 2 002 -368 -157 48 December -5 084 559 3 289 -572 2 812 -808 -612 416 2012 March -4 958 472 3 153 -754 3 296 -663 -565 19 June -4 550 -87 2 689 -368 2 975 -713 -158 212										
September -3 786 259 2 665 -663 2 002 -368 -157 48 December -5 084 559 3 289 -572 2 812 -808 -612 416 2012 March -4 958 472 3 153 -754 3 296 -663 -565 19 June -4 550 -87 2 689 -368 2 975 -713 -158 212										
December -5 084 559 3 289 -572 2 812 -808 -612 416 2012 March -4 958 472 3 153 -754 3 296 -663 -565 19 June -4 550 -87 2 689 -368 2 975 -713 -158 212										
2012 March	•									
March -4 958 472 3 153 -754 3 296 -663 -565 19 June -4 550 -87 2 689 -368 2 975 -713 -158 212		-5 084	559	3 289	-572	2 812	-808	-612	416	
June -4 550 -87 2 689 -368 2 975 -713 -158 212		4.050	470	2.452	754	2.000	000	505	40	
September -3 600 302 2 973 -847 2 008 -304 -174 108										
	September	-3 630	302	2913	-841	∠ 008	-504	-114	108	• •

⁽a) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Estimates of net interstate migration for September quarter 2006 onwards are preliminary – see paragraphs 22–26 of the Explanatory Notes.



${\tt POPULATION~CHANGE,~Components-States~and~territories~\it continued}$

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (a)
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	TOTAL PO	PULATION	GROWTH (b	o)(c)(d)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	
2006-07	69 117	78 067	86 181	14 671	54 460	3 617	4 394	7 448	318 056
2007-08	90 687	88 481	93 002	14 784	64 736	4 997	5 914	5 741	368 491
2008-09	93 816	102 049	95 335	17 032	68 082	5 529	5 906	6 498	394 418
2009-10	75 221	73 293	58 732	15 059	49 470	4 113	3 474	6 947	286 472
2010-11	66 540	66 096	49 940	8 798	56 086	2 988	1 016	6 999	258 616
2011–12	78 877	88 966	85 961	16 546	78 037	824	3 505	6 906	359 640
2006	62 218	76 750	86 393	15 499	47 903	3 486	4 049	4 962	301 351
2007	76 913	81 194	88 126	13 929	57 122	4 046	5 353	5 742	332 543
2008	100 342	99 744	101 205	16 144	73 283	5 620	5 630	7 010	409 126
2009	84 295	92 585	76 603	17 436	54 169	4 488	5 032	6 780	341 547
2010	66 484	63 252	50 375	10 816	50 063	3 607	2 058	7 342	254 144
2011	70 982	75 425	66 493	11 844	67 420	1 976	1 836	6 513	302 565
2006									
September	18 383	18 761	19 205	3 927	13 202	974	1 174	1 401	77 074
December	14 183	16 954	20 094	3 056	12 592	1 056	655	1 822	70 461
2007	14 103	10 954	20 034	3 030	12 332	1 050	055	1 022	70 401
March	23 586	26 470	24 697	5 090	16 469	1 024	1 251	2 170	100 729
June	12 965	15 882	22 185	2 598	12 197	563	1 314	2 055	69 792
September	20 831	21 447	19 725	3 080	14 465	1 230	1 405	712	82 948
December	19 531	17 395	21 519	3 161	13 991	1 229	1 383	805	79 074
2008	10 001	2. 000	21 010	0 101	10 001	1220	1 000	000	
March	31 437	29 799	27 786	5 062	20 362	1 622	1 232	2 333	119 636
June	18 888	19 840	23 972	3 481	15 918	916	1 894	1 891	86 833
September	24 816	26 815	24 414	4 304	19 795	1 440	1 514	1 231	104 383
December	25 201	23 290	25 033	3 297	17 208	1 642	990	1 555	98 274
2009									
March	26 539	31 089	26 503	5 451	19 282	1 586	1 340	2 260	114 060
June	17 260	20 855	19 385	3 980	11 797	861	2 062	1 452	77 701
September	21 870	23 686	17 174	4 880	12 894	1 116	1 150	1 567	84 398
December	18 626	16 955	13 541	3 125	10 196	925	480	1 501	65 388
2010									
March	23 381	22 278	16 405	4 651	14 404	1 659	751	2 488	86 042
June	11 344	10 374	11 612	2 403	11 976	413	1 093	1 391	50 644
September	16 852	16 666	12 181	2 245	12 715	837	504	1 234	63 299
December	14 907	13 934	10 177	1 517	10 968	698	-290	2 229	54 159
2011									
March	22 633	21 511	14 813	3 267	17 458	1 112	-236	1 884	82 470
June	12 148	13 985	12 769	1 769	14 945	341	1 038	1 652	58 688
September	16 598	19 689	19 102	3 533	17 536	442	826	1 319	79 050
December	19 603	20 240	19 809	3 275	17 481	81	208	1 658	82 357
2012									
March	25 178	28 622	24 712	5 563	23 322	431	918	2 393	111 142
June	17 498	20 415	22 338	4 175	19 698	-130	1 553	1 536	87 091
September	23 754	25 560	24 530	3 370	21 193	156	1 513	1 802	101 891

⁽a) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Differences between total growth and the sum of components of population change prior to September quarter 2011 are due to intercensal error.

⁽c) Estimates of total population growth for September quarter 2011 onwards are preliminary – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽d) Estimates for the period September 2006 to June 2011 have a status of Preliminary Rebased – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.



June

March

2011

2012 March

June

September December

September

December

September

0.15

0.15

0.15

0.17

0.16

0.13

0.15

0.17

0.16

0.15

New

POPULATION CHANGE, Components of total population growth rate(a)—States and territories

South South Western Northern Capital Territory Wales Victoria Queensland Australia Australia Tasmania Territory Australia(b) Period % NATURAL INCREASE RATE(c) 2006-07 0.63 0.68 0.78 0.44 0.82 0.56 1.33 0.91 0.68 2007-08 0.65 0.67 0.47 0.85 0.85 0.51 1.33 0.87 0.71 2008-09 0.65 0.67 0.90 0.45 0.84 0.51 1.30 0.91 0.72 2009-10 0.66 0.64 0.80 0.46 0.81 0.40 1.27 0.99 0.69 2010-11 0.63 0.63 0.82 0.42 0.82 0.45 1.22 0.95 0.68 2011-12 0.60 0.69 0.75 0.47 0.84 0.42 1.29 0.94 0.68 2006 0.59 0.64 0.75 0.41 0.80 0.54 1.33 0.91 0.65 2007 0.64 0.68 0.82 0.46 0.82 0.49 1.35 0.90 0.70 2008 0.45 0.85 0.66 0.67 0.88 0.51 1.29 0.90 0.72 2009 0.66 0.68 0.86 0.45 0.84 0.49 1.33 0.93 0.71 2010 0.63 0.60 0.81 0.43 0.80 0.38 1.18 0.95 0.67 2011 0.61 0.63 0.80 0.44 0.84 0.46 1.29 0.94 0.67 2006 September 0.15 0.17 0.18 0.10 0.21 0.15 0.31 0.25 0.17 December 0.10 0.32 0.21 0.15 0.17 0.18 0.19 0.16 0.16 2007 March 0.17 0.18 0.21 0.14 0.22 0.13 0.36 0.22 0.19 June 0.15 0.16 0.20 0.10 0.20 0.12 0.340.23 0.17 September 0.14 0.17 0.20 0.10 0.20 0.11 0.31 0.23 0.16 December 0.22 0.16 0.17 0.21 0.13 0.21 0.12 0.33 0.18 2008 March 0.18 0.18 0.22 0.13 0.23 0.14 0.34 0.22 0.19 June 0.15 0.15 0.21 0.11 0.21 0.13 0.34 0.20 0.17 0.23 September 0.14 0.16 0.20 0.10 0.19 0.10 0.33 0.16 December 0.20 0.28 0.24 0.19 0.18 0.17 0.24 0.11 0.14 2009 0.17 0.23 0.22 0.13 0.33 0.21 0.19 March 0.17 0.12 June 0.16 0.16 0.22 0.11 0.22 0.13 0.36 0.23 0.18 September 0.16 0.16 0.20 0.11 0.20 0.12 0.31 0.25 0.17 December 0.17 0.18 0.20 0.11 0.19 0.11 0.31 0.24 0.18 2010 0.26 0.18 0.17 0.22 0.13 0.21 0.11 0.33 0.19 March

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0.20

0.23

0.25

0.25

0.25

0.15

0.16

0.16

0.18

0.17

0.15

0.16

0.18

0.18

0.17

Australian

⁽a) Total population growth rate broken down into its three components.

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) Natural increase estimates for September quarter 2010 onwards are preliminary on a quarter of registration basis – see paragraphs 7–11 of the Explanatory Notes.



POPULATION CHANGE, Components of total population growth rate(a)—States and territories *continued*

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (b)
Period	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
			NET OV	ERSEAS MI	GRATION R	ATE(c)(d)			
2006–07	1.08	1.22	1.13	0.93	1.53	0.29	0.53	0.59	1.12
2007-08	1.27	1.41	1.29	0.97	1.95	0.38	0.77	0.75	1.32
2008-09	1.24	1.58	1.39	1.13	2.04	0.44	0.94	1.05	1.40
2009-10	0.81	0.99	0.82	0.90	1.28	0.33	0.54	0.88	0.90
2010-11	0.70	0.84	0.71	0.53	1.34	0.20	0.27	0.55	0.77
2011–12	0.75	0.90	0.90	0.69	2.00	0.24	0.87	0.75	0.93
2006	0.81	0.96	0.90	0.79	1.29	0.26	0.73	0.32	0.89
2007	1.12	1.29	1.16	0.88	1.65	0.31	0.65	0.55	1.17
2008	1.39	1.59	1.49	1.11	2.25	0.43	0.88	0.99	1.49
2009	1.00	1.35	1.10	1.07	1.48	0.39	0.75	1.05	1.14
2010	0.70	0.83	0.71	0.68	1.22	0.24	0.39	0.61	0.77
2011	0.72	0.84	0.75	0.55	1.69	0.22	0.42	0.66	0.83
2006									
September	0.28	0.29	0.26	0.24	0.37	0.08	0.11	0.11	0.28
December	0.25	0.25	0.22	0.22	0.35	0.08	0.01	0.09	0.24
2007									
March	0.34	0.43	0.34	0.31	0.49	0.09	0.21	0.27	0.36
June	0.21	0.24	0.29	0.17	0.30	0.04	0.19	0.10	0.23
September	0.30	0.34	0.26	0.21	0.44	0.09	0.13	0.12	0.30
December	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.19	0.41	0.09	0.11	0.05	0.27
2008	0.40	0.47	0.42	0.22	0.62	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.44
March June	0.42 0.27	0.47	0.43	0.33	0.63	0.15	0.22 0.29	0.38	0.44 0.31
	0.27	0.32 0.43	0.34 0.37	0.23 0.30	0.45 0.63	0.05 0.12	0.29	0.19 0.26	0.31
September December	0.33	0.45	0.34	0.24	0.63	0.12	0.15	0.26	0.34
2009	0.33	0.33	0.34	0.24	0.51	0.10	0.15	0.10	0.54
March	0.34	0.48	0.41	0.35	0.59	0.15	0.20	0.45	0.41
June	0.21	0.30	0.26	0.23	0.29	0.06	0.37	0.17	0.25
September	0.25	0.35	0.26	0.29	0.36	0.10	0.15	0.28	0.29
December	0.20	0.20	0.17	0.20	0.24	0.08	0.03	0.14	0.19
2010									
March	0.25	0.30	0.24	0.27	0.38	0.14	0.14	0.36	0.27
June	0.11	0.14	0.15	0.14	0.29	0.02	0.21	0.09	0.15
September	0.17	0.23	0.17	0.16	0.30	0.05	0.08	0.10	0.19
December	0.17	0.16	0.14	0.11	0.24	0.04	-0.05	0.05	0.16
2011									
March	0.24	0.28	0.22	0.17	0.45	0.10	0.06	0.29	0.26
June	0.12	0.16	0.17	0.10	0.35	0.01	0.18	0.10	0.16
September	0.16	0.20	0.18	0.15	0.46	0.04	0.11	0.15	0.20
December	0.19	0.20	0.17	0.13	0.42	0.07	0.07	0.11	0.21
2012	0.05	0.00	0.20	0.05	0.00	0.40	0.24	0.00	0.00
March	0.25	0.32	0.30	0.25	0.62	0.10	0.34	0.39	0.32
June	0.14	0.18	0.24	0.15	0.48	0.03	0.35	0.10	0.21
September	0.23	0.27	0.29	0.17	0.59	0.06	0.40	0.20	0.28

⁽a) Total population growth rate broken down into its three components.

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) NOM estimates contain a break in series. Estimates for December quarter 2006 onwards use an improved methodology and are not comparable with NOM estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽d) NOM estimates for September quarter 2010 onwards are preliminary – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.



New

POPULATION CHANGE, Components of total population growth rate(a)—States and territories continued

South South Western Northern Capital Wales Victoria Queensland Australia Australia Tasmania Territory Territory Australia(b) Period % % % NET INTERSTATE MIGRATION(c) 2006-07 -0.40-0.050.66 -0.230.25 -0.190.12 0.57 2007-08 -0.32-0.050.55 -0.280.23 0.07 -0.08. . 2008-09 -0.280.01 0.43 -0.290.22 0.13 0.34 -0.24. . 2009-10 -0.150.05 0.22 -0.180.09 0.06 -0.37-0.02. . 2010-11 -0.180.07 -0.160.27 -0.010.38 0.16 -1.11. . 2011-12 -0.250.02 0.26 -0.140.47 -0.50-0.640.19 2006 -0.38-0.02 0.64 -0.18 0.22 -0.14-0.210.15 2007 -0.35-0.070.62 -0.250.22 -0.04 0.42 0.10 . . 2008 -0.33 -0.33-0.020.50 0.29 0.15 0.32 . . 2009 -0.20 0.03 0.31 -0.21 0.10 -0.01 0.08 -0.17 . . 2010 -0.16 0.05 0.16 -0.19 -0.740.42 0.17 0.11 . . 2011 -0.220.06 0.22 -0.140.36 -0.27-0.940.16 2006 September -0.08 -0.01 0.14 -0.040.05 -0.050.11 0.02 December -0.01 -0.070.05 -0.05 0.20 -0.120.20 -0.042007 March -0.09-0.010.16 -0.070.07 -0.03 0.11 . . -0.10June -0.010.16 -0.050.08 -0.060.06 0.24 September -0.07-0.01 0.13 -0.060.04 0.03 0.18 -0.17 . . December -0.03 -0.080.17 -0.070.03 0.02 0.18 -0.072008 March -0.08 0.12 -0.09 0.08 0.02 -0.01 0.05 . . June -0.08-0.01 0.13 -0.070.07 -0.01 0.21 0.12 . . September -0.080.12 -0.070.08 0.05 0.12 -0.18. . December -0.08-0.090.07 0.08 0.02 0.13 2009 -0.07 0.01 0.09 -0.08 0.06 0.03 0.05 -0.04 March . . June -0.050.09 -0.050.02 -0.03 0.17 -0.03

September

September

December

September

December

September

December

March June

March

March

June

2010

2011

2012

-0.03

-0.04

-0.03

-0.04

-0.03

-0.05

-0.05

-0.05

-0.05

-0.07

-0.07

-0.06

-0.05

0.01

0.02

0.01

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-0.05

-0.06

-0.04

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-0.04

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-0.05

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-0.16

-0.13

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-0.07

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not applicable

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

Total population growth rate broken down into its three components.

Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) Estimates of net interstate migration for September quarter 2006 onwards are preliminary – see paragraphs 22–26 of the Explanatory Notes.



${\tt POPULATION~CHANGE,~Components~of~total~population~growth~rate(a)-States~and}\\$ territories continued

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (b)
Period	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
			TOTAL PO	PULATION	GROWTH R	ATE(c)(d)(e)			
2006–07	1.01	1.52	2.11	0.94	2.64	0.74	2.09	2.23	1.54
2007-08	1.32	1.70	2.23	0.93	3.06	1.01	2.75	1.68	1.75
2008-09	1.34	1.93	2.23	1.07	3.13	1.11	2.67	1.87	1.84
2009-10	1.06	1.36	1.35	0.93	2.20	0.82	1.53	1.96	1.32
2010-11	0.93	1.21	1.13	0.54	2.44	0.59	0.44	1.94	1.17
2011-12	1.09	1.61	1.92	1.01	3.32	0.16	1.52	1.88	1.61
2006	0.92	1.51	2.14	0.99	2.35	0.71	1.94	1.49	1.47
2007	1.12	1.57	2.13	0.88	2.74	0.82	2.52	1.70	1.60
2008	1.45	1.90	2.40	1.02	3.42	1.13	2.58	2.04	1.93
2009	1.20	1.73	1.77	1.09	2.44	0.89	2.25	1.94	1.58
2010	0.94	1.16	1.15	0.67	2.21	0.71	0.90	2.06	1.16
2011	0.99	1.37	1.50	0.73	2.91	0.39	0.80	1.79	1.36
2006									
September	0.27	0.37	0.47	0.25	0.64	0.20	0.56	0.42	0.37
December	0.21	0.33	0.49	0.19	0.61	0.22	0.31	0.54	0.34
2007									
March	0.34	0.51	0.60	0.32	0.79	0.21	0.59	0.64	0.48
June	0.19	0.31	0.53	0.16	0.58	0.11	0.61	0.61	0.33
September	0.30	0.41	0.47	0.19	0.68	0.25	0.65	0.21	0.39
December	0.28	0.33	0.51	0.20	0.66	0.25	0.64	0.24	0.37
2008									
March	0.45	0.57	0.66	0.32	0.95	0.33	0.57	0.68	0.56
June	0.27	0.38	0.56	0.22	0.74	0.18	0.86	0.55	0.41
September	0.36	0.51	0.57	0.27	0.91	0.29	0.69	0.35	0.49
December	0.36	0.44	0.58	0.21	0.78	0.33	0.45	0.45	0.46
2009									
March	0.38	0.58	0.61	0.34	0.87	0.32	0.60	0.65	0.53
June	0.24	0.39	0.45	0.25	0.53	0.17	0.92	0.41	0.36
September	0.31	0.44	0.39	0.30	0.57	0.22	0.51	0.44	0.39
December	0.26	0.31	0.31	0.19	0.45	0.18	0.21	0.42	0.30
2010	0.22	0.44	0.27	0.29	0.62	0.22	0.33	0.70	0.39
March June	0.33 0.16	0.41 0.19	0.37 0.26	0.29	0.63 0.52	0.33 0.08	0.33	0.70 0.39	0.39
September	0.16	0.19	0.28	0.13	0.52	0.16	0.48	0.39	0.29
December	0.24	0.25	0.23	0.09	0.48	0.14	-0.13	0.62	0.24
2011	0.21	0.25	0.23	0.03	0.40	0.14	-0.13	0.02	0.24
March	0.32	0.39	0.33	0.20	0.75	0.22	-0.10	0.52	0.37
June	0.32	0.25	0.29	0.11	0.64	0.07	0.45	0.45	0.26
September	0.23	0.36	0.43	0.22	0.75	0.09	0.36	0.36	0.35
December	0.27	0.36	0.44	0.20	0.74	0.02	0.09	0.45	0.37
2012									
March	0.35	0.51	0.55	0.34	0.98	0.08	0.40	0.65	0.49
June	0.24	0.36	0.49	0.25	0.82	-0.03	0.67	0.41	0.39
September	0.33	0.45	0.54	0.20	0.87	0.03	0.64	0.48	0.45

⁽a) Total population growth rate broken down into its three components.
(b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.
(c) Differences between total population growth and the sum of the components of population change prior to September quarter 2011 are

(d) Estimates for the period September 2006 to June 2011 have a status of Preliminary Rebased – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory notes.
(e) Estimates of total population growth for September quarter 2011 onwards are preliminary – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes. due to intercensal error.



ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION, States and territories

	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Capital Territory	Australia (a)
At end of period	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	MALE (b)		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2006–07	3 411 511	2 575 717	2 084 699	781 318	1 065 589	243 757	111 733	169 052	10 444 803
2007–08	3 459 180	2 620 714	2 131 421	788 783	1 098 270	246 773	115 342	172 084	10 634 132
2008-09	3 507 845	2 672 785	2 179 391	797 868	1 132 500	249 919	118 757	175 679	10 836 468
2009–10	3 544 547	2 706 418	2 206 851	805 709	1 156 497	252 351	120 798	179 125	10 974 176
2010-11	3 578 168	2 736 772	2 230 275	810 379	1 183 336	254 420	121 483	182 740	11 099 615
2011–12 (c)	3 616 630	2 780 433	2 273 083	818 896	1 225 038	255 064	123 253	186 350	11 280 804
2006	3 391 829	2 553 423	2 060 727	777 498	1 051 265	242 743	110 357	166 878	10 356 112
2007	3 432 909	2 595 317	2 104 367	784 227	1 079 616	245 304	113 438	169 749	10 526 442
2008	3 485 675	2 646 407	2 156 603	792 789	1 116 834	248 467	116 704	173 611	10 738 751
2009	3 527 517	2 691 818	2 193 877	802 219	1 143 328	251 023	119 647	177 131	10 908 373
2010	3 560 514	2 720 271	2 217 046	807 640	1 167 527	253 371	121 081	180 884	11 030 307
2011 (c)	3 596 073	2 755 990	2 249 403	813 869	1 201 686	254 734	121 914	184 281	11 180 000
2006									
September	3 384 978	2 544 961	2 050 976	776 029	1 045 198	242 131	110 027	166 031	10 321 675
December	3 391 829	2 553 423	2 060 727	777 498	1 051 265	242 743	110 357	166 878	10 356 112
2007									
March	3 404 294	2 567 476	2 073 036	780 053	1 059 570	243 369	110 993	167 991	10 408 177
June	3 411 511	2 575 717	2 084 699	781 318	1 065 589	243 757	111 733	169 052	10 444 803
September	3 422 898	2 586 857	2 093 817	782 815	1 072 797	244 541	112 547	169 420	10 487 161
December	3 432 909	2 595 317	2 104 367	784 227	1 079 616	245 304	113 438	169 749	10 526 442
2008									
March	3 449 425	2 610 786	2 118 549	786 834	1 090 064	246 235	114 118	171 102	10 588 643
June	3 459 180	2 620 714	2 131 421	788 783	1 098 270	246 773	115 342	172 084	10 634 132
September	3 472 470	2 634 848	2 143 837	791 157	1 108 337	247 566	116 154	172 798	10 688 780
December	3 485 675	2 646 407	2 156 603	792 789	1 116 834	248 467	116 704	173 611	10 738 751
2009									
March	3 499 265	2 662 078	2 169 944	795 724	1 126 544	249 349	117 485	174 847	10 796 916
June	3 507 845	2 672 785	2 179 391	797 868	1 132 500	249 919	118 757	175 679	10 836 468
September	3 518 696	2 684 362	2 187 486	800 550	1 138 635	250 567	119 372	176 430	10 877 873
December	3 527 517	2 691 818	2 193 877	802 219	1 143 328	251 023	119 647	177 131	10 908 373
2010	0.500.440	0.700.4.40	0.004.404	004 440	4 450 000	050 000	100.001	470.000	40 040 700
March	3 539 149	2 702 142	2 201 421	804 413	1 150 396	252 002	120 091	178 309	10 949 766
June	3 544 547	2 706 418	2 206 851	805 709	1 156 497	252 351	120 798	179 125	10 974 176
September	3 553 021	2 714 098	2 212 615	806 935	1 162 476	252 869	121 097	179 863	11 004 913
December	3 560 514	2 720 271	2 217 046	807 640	1 167 527	253 371	121 081	180 884	11 030 307
2011	2 574 700	0.720.000	2 222 002	000 207	1 176 044	054.000	100.004	101 014	11 070 007
March	3 571 789	2 730 268	2 223 992	809 327	1 176 044	254 089	120 801	181 911	11 070 227
June	3 578 168	2 736 772	2 230 275	810 379	1 183 336	254 420	121 483	182 740	11 099 615
September(c)	3 586 378	2 746 445	2 239 957	812 292	1 192 609	254 630	121 837	183 420	11 139 615
December(c) 2012	3 596 073	2 755 990	2 249 403	813 869	1 201 686	254 734	121 914	184 281	11 180 000
March(c)	3 608 115	2 770 259	2 261 921	816 650	1 214 436	255 006	122 333	185 469	11 236 241
June(c)	3 616 630	2 780 433	2 273 083	818 896	1 225 038	255 000	122 333	186 350	11 280 804
September(c)	3 628 553	2 793 330	2 285 309	820 740	1 236 308	255 064	123 233	187 329	11 332 884
ocpterriber(t)	5 020 555	2 193 330	2 200 309	020 140	1 230 308	200 109	124 000	101 323	11 332 384

⁽a) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Estimates for the period September 2006 to June 2011 have a status of Preliminary Rebased – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

 $[\]hbox{(c)} \quad \hbox{Estimates for September quarter 2011 onwards are preliminary} - \hbox{see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes}.$



ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION, States and territories continued

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia(a)
At end of period	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
				FEMALE(b)				
2006–07	3 473 693	2 628 890	2 092 390	801 241	1 048 252	249 811	103 288	172 515	10 571 133
2007-08	3 516 711	2 672 374	2 138 670	808 560	1 080 307	251 792	105 593	175 224	10 750 295
2008-09	3 561 862	2 722 352	2 186 035	816 507	1 114 159	254 175	108 084	178 127	10 942 377
2009–10	3 600 381	2 762 012	2 217 307	823 725	1 139 632	255 856	109 517	181 628	11 091 141
2010-11	3 633 300	2 797 754	2 243 823	827 853	1 168 879	256 775	109 848	185 012	11 224 318
2011–12 (c)	3 673 715	2 843 059	2 286 976	835 882	1 205 214	256 955	111 583	188 308	11 402 769
2006	3 456 824	2 608 832	2 069 480	797 373	1 033 910	249 238	102 099	170 464	10 489 303
2007	3 492 657	2 648 132	2 113 966	804 573	1 062 681	250 723	104 371	173 335	10 651 516
2008	3 540 233	2 696 786	2 162 935	812 155	1 098 746	253 180	106 735	176 483	10 848 333
2009	3 582 686	2 743 960	2 202 264	820 161	1 126 421	255 112	108 824	179 743	11 020 258
2010	3 616 173	2 778 759	2 229 470	825 556	1 152 285	256 371	109 448	183 332	11 152 468
2011 (c)	3 651 596	2 818 465	2 263 606	831 171	1 185 546	256 984	110 451	186 448	11 305 340
2006									
September	3 449 492	2 600 340	2 059 137	795 786	1 027 385	248 794	101 774	169 489	10 453 279
December	3 456 824	2 608 832	2 069 480	797 373	1 033 910	249 238	102 099	170 464	10 489 303
2007									
March	3 467 945	2 621 249	2 081 868	799 908	1 042 074	249 636	102 714	171 521	10 537 967
June	3 473 693	2 628 890	2 092 390	801 241	1 048 252	249 811	103 288	172 515	10 571 133
September	3 483 137	2 639 197	2 102 997	802 824	1 055 509	250 257	103 879	172 859	10 611 723
December	3 492 657	2 648 132	2 113 966	804 573	1 062 681	250 723	104 371	173 335	10 651 516
2008									
March	3 507 578	2 662 462	2 127 570	807 028	1 072 595	251 414	104 923	174 315	10 708 951
June	3 516 711	2 672 374	2 138 670	808 560	1 080 307	251 792	105 593	175 224	10 750 295
September	3 528 237	2 685 055	2 150 668	810 490	1 090 035	252 439	106 295	175 741	10 800 030
December	3 540 233	2 696 786	2 162 935	812 155	1 098 746	253 180	106 735	176 483	10 848 333
2009									
March	3 553 182	2 712 204	2 176 097	814 671	1 108 318	253 884	107 294	177 507	10 904 228
June	3 561 862	2 722 352	2 186 035	816 507	1 114 159	254 175	108 084	178 127	10 942 377
September	3 572 881	2 734 461	2 195 114	818 705	1 120 918	254 643	108 619	178 943	10 985 370
December	3 582 686	2 743 960	2 202 264	820 161	1 126 421	255 112	108 824	179 743	11 020 258
2010									
March	3 594 435	2 755 914	2 211 125	822 618	1 133 757	255 792	109 131	181 053	11 064 907
June	3 600 381	2 762 012	2 217 307	823 725	1 139 632	255 856	109 517	181 628	11 091 141
September	3 608 759	2 770 998	2 223 724	824 744	1 146 368	256 175	109 722	182 124	11 123 703
December	3 616 173	2 778 759	2 229 470	825 556	1 152 285	256 371	109 448	183 332	11 152 468
2011									
March	3 627 531	2 790 273	2 237 337	827 136	1 161 226	256 765	109 492	184 189	11 195 018
June	3 633 300	2 797 754	2 243 823	827 853	1 168 879	256 775	109 848	185 012	11 224 318
September(c)	3 641 688	2 807 770	2 253 243	829 473	1 177 142	257 007	110 320	185 651	11 263 368
December(c)	3 651 596	2 818 465	2 263 606	831 171	1 185 546	256 984	110 451	186 448	11 305 340
2012	0.004.700	0.000.040	0.075.000	000.050	4 400 440	057.440	110.050	407.050	44 000 011
March(c)	3 664 732	2 832 818	2 275 800	833 953	1 196 118	257 143	110 950	187 653	11 360 241
June(c)	3 673 715	2 843 059	2 286 976	835 882	1 205 214	256 955	111 583	188 308	11 402 769
September(c)	3 685 546	2 855 722	2 299 280	837 408	1 215 137	257 006	112 269	189 131	11 452 580

⁽a) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Estimates for the period September 2006 to June 2011 have a status of Preliminary Rebased – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) Estimates for September quarter 2011 onwards are preliminary – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.



ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION, States and territories continued

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (a)
At end of period	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
				PERSONS	(b)				
2006-07	6 885 204	5 204 607	4 177 089	1 582 559	2 113 841	493 568	215 021	341 567	21 015 936
2007-08	6 975 891	5 293 088	4 270 091	1 597 343	2 178 577	498 565	220 935	347 308	21 384 427
2008-09	7 069 707	5 395 137	4 365 426	1 614 375	2 246 659	504 094	226 841	353 806	21 778 845
2009–10	7 144 928	5 468 430	4 424 158	1 629 434	2 296 129	508 207	230 315	360 753	22 065 317
2010–11	7 211 468	5 534 526	4 474 098	1 638 232	2 352 215	511 195	231 331	367 752	22 323 933
2011–12 (c)	7 290 345	5 623 492	4 560 059	1 654 778	2 430 252	512 019	234 836	374 658	22 683 573
2006	6 848 653	5 162 255	4 130 207	1 574 871	2 085 175	491 981	212 456	337 342	20 845 415
2007	6 925 566	5 243 449	4 218 333	1 588 800	2 142 297	496 027	217 809	343 084	21 177 958
2008	7 025 908	5 343 193	4 319 538	1 604 944	2 215 580	501 647	223 439	350 094	21 587 084
2009	7 110 203	5 435 778	4 396 141	1 622 380	2 269 749	506 135	228 471	356 874	21 928 631
2010	7 176 687	5 499 030	4 446 516	1 633 196	2 319 812	509 742	230 529	364 216	22 182 775 22 485 340
2011 (c)	7 247 669	5 574 455	4 513 009	1 645 040	2 387 232	511 718	232 365	370 729	22 465 340
2006	0.004.470	E 44E 004	4 4 4 0 4 4 0	4 574 045	0.070.500	400.005	044.004	005 500	00 774 074
September	6 834 470	5 145 301	4 110 113	1 571 815	2 072 583	490 925	211 801	335 520	20 774 954
December 2007	6 848 653	5 162 255	4 130 207	1 574 871	2 085 175	491 981	212 456	337 342	20 845 415
March	6 872 239	5 188 725	4 154 904	1 579 961	2 101 644	493 005	213 707	339 512	20 946 144
June	6 885 204	5 204 607	4 177 089	1 582 559	2 113 841	493 568	215 021	341 567	21 015 936
September	6 906 035	5 226 054	4 196 814	1 585 639	2 128 306	494 798	216 426	342 279	21 098 884
December	6 925 566	5 243 449	4 218 333	1 588 800	2 142 297	496 027	217 809	343 084	21 177 958
2008									
March	6 957 003	5 273 248	4 246 119	1 593 862	2 162 659	497 649	219 041	345 417	21 297 594
June	6 975 891	5 293 088	4 270 091	1 597 343	2 178 577	498 565	220 935	347 308	21 384 427
September	7 000 707	5 319 903	4 294 505	1 601 647	2 198 372	500 005	222 449	348 539	21 488 810
December	7 025 908	5 343 193	4 319 538	1 604 944	2 215 580	501 647	223 439	350 094	21 587 084
2009									
March	7 052 447	5 374 282	4 346 041	1 610 395	2 234 862	503 233	224 779	352 354	21 701 144
June	7 069 707	5 395 137	4 365 426	1 614 375	2 246 659	504 094	226 841	353 806	21 778 845
September	7 091 577	5 418 823	4 382 600	1 619 255	2 259 553	505 210	227 991	355 373	21 863 243
December 2010	7 110 203	5 435 778	4 396 141	1 622 380	2 269 749	506 135	228 471	356 874	21 928 631
2010 March	7 133 584	5 458 056	4 412 546	1 627 031	2 284 153	507 794	229 222	359 362	22 014 673
June	7 144 928	5 468 430	4 424 158	1 629 434	2 296 129	508 207	230 315	360 753	22 065 317
September	7 161 780	5 485 096	4 436 339	1 631 679	2 308 844	509 044	230 819	361 987	22 128 616
December	7 176 687	5 499 030	4 446 516	1 633 196	2 319 812	509 742	230 529	364 216	22 182 775
2011									
March	7 199 320	5 520 541	4 461 329	1 636 463	2 337 270	510 854	230 293	366 100	22 265 245
June	7 211 468	5 534 526	4 474 098	1 638 232	2 352 215	511 195	231 331	367 752	22 323 933
September(c)	7 228 066	5 554 215	4 493 200	1 641 765	2 369 751	511 637	232 157	369 071	22 402 983
December(c)	7 247 669	5 574 455	4 513 009	1 645 040	2 387 232	511 718	232 365	370 729	22 485 340
2012	7.070.045	F 000 075	4 505 50 :	4 050 000	0.446.551	E40 110	000 000	070 100	00 500 10-
March(c)	7 272 847	5 603 077	4 537 721	1 650 603	2 410 554	512 149	233 283	373 122	22 596 482
June(c)	7 290 345	5 623 492	4 560 059	1 654 778	2 430 252	512 019	234 836	374 658	22 683 573
September(c)	7 314 099	5 649 052	4 584 589	1 658 148	2 451 445	512 175	236 349	376 460	22 785 464

⁽a) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Estimates for the period September 2006 to June 2011 have a status of Preliminary Rebased – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

 $[\]hbox{(c)} \quad \hbox{Estimates for September quarter 2011 onwards are preliminary} - \hbox{see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes}.$



ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION(a)(b)(c), Major population regions — at 30 June

					CHANGE		AVERAGE ANI GROWTH RAT	
		2006(d)	2010(e)	2011(e)	2006–2011	2010–2011	2006–2011	2010–2011
ASGS	Population region	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%	%
• • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
	G	REATER C	APITAL C	ITY STATIS	STICAL AREAS			
1GSYD	Greater Sydney	4 282 061	4 550 200	4 605 992	323 931	55 792	1.47	1.23
2GMEL	Greater Melbourne	3 798 988	4 108 441	4 169 103	370 115	60 662	1.88	1.48
3GBRI	Greater Brisbane			2 146 577	231 701	33 552	2.31	1.59
4GADE	Greater Adelaide		1 253 778	1 262 940	63 335	9 162	1.03	0.73
5GPER	Greater Perth	1 590 007	1 785 076	1 832 114	242 107	47 038	2.88	2.64
6GH0B	Greater Hobart	206 593	214 627	216 276	9 683	1 649	0.92	0.77
7GDAR	Greater Darwin	114 362	128 128	129 062	14 700	934	2.45	0.73
8ACTE	Australian Capital Territory	334 119	360 753	367 752	33 633	6 999	1.94	1.94
		SIG	NIFICANT	URBAN A	AREAS			
3006	Gold Coast - Tweed Heads (QLD/NSW)	527 340	574 183	579 909	52 569	5 726	1.92	1.00
1023	Newcastle - Maitland (NSW)	399 712	410 825	413 962	14 250	3 137	0.70	0.76
8001	Canberra - Queanbeyan (ACT/NSW)	369 453	397 411	404 559	35 106	7 148	1.83	1.80
1035	Wollongong (NSW)	270 997	279 642	280 705	9 708	1 063	0.71	0.38
3014	Sunshine Coast (QLD)	260 687	278 210	279 870	19 183	1 660	1.43	0.60
2008	Geelong (VIC)	170 634	175 682	177 023	6 389	1 341	0.74	0.76
3016	Townsville (QLD)	153 113	165 407	167 847	14 734	2 440	1.85	1.48
3003 3015	Cairns (QLD)	125 681	138 404	139 693	14 012	1 289	2.14	0.93
2003	Toowoomba (QLD)	108 354 86 689	109 212 91 956	108 933 93 293	579 6 604	–279 1 337	0.11 1.48	-0.26 1.45
2003	Ballarat (VIC) Bendigo (VIC)	82 483	86 328	93 293 87 219	4 736	891	1.12	1.43
6004	Launceston (TAS)	81 968	85 427	86 008	4 040	581	0.97	0.68
1001	Albury - Wodonga (NSW/VIC)	81 602	83 652	84 233	2 631	581	0.64	0.69
3010	Mackay (QLD)	73 931	78 402	79 434	5 503	1 032	1.45	1.32
3013	Rockhampton (QLD)	73 437	75 599	75 866	2 429	267	0.65	0.35
3002	Bundaberg (QLD)	66 337	69 139	69 016	2 679	-123	0.79	-0.18
5003	Bunbury (WA)	58 694	66 053	67 421	8 727	1 368	2.81	2.07
1011	Coffs Harbour (NSW)	63 529	66 162	66 615	3 086	453	0.95	0.68
1034	Wagga Wagga (NSW)	52 117	53 802	53 905	1 788	103	0.68	0.19
3008	Hervey Bay (QLD)	44 258	49 476	49 710	5 452	234	2.35	0.47
2013	Mildura - Wentworth (VIC)	47 800	48 474	48 466	666	-8	0.28	-0.02
2017	Shepparton - Mooroopna (VIC)	45 102	47 312	47 549	2 447	237	1.06	0.50
1027	Port Macquarie (NSW)	40 604	42 767	43 153	2 549	386	1.23	0.90
3005	Gladstone - Tannum Sands (QLD)	40 169	42 283	43 117	2 948	834	1.43	1.97
2019	Traralgon - Morwell (VIC)	38 566	40 105	40 415	1 849	310	0.94	0.77
1031	Tamworth (NSW)	38 474	39 879	40 263	1 789	384	0.91	0.96
1025	Orange (NSW)	35 556	37 168	37 849	2 293	681	1.26	1.83
5006	Geraldton (WA)	34 175	36 670	37 114	2 939	444	1.66	1.21
1006	Bowral - Mittagong (NSW)	35 118	36 068	36 183	1 065	115	0.60	0.32
1012	Dubbo (NSW)	34 273	35 328	35 519	1 246	191	0.72	0.54
1024	Nowra - Bomaderry (NSW)	32 577	34 186	34 605	2 028	419	1.22	1.23
1005	Bathurst (NSW)	31 753	33 469	33 737	1 984	268	1.22	0.80
2022	Warrnambool (VIC)	31 971	32 806	32 947	976	141	0.60	0.43
5007	Kalgoorlie - Boulder (WA)	30 141	31 624	31 880	1 739	256	1.13	0.81
5001	Albany (WA)	30 492	31 479	31 538	1 046	59	0.68	0.19

⁽a) Estimates are based on the Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) boundaries.

⁽b) Based on data published in *Regional Population Growth, Australia, 2011* (cat. no. 3218.0).

⁽c) For more information on Greater Capital City Statistical Areas and Significant Urban Areas, see Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS): Volume 1 – Main Structure and Greater Capital City Statistical Areas, July 2011 (cat. no. 1270.0.55.001) and Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS): Volume 4 – Significant Urban Areas, Urban Centres and Localities, Section of State, July 2011 (cat. no. 1270.0.55.004).

⁽d) Estimates are final and based on the 2006 Census.

⁽e) Estimates are preliminary rebased and based on the 2011 Census.



ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION, Age groups(a)—States and territories—at 30 June 2012

Age group (years)	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (b)
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • •	MALE	s	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
0–4	243 727	184 448	159 048	50 790	82 998	16 521	9 720	12 937	760 271
5–9	232 220	172 808	153 166	48 774	77 702	15 944	9 013	11 424	721 135
10–14	227 163	168 393	151 054	49 687	76 514	16 660	8 604	10 638	708 804
15–19	237 757	181 781	156 160	53 779	80 411	17 615	8 643	12 418	748 674
20–24	254 856	209 871	165 296	59 012	93 856	16 390	10 500	17 186	827 157
25–29	262 874	218 400	167 934	58 238	103 131	15 246	11 629	17 088	854 925
30–34	254 224	202 626	154 878	52 543	91 014	14 185	10 241	15 189	795 158
35–39	248 090	193 993	155 643	52 248	86 154	14 970	9 352	13 849	774 443
40–44	252 377	201 359	163 196	58 017	91 664	17 277	9 301	13 540	806 875
45–49	242 912	186 908	153 314	56 866	85 305	17 112	8 334	12 155	763 031
50–54	244 579	183 080	150 711	57 256	81 522	18 795	7 979	11 957	755 992
55–59	218 524	162 664	133 256	51 609	71 642	17 456	6 816	10 181	672 254
60–64	199 048	146 256	124 004	48 046	63 639	16 749	5 555	9 075	612 489
65–69	168 653	122 585	103 307	40 353	49 801	14 155	3 583	6 937	509 422
70–74	121 303	90 076	72 128	28 882	35 089	10 195	2 103	4 606	364 420
75–79	90 293	67 078	49 456	22 162	24 559	7 008	1 022	3 151	264 739
80–84	66 394	49 389	34 381	16 852	17 162	4 994	603	2 250	192 032
85–89	36 792	27 498	18 435	9 792	9 198	2 706	192	1 274	105 888
90–94 95–99	12 441 2 184	9 354 1 687	6 428	3 344 578	3 022 578	908 161	54	417	35 970 6 454
100 and over	219	179	1 185 103	68	77	17	np np	np np	671
All ages	3 616 630	2 780 433	2 273 083	818 896	1 225 038	255 064	123 253	186 350	11 280 804
All ages	3 010 030	2 760 433	2 273 063	010 030	1 223 038	255 004	123 233	100 330	11 280 804
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
				FEMAL	ES				
0–4	231 350	175 017	150 837	48 536	79 288	15 266	9 073	12 066	721 498
5–9	218 611	163 937	144 600	46 602	74 765	14 809	8 484	10 770	682 656
10–14	214 881	160 043	143 682	47 553	73 615	15 605	8 020	10 342	673 832
15–19	224 954	173 792	149 288	51 376	76 498	16 219	7 596	11 732	711 514
20–24	246 267	202 286	162 741	55 977	87 528	15 440	8 621	16 334	795 267
25–29	261 464	214 652	165 016	55 914	93 714	14 910	10 598	16 578	832 921
30–34	254 959	202 621	154 896	51 714	86 195	14 686	9 597	15 079	789 819
35–39	251 648	197 067	157 713	52 019	83 606	15 450	8 798	13 770	780 149
40–44 45–40	259 696	208 944	166 923	58 026	89 028	17 865	8 739	13 744	823 065
45–49	247 394	192 859	156 430	57 099	83 338	17 702	7 677	12 609	775 193
50–54	249 682	188 890	154 155	58 479	80 976	19 119	7 351	12 514	771 260
55–59	223 457	169 136	135 291	53 552	72 231	17 834	6 146	10 734	688 466
60–64	202 838	154 088	123 847	50 343	63 630	16 585	4 493	9 637	625 514
65–69 70–74	170 455 128 446	127 446 96 672	102 461 72 918	42 437 31 708	49 139 36 735	13 874 10 251	2 770 1 669	7 295 4 998	515 907 383 413
75–79	104 255	78 776	54 981	25 921	28 470	8 067	912	3 795	305 190
80–84	87 329	65 529	44 273	22 490	22 709	6 432	603	2 976	252 348
85–89 90–94	60 844	45 492	29 659	16 498	14 973	4 358	298	2 217	174 340
90–94 95–99	27 237 6 996	19 993 5 044	13 368 3 409	7 483 1 899	6 756 1 780	1 928 483	116	873	77 756 19 853
100 and over	952	775	3 409 488	256	240	463 72	np np	np np	2 808
All ages	3 673 715	2 843 059	2 286 976	835 882	1 205 214	256 955	111 583	188 308	11 402 769

np not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated

⁽a) Estimated resident population figures at 30 June 2012 are preliminary – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.



ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION, Age groups(a)—States and territories—at 30 June 2012 continued

Australian New South South Western Northern Capital Age group Wales Victoria Oueensland Australia Australia Tasmania Territory Territory Australia(b) (years) PERSONS 0 - 4475 077 359 465 309 885 99 326 162 286 31 787 18 793 25 003 1 481 769 5-9 450 831 336 745 297 766 95 376 152 467 30 753 17 497 22 194 1 403 791 10-14 442 044 328 436 294 736 97 240 150 129 16 624 20 980 1 382 636 32 265 15-19 105 155 1 460 188 462 711 355 573 305 448 156 909 33 834 16 239 24 150 20-24 501 123 412 157 328 037 114 989 181 384 31 830 19 121 33 520 1 622 424 25-29 524 338 433 052 332 950 114 152 196 845 30 156 22 227 33 666 1 687 846 30-34 509 183 405 247 309 774 104 257 177 209 28 871 19 838 30 268 1 584 977 35-39 169 760 499 738 391 060 313 356 104 267 30 420 18 150 27 619 1 554 592 40-44 512 073 410 303 330 119 116 043 180 692 35 142 18 040 27 284 1 629 940 45-49 490 306 379 767 309 744 113 965 168 643 34 814 16 011 24 764 1 538 224 50-54 494 261 371 970 304 866 115 735 162 498 37 914 15 330 24 471 1 527 252 55-59 441 981 331 800 268 547 105 161 143 873 35 290 12 962 20 915 1 360 720 60-64 300 344 247 851 401 886 98 389 127 269 33 334 10 048 18 712 1 238 003 65-69 250 031 205 768 82 790 14 232 1 025 329 339 108 98 940 28 029 6.353 70-74 249 749 186 748 145 046 60 590 71 824 9 604 747 833 20 446 3 772 75-79 53 029 194 548 145 854 104 437 48 083 15 075 1 934 6 946 569 929 80-84 153 723 114 918 78 654 39 342 39 871 11 426 1 206 5 226 444 380 85-89 26 290 97 636 72 990 48 094 24 171 7 064 490 3 491 280 228 90-94 39 678 29 347 19 796 10 827 9 778 2 836 170 1 290 113 726 95-99 6 731 4 594 2 477 26 307 9 180 2 358 644 np np 100 and over 1 171 954 591 324 317 89 3 479 np np 7 290 345 5 623 492 4 560 059 1 654 778 2 430 252 All ages 512 019 234 836 374 658 **22 683 573**

np not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated

⁽a) Estimated resident population figures at 30 June 2012 are preliminary – see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.



${\tt ESTIMATED} \ \ {\tt RESIDENT} \ \ {\tt POPULATION}, \ \ {\tt Age} \ \ {\tt groups-Australia} (a) -- {\tt at} \ \ {\tt 30} \ \ {\tt June}$

	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL POPULATION									
Age group	2008(b)	2009(b)	2010(b)	2011(b)	2012(c)	2008(b)	2009(b)	2010(b)	2011(b)	2012(c)
(years)	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%	%	%	%	%
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
				M	ALES					
0–4	705 904	727 453	739 890	748 101	760 271	3.30	3.34	3.35	3.35	3.35
5–9	686 599	689 611	694 048	704 447	721 135	3.21	3.17	3.15	3.16	3.18
10–14	715 275	714 549	710 668	708 887	708 804	3.34	3.28	3.22	3.18	3.12
15–19	750 658	756 292	752 183	746 817	748 674	3.51	3.47	3.41	3.35	3.30
20–24	789 463	817 621	825 743	823 241	827 157	3.69	3.75	3.74	3.69	3.65
25–29	766 611	806 027	828 785	840 165	854 925	3.58	3.70	3.76	3.76	3.77
30–34	734 076	743 043	752 332	768 866	795 158	3.43	3.41	3.41	3.44	3.51
35–39	792 074	797 990	795 306	782 289	774 443	3.70	3.66	3.60	3.50	3.41
40–44	750 279	753 410	762 180	782 809	806 875	3.51	3.46	3.45	3.51	3.56
45–49	768 000	776 460	776 963	769 849	763 031	3.59	3.57	3.52	3.45	3.36
50–54	696 249	710 100	723 362	739 179	755 992	3.26	3.26	3.28	3.31	3.33
55–59	636 310	642 249	648 937	659 220	672 254	2.98	2.95	2.94	2.95	2.96
60–64	564 174	583 812	601 376	615 406	612 489	2.64	2.68	2.73	2.76	2.70
65–69	411 464	429 882	450 375	473 457	509 422	1.92	1.97	2.04	2.12	2.25
70–74	318 326	327 914	339 282	349 421	364 420	1.49	1.51	1.54	1.57	1.61
75–79	253 592	254 224	254 959	258 072	264 739	1.19	1.17	1.16	1.16	1.17
80–84	177 322	181 941	187 051	190 455	192 032	0.83	0.84	0.85	0.85	0.85
85–89	86 271	91 351	95 813	100 828	105 888	0.40	0.42	0.43	0.45	0.47
90–94	26 012	26 790	28 914	31 697	35 970	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.16
95–99	4 949	5 221	5 477	5 855	6 454	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03
100 and over	524	528	532	554	671	_	_	_	_	_
All ages	10 634 132	10 836 468	10 974 176	11 099 615	11 280 804	49.73	49.76	49.73	49.72	49.73
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		44150	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •
				FEN	1ALES					
0–4	668 787	689 472	701 789	709 470	721 498	3.13	3.17	3.18	3.18	3.18
5–9	653 527	655 358	658 163	667 918	682 656	3.06	3.01	2.98	2.99	3.01
10-14	677 939	677 847	675 250	673 650	673 832	3.17	3.11	3.06	3.02	2.97
15-19	710 066	715 678	713 949	709 562	711 514	3.32	3.29	3.24	3.18	3.14
20–24	749 808	771 075	781 502	787 707	795 267	3.51	3.54	3.54	3.53	3.51
25-29	747 454	781 299	804 317	816 659	832 921	3.50	3.59	3.65	3.66	3.67
30-34	736 497	742 937	751 648	766 629	789 819	3.44	3.41	3.41	3.43	3.48
35–39	805 964	811 803	808 938	791 837	780 149	3.77	3.73	3.67	3.55	3.44
40–44	761 024	766 285	776 949	799 582	823 065	3.56	3.52	3.52	3.58	3.63
45–49	781 829	789 648	789 785	781 750	775 193	3.66	3.63	3.58	3.50	3.42
50-54	708 445	723 231	737 674	754 695	771 260	3.31	3.32	3.34	3.38	3.40
55-59	644 738	654 207	663 538	674 063	688 466	3.01	3.00	3.01	3.02	3.04
60-64	562 526	584 211	605 574	624 596	625 514	2.63	2.68	2.74	2.80	2.76
65–69	418 451	436 356	456 833	478 952	515 907	1.96	2.00	2.07	2.15	2.27
70–74	342 530	352 161	361 571	369 829	383 413	1.60	1.62	1.64	1.66	1.69
75–79	297 714	296 860	297 302	299 699	305 190	1.39	1.36	1.35	1.34	1.35
80-84	246 404	249 041	251 569	253 347	252 348	1.15	1.14	1.14	1.13	1.11
85-89	153 878	161 043	166 890	171 233	174 340	0.72	0.74	0.76	0.77	0.77
90–94	63 746	64 197	67 255	71 735	77 756	0.30	0.29	0.30	0.32	0.34
95–99	16 750	17 426	18 270	18 910	19 853	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.09
100 and over	2 218	2 242	2 375	2 495	2 808	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
All ages	10 750 295	10 942 377	11 091 141	11 224 318	11 402 769	50.27	50.24	50.27	50.28	50.27

nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

⁽a) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Estimated resident population figures are preliminary rebased.

⁽c) Estimated resident population figures for 30 June 2011 onwards are preliminary — see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.



${\tt ESTIMATED} \ \ {\tt RESIDENT} \ \ {\tt POPULATION}, \ \ {\tt Age} \ \ {\tt groups-Australia} (a) -- {\tt at} \ \ {\tt 30} \ \ {\tt June} \ \ {\tt continued}$

			PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL POPULATION							
	••••••	•••••••	••••••	•••••••	••••••	***************************************	•••••	••••••	••••••	••••••
	2008(b)	2009(b)	2010(b)	2011(b)	2012(c)	2008(b)	2009(b)	2010(b)	2011(b)	2012(c)
Age group										
(years)	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	%	%	%	%	%
				PER	SONS					
0–4	1 374 691	1 416 925	1 441 679	1 457 571	1 481 769	6.43	6.51	6.53	6.53	6.53
5–9	1 340 126	1 344 969	1 352 211	1 372 365	1 403 791	6.27	6.18	6.13	6.15	6.19
10–14	1 393 214	1 392 396	1 385 918	1 382 537	1 382 636	6.52	6.39	6.28	6.19	6.10
15–19	1 460 724	1 471 970	1 466 132	1 456 379	1 460 188	6.83	6.76	6.64	6.52	6.44
20–24	1 539 271	1 588 696	1 607 245	1 610 948	1 622 424	7.20	7.29	7.28	7.22	7.15
25-29	1 514 065	1 587 326	1 633 102	1 656 824	1 687 846	7.08	7.29	7.40	7.42	7.44
30-34	1 470 573	1 485 980	1 503 980	1 535 495	1 584 977	6.88	6.82	6.82	6.88	6.99
35–39	1 598 038	1 609 793	1 604 244	1 574 126	1 554 592	7.47	7.39	7.27	7.05	6.85
40-44	1 511 303	1 519 695	1 539 129	1 582 391	1 629 940	7.07	6.98	6.98	7.09	7.19
45–49	1 549 829	1 566 108	1 566 748	1 551 599	1 538 224	7.25	7.19	7.10	6.95	6.78
50-54	1 404 694	1 433 331	1 461 036	1 493 874	1 527 252	6.57	6.58	6.62	6.69	6.73
55-59	1 281 048	1 296 456	1 312 475	1 333 283	1 360 720	5.99	5.95	5.95	5.97	6.00
60-64	1 126 700	1 168 023	1 206 950	1 240 002	1 238 003	5.27	5.36	5.47	5.55	5.46
65–69	829 915	866 238	907 208	952 409	1 025 329	3.88	3.98	4.11	4.27	4.52
70–74	660 856	680 075	700 853	719 250	747 833	3.09	3.12	3.18	3.22	3.30
75–79	551 306	551 084	552 261	557 771	569 929	2.58	2.53	2.50	2.50	2.51
80-84	423 726	430 982	438 620	443 802	444 380	1.98	1.98	1.99	1.99	1.96
85–89	240 149	252 394	262 703	272 061	280 228	1.12	1.16	1.19	1.22	1.24
90-94	89 758	90 987	96 169	103 432	113 726	0.42	0.42	0.44	0.46	0.50
95–99	21 699	22 647	23 747	24 765	26 307	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.12
100 and over	2 742	2 770	2 907	3 049	3 479	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
All ages	21 384 427	21 778 845	22 065 317	22 323 933	22 683 573	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

⁽b) Estimated resident population figures are preliminary rebased.

⁽a) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes. (c) Estimated resident population figures for 30 June 2011 onwards are preliminary — see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.



ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION AND PROPORTION, STATES AND TERRITORIES

	Population	Proportion(a)
	no.	%
•••••	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
Australia-at 30 September 2012(b)		
New South Wales	7 314 099	32.1
Victoria	5 649 052	24.8
Queensland	4 584 589	20.1
South Australia	1 658 148	7.3
Western Australia	2 451 445	10.8
Tasmania	512 175	2.2
Northern Territory	236 349	1.0
Australian Capital Territory	376 460	1.7
Other territories		
Jervis Bay Territory	395	0.0
Territory of Christmas Island	2 181	0.0
Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands	571	0.0
Total Other Territories	3 174	0.0
Total Australia	22 785 464	100.0
Australian External Territories-at 30 June 2012(c)		
Territory of Ashmore and Cartier Islands	0	
Coral Sea Islands Territory	4	
Australian Antarctic Territory(d)	55	
Territory of Heard and McDonald Islands	0	
Total Australian External Territories	59	

^{..} not applicable

- (a) Proportion of the population of total Australia.
- (b) Estimated resident population at 30 September 2012 is preliminary see paragraph 7 of the Explanatory Notes.
- (c) Population estimates for the Australian External Territories are updated annually at 30 June and are not subject to a revision process unless a more recent estimate is required for electoral apportionment purposes – see paragraph 3 of the Explanatory Notes.
- (d) Includes only the population administered by the Australian Antarctic Territory.



PROJECTED RESIDENT POPULATION(a), States and territories

	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Austrtalia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (b)
At 30 June	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
June	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
• • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	0.00		0.50150	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
			CAP	ITAL CITIES	- SERIES	A(c)			
2007	4 334.0	3 805.8	1 857.0	1 158.0	1 554.1	207.4	117.4	na	
2011	4 541.8	4 079.6	2 047.1	1 205.5	1 718.6	218.7	131.2	na	
2021	5 150.2	4 852.7	2 604.5	1 338.4	2 196.4	250.1	168.7	na	
2031	5 831.6	5 701.0	3 221.1	1 483.7	2 720.6	283.3	210.6	na	
2041	6 527.3	6 573.1	3 872.9	1 626.3	3 269.2	315.7	256.0	na	
2051	7 262.8	7 492.6	4 580.6	1 772.8	3 856.7	349.6	307.1	na	
	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
			TOTAL S	TATE/TERRI	TORY - SER	IES A(c)			
2007	6 888.0	5 204.8	4 181.4	1 584.2	2 106.1	493.4	214.9	339.8	21 015.0
2011	7 215.4	5 529.0	4 618.2	1 651.9	2 317.7	514.7	236.3	361.8	22 447.4
2021	8 163.2	6 419.9	5 878.6	1 841.0	2 925.7	574.3	296.3	427.5	26 529.2
2031	9 193.6	7 380.9	7 242.2	2 043.2	3 584.9	635.2	364.0	497.8	30 944.7
2041	10 209.9	8 341.7	8 652.5	2 239.4	4 268.5	691.9	439.1	568.5	35 414.4
2051	11 251.3	9 336.7	10 145.1	2 438.3	4 994.1	749.1	525.4	643.6	40 086.6
	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
			CAP	ITAL CITIES	- SERIES I	B(d)			
2007	4 334.0	3 805.8	1 857.0	1 158.0	1 554.1	207.4	117.4	na	
2011	4 553.1	4 062.3	2 023.2	1 206.1	1 698.4	216.1	128.4	na	
2021	5 133.0	4 712.5	2 459.1	1 326.2	2 075.9	236.3	152.8	na	
2031	5 710.9	5 355.2	2 902.0	1 438.8	2 456.7	253.2	177.7	na	
2041	6 237.1	5 950.9	3 333.8	1 531.4	2 822.6	265.4	202.7	na	
2051	6 733.8	6 515.9	3 764.4	1 612.7	3 181.3	275.2	229.2	na	
	• • • • • • • •								
			TOTAL S	TATE/TERRI	TORY - SER	IES B(d)			
2007	6 888.0	5 204.8	4 181.4	1 584.2	2 106.1	493.4	214.9	339.8	21 015.0
2011	7 201.6	5 515.8	4 562.2	1 649.4	2 292.0	508.7	230.7	356.2	22 319.1
2021	8 004.7	6 285.4	5 546.5	1 808.9	2 764.6	540.0	266.7	397.2	25 616.5
2031	8 760.8	7 020.8	6 519.1	1 953.1	3 230.7	561.3	303.4	434.5	28 786.5
2041	9 394.2	7 667.0	7 434.2	2 066.1	3 668.5	569.6	340.8	466.0	31 609.3
2051	9 947.2	8 256.6	8 311.1	2 160.3	4 088.4	571.2	380.6	495.0	34 213.2
	• • • • • • • •								
			CAP	ITAL CITIES	- SERIES	C(e)			
2007	4 334.0	3 805.8	1 857.0	1 158.0	1 554.1	207.4	117.4	na	
2011	4 559.0	4 047.8	1 997.5	1 210.9	1 681.8	214.1	125.1	na	
2021	5 100.9	4 601.3	2 315.0	1 334.9	1 973.1	224.8	137.2	na	
2031	5 603.0	5 109.4	2 611.3	1 444.1	2 245.9	230.3	147.4	na	
2041	6 035.4	5 553.1	2 881.4	1 529.7	2 492.8	230.3	156.5	na	
2051	6 402.5	5 933.7	3 125.1	1 595.5	2 714.3	226.7	165.0	na	
	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • •						
			TOTAL S	TATE/TERRI	TORY - SER	IES C(e)			
2007	6 888.0	5 204.8	4 181.4	1 584.2	2 106.1	493.4	214.9	339.8	21 015.0
2011	7 181.4	5 506.0	4 510.0	1 647.3	2 265.2	502.6	225.1	349.6	22 189.6
2021	7 844.1	6 186.1	5 250.0	1 783.9	2 612.1	508.3	238.2	367.1	24 792.4
2031	8 403.3	6 787.5	5 923.6	1 894.3	2 924.0	499.5	247.8	377.0	27 059.9
2041	8 816.2	7 280.5	6 511.2	1 968.8	3 192.1	476.5	255.3	379.4	28 882.8
2051	9 100.8	7 676.0	7 012.3	2 014.2	3 418.0	444.2	261.5	376.7	30 306.6
• • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •

^{..} not applicable

na not available

⁽a) Uses preliminary ERP at 30 June 2007 as the base population – see paragraphs 35–40 of the Explanatory Notes. For further information see Population Projections, Australia, 2006 to 2101 (cat. no. 3222.0).

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) Series A assumes high levels of fertility, life expectancy, overseas migration and interstate migration flows.

⁽d) Series B assumes medium levels of fertility, life expectancy, overseas migration and interstate migration flows.

⁽e) Series C assumes low levels of fertility, life expectancy, overseas migration and interstate migration flows.



ESTIMATED AND PROJECTED RESIDENT ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER POPULATION(a)(b), States and territories

At 30 June	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (c)
• • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
				ESTIMATE	S – MAL	ES			
1996	59 266	13 023	55 658	11 040	28 728	7 287	25 617	1 658	202 372
2000	66 161	14 460	62 189	12 213	31 773	8 067	27 866	1 881	224 714
2001	67 895	14 835	63 879	12 470	32 530	8 277	28 563	1 923	230 478
2002 2003	69 540 71 109	15 229	65 477	12 746	33 227	8 471	29 204 29 847	1 957	235 959
2003	72 783	15 568 15 896	67 079 68 693	13 020 13 270	33 869 34 456	8 650 8 821	30 422	2 004 2 045	241 255 246 497
2004	74 468	16 240	70 362	13 532	35 116	8 995	30 953	2 045	251 874
2006	76 229	16 581	71 950	13 790	35 775	9 204	31 514	2 147	257 309
			• • • • • • • • •						
			I	ESTIMATES	6 - FEMA	LES			
1996	59 990	13 280	56 500	11 519	28 088	7 332	26 522	1 592	204 914
2000	66 728	14 827	63 013	12 649	31 002	8 094	28 811	1 793	227 019
2001	68 359	15 170	64 697	12 935	31 747	8 272	29 473	1 851	232 608
2002	69 992	15 501	66 364	13 205	32 479	8 443	30 121	1 908	238 119
2003	71 581	15 850	67 993	13 487	33 178	8 606	30 747	1 965	243 514
2004	73 192	16 186	69 540	13 748	33 831	8 777	31 330	2 025	248 738
2005 2006	74 764 76 456	16 557 16 936	71 252 72 935	14 007 14 265	34 467 35 191	8 972 9 211	31 895 32 491	2 084 2 135	254 107 259 734
2000	70 450	10 930	12 933	14 205	33 131	9 211	32 491	2 133	259 754
• • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •			DEDC		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
			t	ESTIMATES	- PERS	JNS			
1996	119 256	26 303	112 158	22 559	56 816	14 619	52 139	3 250	407 286
2000	132 889	29 287	125 202	24 862	62 775	16 161	56 677	3 674	451 733
2001	136 254	30 005	128 576	25 405	64 277	16 549	58 036	3 774	463 086
2002	139 532	30 730	131 841	25 951	65 706	16 914	59 325	3 865	474 078
2003 2004	142 690	31 418	135 072	26 507	67 047	17 256	60 594	3 969	484 769
2004	145 975 149 232	32 082 32 797	138 233 141 614	27 018 27 539	68 287 69 583	17 598 17 967	61 752 62 848	4 070 4 179	495 235 505 981
2005	152 685	33 517	144 885	28 055	70 966	18 415	64 005	4 282	517 043
••••	• • • • • • • • •	•••••	PROJECT	IONS, SEI	RIES A -	PERSONS (d)	• • • • • • • •	
2007	155 665	34 284	148 648	28 613	72 228	18 809	65 144	4 386	528 014
2008	158 738	35 078	152 502	29 186	73 528	19 217	66 290	4 491	539 271
2009	161 910	35 894	156 454	29 775	74 859	19 641	67 441	4 599	550 818
2010	165 190	36 734	160 514	30 382	76 218	20 086	68 599	4 709	562 681
2011	168 583	37 603	164 694	31 005	77 607	20 551	69 756	4 822	574 874
2016	187 258	42 367	187 449	34 342	84 910	23 150	75 545	5 428	640 727
2021	208 341	47 721	212 908	37 987	92 587	26 063	81 298	6 101	713 306
• • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •						• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
				IONS, SEF					
2007	155 670	34 285	148 653	28 613	72 229	18 810	65 147	4 386	528 030
2008	158 764	35 084	152 528	29 189	73 537	19 222	66 304	4 491	539 361
2009	161 972	35 909	156 517	29 785	74 885	19 653	67 475	4 600	551 042 562 404
2010 2011	165 306 168 773	36 761 37 647	160 632 164 883	30 403 31 040	76 271 77 694	20 106	68 661 69 855	4 711	563 101 575 552
2011	168 773 188 143	37 647 42 570	164 883 188 302	31 040 34 517	77 694 85 321	20 580 23 263	69 855 75 965	4 825 5 446	643 807
2010	210 582	48 233	215 082	38 413	93 612	26 353	82 339	6 148	721 064
2021		10 200	210 002	00 110	00 012	20 000	02 000	0 1 10	004

⁽a) Uses final rebased ERP at 30 June 2006 as the base population – see paragraph 28 of the Explanatory Notes. For further information see Experimental Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, 1991 to 2021 (cat. no. 3238.0).

⁽b) These estimates and projections have not been updated with any data from the 2011 Census. Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population based on the 2011 census are scheduled for release in 2014.

⁽a) Uses final rebased ERP at 30 June 2006 as the base (c) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 28 of the Explanatory Notes

⁽d) Series A assumes declining fertility, increasing paternity, constant net interstate migration, zero net overseas migration and constant life expectancy at birth.

⁽e) Series B assumes declining fertility, increasing paternity, constant net interstate migration, zero net overseas migration and increasing life expectancy at birth.



PRELIMINARY ESTIMATED RESIDENT ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER POPULATION, Age groups—States and territories—at 30 June 2011(a)

Age group (years)	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Westem Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (b)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	MALES	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	
0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29	13 217 12 615 12 729 12 113 9 356 7 194	3 013 2 757 2 747 2 713 2 273 1 725	12 723 11 735 11 361 10 649 8 406 6 911	2 282 2 209 2 158 2 073 1 833 1 511	5 238 5 035 5 084 4 738 4 308 3 619	1 511 1 401 1 513 1 378 1 091	3 926 4 075 3 804 3 624 3 478	388 319 310 446 388 318	42 311 40 162 39 721 37 744 31 136 25 381
30–34	5 598	1 323	5 738	1 077	2 886	600	2 622	192	20 050
35–39	5 818	1 398	5 695	1 093	2 888	603	2 468	195	20 168
40–44	5 756	1 396	5 314	1 064	2 626	693	2 141	164	19 161
45–49	5 093	1 204	4 652	952	2 209	591	1 763	154	16 623
50–54	4 648	945	3 684	721	1 833	547	1 435	121	13 944
55–59	3 443	756	2 752	584	1 286	456	1 041	101	10 426
60–64	2 556	512	1 865	380	852	337	668	48	7 223
65–69	1 641	320	1 159	249	523	208	404	26	4 531
70–74	972	200	637	142	267	115	231	13	2 582
75 and over	965	236	666	190	318	139	263	8	2 785
75–79	572	115	369	92	171	np	132	np	1 529
80–84	257	74	188	52	93	np	83	np	795
85 and over	136	47	109	46	54	np	48	np	461
All ages	103 714	23 518	93 947	18 518	43 710	12 054	35 167	3 191	333 948
• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	FEMALES	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
0-4	12 849	2 968	12 119	2 184	5 208	1 490	3 603	308	40 743
5-9	11 827	2 610	11 414	2 052	5 203	1 270	3 657	314	38 359
10-14	12 066	2 748	11 117	2 156	4 952	1 380	3 417	341	38 192
15-19	11 539	2 506	9 926	1 908	4 485	1 305	3 228	310	35 218
20-24	8 879	2 393	8 251	1 794	4 107	1 111	3 234	363	30 145
25–29	7 238	1 698	6 980	1 528	3 532	910	2 963	287	25 142
30–34	5 894	1 471	5 925	1 167	2 976	690	2 452	201	20 785
35–39	6 490	1 395	6 037	1 185	2 840	687	2 396	175	21 220
40–44	6 558	1 454	5 846	1 166	2 880	799	2 370	175	21 254
45–49	5 864	1 204	4 864	1 020	2 369	667	1 735	170	17 897
50–54 55–59 60–64 65–69 70–74 75 and over	4 854 3 640 2 681 1 736 1 146 1 389	966 795 601 373 254 373	3 985 2 986 2 191 1 405 850 1 049	872 590 451 291 206 304	1 945 1 510 1 043 612 396 509	575 413 309 178 140 177	1 526 1 088 808 489 329 439	120 100 44 34 15	14 852 11 126 8 133 5 123 3 337 4 262
75–79	702	176	529	140	244	np	221	np	2 106
80–84	437	110	310	98	151	np	123	np	1 286
85 and over	250	87	210	66	114	np	95	np	870
All ages	104 650	23 809	94 945	18 874	44 567	12 101	33 734	2 976	335 788

 $^{{\}sf np} \quad \text{ not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated} \\$

⁽a) Estimates at 30 June 2011 are preliminary rebased estimates based on the 2011 Census – see paragraph 28 of the Explanatory Notes. For further information see Experimental Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, 1991 to 2021 (cat. no. 3238.0).

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.



PRELIMINARY ESTIMATED RESIDENT ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER POPULATION, Age groups—States and territories—at 30 June 2011(a) continued

Age group (years)	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (b)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	PERSONS	• • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
				LINGONO					
0–4	26 066	5 981	24 842	4 466	10 446	3 001	7 529	696	83 054
5–9	24 442	5 367	23 149	4 261	10 238	2 671	7 732	633	78 521
10-14	24 795	5 495	22 478	4 314	10 036	2 893	7 221	651	77 913
15–19	23 652	5 219	20 575	3 981	9 223	2 683	6 852	756	72 962
20–24	18 235	4 666	16 657	3 627	8 415	2 202	6 712	751	61 281
25–29	14 432	3 423	13 891	3 039	7 151	1 781	6 187	605	50 523
30–34	11 492	2 794	11 663	2 244	5 862	1 290	5 074	393	40 835
35–39	12 308	2 793	11 732	2 278	5 728	1 290	4 864	370	41 388
40–44	12 314	2 850	11 160	2 230	5 506	1 492	4 511	339	40 415
45–49	10 957	2 408	9 516	1 972	4 578	1 258	3 498	324	34 520
50–54	9 502	1 911	7 669	1 593	3 778	1 122	2 961	241	28 796
55–59	7 083	1 551	5 738	1 174	2 796	869	2 129	201	21 552
60–64	5 237	1 113	4 056	831	1 895	646	1 476	92	15 356
65–69	3 377	693	2 564	540	1 135	386	893	60	9 654
70–74	2 118	454	1 487	348	663	255	560	28	5 919
75 and over	2 354	609	1 715	494	827	316	702	27	7 047
75–79	1 274	291	898	232	415	155	353	15	3 635
80-84	694	184	498	150	244	99	206	5	2 081
85 and over	386	134	319	112	168	62	143	7	1 331
All ages	208 364	47 327	188 892	37 392	88 277	24 155	68 901	6 167	669 736

⁽a) Estimates at 30 June 2011 are preliminary rebased estimates based on the 2011 Census – see paragraph 28 of the Explanatory Notes. For further information see Experimental Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, 1991 to 2021 (cat. no. 3238.0).

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.



PRELIMINARY ESTIMATED RESIDENT AUSTRALIAN NON-INDIGENOUS POPULATION, Age groups—States and territories—at 30 June 2011(a)

Age group (years)	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (b)
				MALE	S				
0–4	229 694	177 659	143 626	47 326	74 649	15 028	5 675	12 066	705 790
5–9	215 551	165 795	137 528	45 940	69 297	14 561	4 817	10 726	664 285
10–14	215 568	166 117	138 336	47 767	70 702	15 430	4 806	10 359	669 166
15–19 20–24	225 140 244 520	179 034 208 826	144 406 154 502	52 172 57 315	74 571 87 390	16 253 15 549	5 001 7 061	12 391 16 722	709 073 792 105
25–29	255 487	212 826	158 312	55 818	92 873	14 396	8 276	16 415	814 784
30–34	242 895	194 464	144 220	50 298	81 829	13 430	7 265	14 201	748 816
35–39 40–44	246 214 239 459	193 735 194 463	151 704 152 544	52 168 56 067	82 598 84 798	14 946 16 337	7 012 6 928	13 600 12 935	762 121 763 648
45–49	242 299	186 805	149 268	56 527	82 211	17 285	6 643	12 933	753 226
50–54	235 498	177 950	142 810	55 730	77 304	18 027	6 339	11 480	725 235
55–59 60–64	210 446 198 143	158 594 146 411	128 306 122 555	50 305 48 227	68 424 62 368	16 951 16 421	5 671 4 822	9 996 9 137	648 794 608 183
65–69	155 715	113 871	94 846	36 990	45 406	12 930	2 836	6 291	468 926
70–74	116 346	86 286	67 770	27 842	32 996	9 581	1 694	4 293	346 839
75 and over	201 479	150 418	105 595	51 369	52 210	15 241	1 470	6 875	584 676
75–79	87 792	65 431	47 489	21 621	23 553	np	815	np	256 543
80–84	65 601	49 122	33 627	16 936	16 800	np	484	np	189 660
85 and over	48 086	35 865	24 479	12 812	11 857	np	171	np	138 473
All ages	3 474 454	2 713 254	2 136 328	791 861	1 139 626	242 366	86 316	179 549	10 765 667
_									
				FEMAL	FS				
0.4									
0–4	217 507	168 140	135 750	45 612	71 224	13 813	5 308	11 326	668 727
5–9 10–14	202 942 203 788	157 899 157 264	129 939 131 839	43 728 45 752	66 530 67 758	13 521 14 540	4 834 4 472	10 088 9 971	629 559 635 458
15–14 15–19	212 415	171 207	131 639	49 776	71 123	14 986	4 308	11 860	674 344
20–24	236 406	198 947	150 663	54 027	81 179	14 618	5 593	16 067	757 562
25–29	252 301	208 522	154 593	53 725	84 764	14 239	7 424	15 880	791 517
30–34	243 774	194 324	145 028	49 335	78 489	13 781	6 869	14 179	745 844
35–39	249 858	198 641	153 931	51 964	80 494	15 636	6 459	13 566	770 617
40–44	246 096	201 816	155 563	55 926	82 739	16 840	6 200	13 058	778 328
45-49	245 212	192 506	152 454	56 931	80 542	17 513	5 952	12 652	763 853
50-54	240 315	183 936	145 579	56 819	76 877	18 428	5 673	12 134	739 843
55–59	215 195	164 544	129 516	52 199	68 874	17 097	4 822	10 608	662 937
60–64	199 907	153 611	121 589	50 182	61 735	16 321	3 542	9 538	616 463
65–69	157 361	117 959	93 519	38 903	44 722	12 708	2 030	6 605	473 829
70–74	123 718	93 071	68 525	30 706	34 720	9 757	1 208	4 773	366 492
75 and over	281 855	211 558	141 764	73 394	72 542	20 876	1 420	9 731	813 157
75–79	102 127	77 343	52 880	25 444	27 662	np	656	np	297 593
80–84	87 452	65 905	43 822	22 836	22 305	np	451	np	252 061
85 and over	92 276	68 310	45 062	25 114	22 575	np	313	np	263 503
All ages	3 528 650	2 773 945	2 148 878	808 979	1 124 312	244 674	76 114	182 036	10 888 530

np not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated

⁽a) Estimates at 30 June 2011 are preliminary rebased estimates based on the 2011 Census – see paragraph 28 of the Explanatory Notes. For further information see Experimental Estimates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, Jun 2006 (cat. no. 3238.0.55.001).

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.



PRELIMINARY ESTIMATED RESIDENT AUSTRALIAN NON-INDIGENOUS POPULATION, Age

groups—States and territories—at 30 June 2011(a) continued

Age group (years)	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (b)
				PERSO	NS				
0-4	447 201	345 799	279 376	92 938	145 873	28 841	10 983	23 392	1 374 517
5-9	418 493	323 694	267 467	89 668	135 827	28 082	9 651	20 814	1 293 844
10-14	419 356	323 381	270 175	93 519	138 460	29 970	9 278	20 330	1 304 624
15-19	437 555	350 241	283 032	101 948	145 694	31 239	9 309	24 251	1 383 417
20-24	480 926	407 773	305 165	111 342	168 569	30 167	12 654	32 789	1 549 667
25-29	507 788	421 348	312 905	109 543	177 637	28 635	15 700	32 295	1 606 301
30-34	486 669	388 788	289 248	99 633	160 318	27 211	14 134	28 380	1 494 660
35-39	496 072	392 376	305 635	104 132	163 092	30 582	13 471	27 166	1 532 738
40-44	485 555	396 279	308 107	111 993	167 537	33 177	13 128	25 993	1 541 976
45–49	487 511	379 311	301 722	113 458	162 753	34 798	12 595	24 714	1 517 079
50–54	475 813	361 886	288 389	112 549	154 181	36 455	12 012	23 614	1 465 078
55–59	425 641	323 138	257 822	102 504	137 298	34 048	10 493	20 604	1 311 731
60–64	398 050	300 022	244 144	98 409	124 103	32 742	8 364	18 675	1 224 646
65–69	313 076	231 830	188 365	75 893	90 128	25 638	4 866	12 896	942 755
70–74	240 064	179 357	136 295	58 548	67 716	19 338	2 902	9 066	713 331
75 and over	483 334	361 976	247 359	124 763	124 752	36 117	2 890	16 606	1 397 833
75–79	189 919	142 774	100 369	47 065	51 215	14 615	1 471	6 689	554 136
80–84	153 053	115 027	77 449	39 772	39 105	11 244	935	5 126	441 721
85 and over	140 362	104 175	69 541	37 926	34 432	10 258	484	4 791	401 976
All ages	7 003 104	5 487 199	4 285 206	1 600 840	2 263 938	487 040	162 430	361 585	21 654 197

⁽a) Estimates at 30 June 2011 are preliminary rebased estimates based on the 2011 Census – see paragraph 28 of the Explanatory Notes. For further information see Experimental Estimates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, Jun 2006 (cat. no. 3238.0.55.001).

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.



BIRTHS AND TOTAL FERTILITY RATES(a)(b), States and territories

	New			0 11			N	Australian	
Period	South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Capital Territory	Australia(c)
NUMBER OF BIRTHS									
2006-07	88 997	68 899	56 898	18 893	28 900	6 759	3 772	4 583	277 724
2007-08	92 323	70 119	61 601	19 806	30 453	6 653	3 901	4 605	289 492
2008-09	94 096	71 441	65 205	19 941	30 854	6 753	3 898	4 857	297 067
2009–10	93 630	69 318	62 074	19 929	31 018	6 240	3 821	5 122	291 173
2010–11 (d)	94 161	71 960	63 774	19 720	31 492	6 643	3 839	5 149	296 760
2011–12 (d)	93 565	74 042	61 524	20 385	32 775	6 351	4 007	5 128	297 811
2006	86 081	66 429	54 803	18 344	27 928	6 606	3 715	4 544	268 472
2007	90 963	69 995	60 039	19 555	29 632	6 615	3 859	4 631	285 313
2008	94 049	70 532	63 603	19 893	30 664	6 706	3 871	4 754	294 098
2009	93 561	71 645	63 585	19 813	31 156	6 666	3 918	4 934	295 300
2010 (d)	92 652	68 942	62 433	19 827	30 761	6 115	3 695	5 008	289 456
2011 (d)	94 155	71 446	63 207	19 889	32 258	6 610	3 950	5 111	296 653
2006									
September	22 955	17 537	14 117	4 807	7 332	1 802	888	1 202	70 646
December	21 420	17 149	13 375	4 516	6 929	1 724	921	1 095	67 137
2007	21 120	11 110	10 010	1010	0 020	1.2.	021	1 000	0. 20.
March	22 294	17 286	14 824	4 857	7 372	1 653	991	1 137	70 417
June	22 328	16 927	14 582	4 713	7 267	1 580	972	1 149	69 524
September	23 609	18 108	15 666	5 046	7 518	1 744	938	1 190	73 826
December	22 732	17 674	14 967	4 939	7 475	1 638	958	1 155	71 546
2008									
March	23 249	17 414	15 589	4 931	7 858	1 646	1 005	1 116	72 818
June	22 733	16 923	15 379	4 890	7 602	1 625	1 000	1 144	71 302
September	24 239	18 345	15 969	5 141	7 801	1 703	983	1 276	75 462
December	23 828	17 850	16 666	4 931	7 403	1 732	883	1 218	74 516
2009									
March	22 900	17 526	16 255	4 959	7 786	1 635	977	1 136	73 180
June	23 129	17 720	16 315	4 910	7 864	1 683	1 055	1 227	73 909
September	24 064	18 164	15 689	5 007	7 831	1 666	920	1 314	74 658
December	23 468	18 235	15 326	4 937	7 675	1 682	966	1 257	73 553
2010									
March	23 435	17 402	16 246	5 029	7 785	1 550	997	1 290	73 737
June	22 663	15 517	14 813	4 956	7 727	1 342	938	1 261	69 225
September(d)	24 705	18 078	16 499	4 982	7 916	1 724	829	1 263	76 007
December(d)	21 849	17 945	14 875	4 860	7 333	1 499	931	1 194	70 487
2011									
March(d)	24 377	18 353	16 285	4 895	8 223	1 765	960	1 217	76 079
June(d)	23 230	17 584	16 115	4 983	8 020	1 655	1 119	1 475	74 187
September(d)(e)	23 937	17 855	15 867	5 198	8 238	1 651	973	1 187	74 914
December(d)	22 611	17 654	14 940	4 813	7 777	1 539	898	1 232	71 473
2012	02.055	40.000	44.000	E 400	0.000	4.050	000	4.050	74.005
March(d)	23 255	19 222	14 938	5 138	8 283	1 653	986	1 353	74 835
June(d)	23 762	19 311	15 779	5 236	8 477	1 508	1 150	1 356	76 589
September(d)	26 636	19 726	16 432	5 178	8 671	1 554	1 009	1 449	80 668

⁽a) For information on using year/quarter of occurrence for revised and final data, and year/quarter of registration for preliminary data, see paragraph 8–11 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) For information about unprocessed NSW birth data, see paragraph 12 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽d) Birth estimates for September quarter 2010 onwards are preliminary on a quarter of registration basis. As a result, estimates may fluctuate from quarter to quarter due to delays and subsequent recovery in registry processing. After the estimates are revised, they are based on quarter of occurrence and are no longer affected by processing times – see paragraphs 7–11 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽e) Corrected figures for September quarter 2011 – see paragraph 12 of the Explanatory Notes.



BIRTHS AND TOTAL FERTILITY RATES(a)(b), States and territories continued

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (c)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
			TOTAL	FERTILITY	RATE(d)(e)				
2006–07 (f)	1.825	1.836	1.956	1.845	1.996	2.200	2.214	1.715	1.883
2007–08 (f)	1.872	1.842	2.065	1.920	2.046	2.191	2.217	1.697	1.931
2008–09 (f)	1.870	1.834	2.119	1.907	1.989	2.209	2.169	1.759	1.933
2009–10 (f)	1.831	1.739	1.970	1.872	1.952	2.034	2.073	1.817	1.857
2010–11 (g)	1.871	1.806	2.015	1.847	1.902	2.127	2.153	1.770	1.891
2011–12 (h)	1.849	1.832	1.948	1.905	1.913	2.077	2.184	1.719	1.881

⁽a) For information on using year/quarter of occurrence for revised and final data, and year/quarter of registration for preliminary data, see paragraph 8–11 of

Calculated using preliminary births on registration basis and preliminary ERP based on the unrebased 2011 Census.

⁽b) For information about unprocessed NSW birth data, see paragraph 12 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽d) These rates will be revised in the December qtr. 2012 issue of Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0) (for release in June 2013) to coincide with the final rebasing of ERP to the 2011 Census.

⁽e) Births per woman.

Calculated using revised births on occurrence basis and revised ERP based on the unrebased 2006 Census.

Calculated using preliminary births on registration basis and preliminary ERP based on the unrebased 2006 Census. (g)



DEATHS AND STANDARDISED DEATH RATES(a), States and territories

	New South			South	Western		Northern	Australian Capital	
Period	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Territory	Territory	Australia (b)
NUMBER OF DEATHS									
2006-07	46 206	34 194	25 132	11 967	11 956	4 013	964	1 536	135 976
2007-08	47 667	35 197	26 152	12 440	12 432	4 150	1 045	1 645	140 736
2008-09	48 695	36 033	26 769	12 722	12 584	4 225	1 015	1 683	143 734
2009–10	47 319	35 058	26 955	12 577	12 755	4 236	937	1 604	141 450
2010–11 (c)	48 975	37 313	27 341	12 925	12 622	4 353	1 019	1 708	146 260
2011–12 (c)	50 039	35 975	27 831	12 756	12 970	4 225	1 014	1 689	146 507
2006	46 129	33 666	24 630	11 968	11 634	3 953	948	1 534	134 471
2007	47 322	34 837	26 100	12 246	12 438	4 224	996	1 603	139 772
2008	48 353	35 514	26 459	12 690	12 559	4 162	1 055	1 673	142 470
2009	47 534	35 493	26 580	12 544	12 623	4 201	954	1 669	141 607
2010 (c)	47 891	36 056	27 042	12 930	12 664	4 205	994	1 631	143 421
2011 (c)	50 672	36 568	27 416	12 669	12 723	4 245	974	1 700	146 974
2006									
September	12 743	9 060	6 638	3 191	3 082	1 067	239	362	36 386
December	11 158	8 527	6 024	2 961	2 910	936	250	403	33 172
2007									
March	10 453	7 881	6 091	2 711	2 862	1 001	233	392	31 625
June	11 852	8 726	6 379	3 104	3 102	1 009	242	379	34 793
September	13 675	9 516	7 365	3 481	3 375	1 188	273	417	39 292
December	11 342	8 714	6 265	2 950	3 099	1 026	248	415	34 062
2008									
March	10 694	8 132	6 193	2 816	2 830	934	267	377	32 244
June	11 956	8 835	6 329	3 193	3 128	1 002	257	436	35 138
September	14 197	9 835	7 506	3 504	3 560	1 182	264	462	40 511
December	11 506	8 712	6 431	3 177	3 041	1 044	267	398	34 577
2009									
March	10 853	8 592	6 130	2 976	2 937	983	235	412	33 121
June	12 139	8 894	6 702	3 065	3 046	1 016	249	411	35 525
September	13 016	9 427	7 108	3 303	3 367	1 083	212	442	37 958
December	11 526	8 580	6 640	3 200	3 273	1 119	258	404	35 003
2010									
March	10 876	7 962	6 469	2 887	2 969	973	245	345	32 728
June	11 901	9 089	6 738	3 187	3 146	1 061	222	413	35 761
September(c)	13 821	9 888	7 256	3 480	3 367	1 120	258	463	39 655
December(c)	11 293	9 117	6 579	3 376	3 182	1 051	269	410	35 277
2011	40.400	0.044	0.004	0.000	0.000	4 007	000	404	a= aaa
March(c)	12 138	9 214	6 834	2 926	2 986	1 097	280	421	35 898
June(c)	11 723	9 094	6 672	3 143	3 087	1 085	212	414	35 430
September(c)	14 873	9 326	7 660	3 428	3 490	1 067	243	469	40 559
December(c) 2012	11 938	8 934	6 250	3 172	3 160	996	239	396	35 087
March(c)(d)	11 263	8 744	6 898	2 986	3 051	1 068	286	415	34 713
June(c)	11 263	8 744 8 971	7 023	2 986 3 170	3 269	1 008	246	415	34 713 36 148
September(c)	16 049	9 719	7 023 7 995	3 713	3 738	1 150	260	501	36 148 43 126
September(0)	10 049	3113	1 333	5 113	3 130	T TOO	200	301	73 120

⁽a) For information on using year/quarter of occurrence for revised and final data, and year/quarter of registration for preliminary data see paragraphs 8–11 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) Death estimates for September quarter 2010 onwards are preliminary on a quarter of registration basis. As a result, estimates may fluctuate from quarter to quarter due to delays and subsequent recovery in registry processing. After the estimates are revised they are based on quarter of occurrence and are no longer affected by processing times – see paragraphs 7–11 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽d) These rates will be revised in the December qtr. 2012 issue of *Australian Demographic Statistics* (cat. no. 3101.0) (for release in June 2013) to coincide with the final rebasing of ERP to the 2011 Census.



DEATHS AND STANDARDISED DEATH RATES(a), States and territories continued

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (b)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • •	CTANDADD	ICED DEA	THE DATE O		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
			STANDARD	ISED DEA	IH KAIES	(c)(a)			
2006–07 (e)	5.97	5.90	6.02	5.93	5.82	6.81	8.79	5.56	5.98
2007–08 (e)	5.98	5.88	6.07	6.00	5.86	6.89	9.28	5.73	6.00
2008–09 (e)	5.94	5.86	6.01	5.99	5.74	6.85	9.04	5.67	5.96
2009–10 (e)	5.60	5.51	5.84	5.76	5.60	6.73	7.42	5.18	5.68
2010–11 (f)	5.61	5.66	5.72	5.77	5.33	6.74	8.70	5.25	5.67
2011–12 (g)	5.62	5.37	5.80	5.63	5.32	6.30	7.89	5.02	5.59

- final data, and year/quarter of registration for preliminary data see paragraphs 8–11 of the Explanatory Notes.
- Includes Other Territories see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory
- Deaths per 1,000 standard population. Standardised death rates (c) use total persons in the 2001 Australian population as the standard population.
- (a) For information on using year/quarter of occurrence for revised and (d) These rates will be revised in the December qtr. 2012 issue of Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0) (for release in June 2013) to coincide with the final rebasing of ERP to the 2011 Census.
 - (e) Calculated using revised births on occurrence basis and revised ERP based on the unrebased 2006 Census.
 - (f) Calculated using preliminary births on registration basis and preliminary ERP based on the unrebased 2006 Census.
 - (g) Calculated using preliminary births on registration basis and preliminary ERP based on the unrebased 2011 Census.



INFANT DEATHS AND INFANT MORTALITY RATES(a), States and territories

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania(b)	Northern Territory(b)	Australian Capital Territory(b)	Australia (c)
• • • • • • • • • • • •									• • • • • • • • •
			NUM	BER OF IN	FANT DEA	ATHS			
2006–07	417	294	310	72	83	25	36	20	1 257
2007-08	370	260	277	73	107	29	25	18	1 160
2008-09	422	290	332	80	83	27	32	24	1 290
2009-10	360	210	351	63	109	23	25	13	1 154
2010–11 (d)	374	258	320	68	113	31	28	18	1 210
2011–12 (d)	357	244	284	61	84	29	37	16	1 112
2006	408	278	310	60	130	25	31	28	1 270
2007	398	283	287	79	84	29	33	14	1 207
2008	400	266	299	71	95	26	30	26	1 214
2009	372	251	353	71	101	23	28	14	1 213
2010 (d)	391	230	347	73	113	28	27	19	1 228
2011 (d)	376	251	294	51	95	30	28	15	1 140
2006									
September	115	65	72	17	27	nn	nn	np	320
December	100	83	90	18	20	np	np		329
2007	100	03	90	10	20	np	np	np	329
March	90	70	81	18	25	nn	nn	nn	305
June	112	76	67	19	11	np np	np np	np np	303
September	100	70 59	67	26	20	np	np	np	293
December	96	78	72	16	28	np	np	np	306
2008	90	70	12	10	20	пр	пр	пр	300
March	84	57	62	14	28	np	np	np	264
June	90	66	76	17	31	np	np	np	297
September	113	79	78	13	21	np	np	np	321
December	113	64	83	27	15	np	np	np	332
2009	110	01	00	2.	10	116	116	116	552
March	102	78	91	20	25	np	np	np	330
June	94	69	80	20	22	np	np	np	307
September	93	52	101	12	24	np	np	np	294
December	83	52	81	19	30	np	np	np	282
2010							•		
March	83	54	85	18	31	np	np	np	284
June	101	52	84	14	24	np	np	np	294
September(d)	111	66	78	21	32	np	np	np	329
December(d)	96	58	100	20	26	np	np	np	321
2011									
March(d)	76	64	76	7	18	np	np	np	258
June(d)	91	70	66	20	37	np	np	np	302
September(d)	110	52	82	11	20	np	np	np	289
December(d)	99	65	70	13	20	np	np	np	291
2012									
March(e)(f)	62	62	80	21	20	np	np	np	268
June(d)	86	65	52	16	24	np	np	np	264
September(d)	88	55	77	19	20	np	np	np	270

np not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated

 ⁽a) For information on using year/quarter of occurrence for revised and final data, and year/quarter of registration for preliminary data see paragraphs 8–11 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Due to the small number of infant deaths in most quarters in Tasmania, the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory, quarterly estimates are not available for publication.

⁽c) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽d) Infant death estimates for September quarter 2010 onwards are preliminary on a quarter of registration basis. As a result, estimates may fluctuate from quarter to quarter due to delays and subsequent recovery in processing. After the estimates are revised they are based on quarter of occurrence and are no longer affected by registry processing times – see paragraphs 7–11 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽e) These rates will be revised in the December qtr. 2012 issue of Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0) (for release in June 2013) to coincide with the final rebasing of ERP to the 2011 Census.

⁽f) Infant deaths per 1,000 live births.



INFANT DEATHS AND INFANT MORTALITY RATES(a), States and territories continued

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania(b)	Northern Territory(b)	Australian Capital Territory(b)	Australia (c)
• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		IT MODIAL	LTV DATE	2 (1) ()	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
			INFAN	IT MORTAL	IIY KAIES	S (a)(e)			
2006–07 (f)	4.69	4.27	5.45	3.81	2.87	3.70	9.54	4.36	4.53
2007–08 (f)	4.01	3.71	4.50	3.69	3.51	4.36	6.41	3.91	4.01
2008–09 (f)	4.49	4.06	5.09	4.01	2.69	4.00	8.21	4.94	4.34
2009–10 (f)	3.85	3.19	5.48	3.16	3.45	3.69	6.81	2.73	3.96
2010–11 (g)	4.03	3.66	4.91	4.01	3.53	4.37	7.29	3.50	4.11
2011–12 (g)	3.82	3.30	4.62	2.99	2.56	4.57	9.23	3.12	3.73

- (a) For information on using year/quarter of occurrence for revised and final data, and year/quarter of registration for preliminary data see paragraphs
 8–11 of the Explanatory Notes.
- (b) Due to the small number of infant deaths in most quarters in Tasmania, the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory, quarterly estimates are not available for publication.
- (c) Includes Other Territories see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.
- (d) Infant deaths per 1,000 live births.

- (e) These rates will be revised in the December qtr. 2012 issue of Australian Demographic Statistics (cat. no. 3101.0) (for release in June 2013) to coincide with the final rebasing of ERP to the 2011 Census.
- (f) Calculated using revised infant deaths and revised births both on occurrence basis.
- (g) Calculated using preliminary infant deaths and preliminary births, both on a registration basis.



CATEGORIES OF NET OVERSEAS MIGRATION(a), States and Territories

	New South			South	Western		Northern	Australian Capital	
Period	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Territory	Territory	Australia (b)
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	100	M ARRIVA	LS (c)	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
2006–07	150 554	108 518	86 631	23 527	53 847	3 446	4 548	6 434	437 510
2007-08	170 846	123 329	99 817	25 135	66 193	3 932	4 715	7 369	501 339
2008-09	169 044	132 587	103 069	27 243	69 753	4 333	5 546	8 186	519 784
2009-10	144 251	109 052	84 925	24 802	57 942	3 966	4 683	8 289	437 928
2010–11 (d)	141 161	105 519	82 409	19 658	60 084	3 396	4 375	7 288	423 897
2011–12 (d)	147 726	112 828	92 406	22 568	78 794	3 647	5 816	8 361	472 147
2007	157 716	114 488	92 052	23 535	58 213	3 565	4 512	6 560	460 645
2008	178 396	132 904	107 071	27 120	72 898	4 324	5 173	8 073	535 966
2009	155 119	123 746	94 199	26 808	60 996	4 095	5 256	8 547	478 792
2010 (d)	140 775	104 336	82 672	21 926	57 675	3 682	4 437	7 623	423 138
2011 (d)	144 307	107 296	84 649	20 176	68 854	3 459	4 820	7 668	441 234
2006									
September	38 113	26 507	21 004	6 081	12 998	866	1 333	1 536	108 440
December	36 890	25 186	20 262	5 717	13 411	867	1 003	1 643	104 980
2007									
March	41 848	33 305	23 511	6 945	15 568	1 012	1 103	1 963	125 255
June	33 703	23 520	21 854	4 784	11 870	701	1 109	1 292	98 835
September	41 557	30 184	22 955	6 074	15 483	929	1 268	1 670	120 122
December	40 608	27 479	23 732	5 732	15 292	923	1 032	1 635	116 433
2008									
March	49 521	36 863	28 414	7 438	19 561	1 294	1 076	2 417	146 585
June	39 160	28 803	24 716	5 891	15 857	786	1 339	1 647	118 199
September	45 343	35 143	26 944	7 265	19 548	1 128	1 496	2 163	139 030
December	44 372	32 095	26 997	6 526	17 932	1 116	1 262	1 846	132 152
2009									
March	45 932	37 651	27 806	7 684	18 962	1 342	1 192	2 662	143 232
June	33 397	27 698	21 322	5 768	13 311	747	1 596	1 515	105 370
September	39 078	32 611	23 393	7 251	15 280	1 011	1 550	2 416	122 590
December	36 712	25 786	21 678	6 105	13 443	995	918	1 954	107 600
2010 March	20 506	30 126	22 178	6 838	15 610	1 315	1 020	2 548	119 239
June	39 596 28 865	20 529	17 676	4 608	13 609	645	1 195	1 371	88 499
September(d)	36 337	28 216	21 170	5 603	14 576	894	1 369	2 057	110 224
December (d)	35 977	25 465	21 648	4 877	13 880	828	853	1 647	105 176
2011	33 911	23 403	21 040	7011	10 000	020	655	1 041	103 110
March (d)	39 016	29 449	21 382	5 320	16 667	1 093	960	2 249	116 140
June (d)	29 831	22 389	18 209	3 858	14 961	581	1 193	1 335	92 357
September (d)	36 747	27 857	22 274	5 569	18 465	840	1 497	2 049	115 298
December (d)	38 713	27 601	22 784	5 429	18 761	945	1 170	2 035	117 439
2012									
March (d)	40 746	33 361	25 602	6 794	22 719	1 154	1 558	2 749	134 683
June(d)	31 520	24 009	21 746	4 776	18 849	708	1 591	1 528	104 727
September(d)	40 172	30 972	26 605	5 910	22 155	973	2 038	2 381	131 208

⁽a) This time series commences at September quarter 2006. Data are compiled using an improved methodology that is not comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) Arrivals and departures contribute to NOM. For information see the Glossary or Migration, Australia (cat. no. 3412.0).

⁽d) Estimates for September quarter 2010 onwards are preliminary – see paragraphs 7 and 13–20 of the Explanatory Notes.



CATEGORIES OF NET OVERSEAS MIGRATION(a), States and Territories continued

Period	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Australian Capital Territory	Australia (b)
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •			DEC()	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
			NOM	DEPARTU	RES(c)				
2006-07	77 086	46 035	40 368	8 889	22 393	2 013	3 432	4 467	204 686
2007-08	83 620	49 847	45 765	9 811	25 009	2 061	3 069	4 824	224 007
2008-09	82 333	49 059	43 696	9 259	25 392	2 163	3 471	4 547	219 921
2009-10	87 170	55 419	48 954	10 252	29 116	2 303	3 464	5 179	241 872
2010–11 (d)	90 975	59 775	51 143	10 991	29 279	2 401	3 745	5 307	253 618
2011–12 (d)	93 997	63 132	51 934	11 294	31 647	2 397	3 812	5 589	263 811
2007	80 881	48 131	44 292	9 641	23 757	2 054	3 122	4 700	216 578
2008	82 205	49 751	44 024	9 525	24 662	2 201	3 248	4 662	220 280
2009	84 999	51 746	46 727	9 638	28 151	2 159	3 581	4 878	231 893
2010 (d)	91 195	59 239	51 520	10 883	29 990	2 466	3 547	5 463	254 304
2011 (d)	92 900	61 058	51 099	11 209	29 548	2 322	3 853	5 261	257 258
2006									
September	19 215	11 660	10 181	2 394	5 311	479	1 104	1 156	51 500
December	19 915	12 146	11 081	2 278	6 158	473	979	1 329	54 362
2007									
March	18 866	11 317	9 392	2 084	5 269	570	650	1 036	49 184
June	19 090	10 912	9 714	2 133	5 655	491	699	946	49 640
September	20 667	12 689	12 228	2 750	6 236	495	979	1 268	57 312
December	22 258	13 213	12 958	2 674	6 597	498	794	1 450	60 442
2008									
March	20 225	11 972	10 340	2 218	6 113	543	596	1 116	53 123
June	20 470	11 973	10 239	2 169	6 063	525	700	990	53 130
September	20 349	12 394	11 026	2 533	5 792	532	1 014	1 265	54 906
December	21 161	13 412	12 419	2 605	6 694	601	938	1 291	59 121
2009	00.040	44 ==0	40.470	0.40=				4 000	
March	22 019	11 779	10 170	2 135	5 989	605	751	1 088	54 536
June	18 804	11 474	10 081	1 986	6 917	425	768	903	51 358
September	21 389 22 787	13 608 14 885	12 167 14 309	2 638 2 879	7 128 8 117	528 601	1 202 860	1 413 1 474	60 073 65 926
December 2010	22 181	14 883	14 309	2819	8 117	901	800	1474	65 926
March	22 045	13 884	11 517	2 457	6 899	623	693	1 261	59 380
June	20 949	13 042	10 961	2 278	6 972	551	709	1 031	56 493
September (d)	24 227	15 608	13 682	3 037	7 668	655	1 177	1 694	67 748
December (d)	23 974	16 705	15 360	3 111	8 451	637	968	1 477	70 683
2011	20 0	10.00	10 000	0	0 .01	551	220		
March(d)	21 438	13 957	11 387	2 618	6 327	573	824	1 182	58 306
June(d)	21 336	13 505	10 714	2 225	6 833	536	776	954	56 881
September (d)	25 427	16 956	14 044	3 143	7 679	614	1 244	1 496	70 603
December (d)	24 699	16 640	14 954	3 223	8 709	599	1 009	1 629	71 468
2012									
March (d)	22 602	15 689	12 083	2 629	7 925	645	775	1 313	63 663
June (d)	21 269	13 847	10 853	2 299	7 334	539	784	1 151	58 077
September (d)	23 149	15 771	13 485	3 158	7 903	657	1 100	1 635	66 859

⁽a) This time series commences at September quarter 2006. Data are compiled using an improved methodology that is not comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) Arrivals and departures contribute to NOM. For information see the Glossary or Migration, Australia (cat. no. 3412.0).

⁽d) Estimates for September quarter 2010 onwards are preliminary – see paragraphs 7 and 13–20 of the Explanatory Notes.





	New South			South	Western		Northern	Australian Capital	
Period	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Territory	Territory	Australia (b)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
			NET OVE	RSEAS M	IGRATION	1			
2006–07	73 468	62 483	46 263	14 638	31 454	1 433	1 116	1 967	232 824
2007-08	87 226	73 482	54 052	15 324	41 184	1 871	1 646	2 545	277 332
2008-09	86 711	83 528	59 373	17 984	44 361	2 170	2 075	3 639	299 863
2009–10	57 081	53 633	35 971	14 550	28 826	1 663	1 219	3 110	196 056
2010–11 (c)	50 186	45 744	31 266	8 667	30 805	995	630	1 981	170 279
2011–12 (c)	53 729	49 696	40 472	11 274	47 147	1 250	2 004	2 772	208 336
2007	76 835	66 357	47 760	13 894	34 456	1 511	1 390	1 860	244 067
2008	96 191	83 153	63 047	17 595	48 236	2 123	1 925	3 411	315 686
2009	70 120	72 000	47 472	17 170	32 845	1 936	1 675	3 669	246 899
2010 (c)	49 580	45 097	31 152	11 043	27 685	1 216	890	2 160	168 834
2011 (c)	51 407	46 238	33 550	8 967	39 306	1 137	967	2 407	183 976
2006									
September	18 898	14 847	10 823	3 687	7 687	387	229	380	56 940
December	16 975	13 040	9 181	3 439	7 253	394	24	314	50 618
2007									
March	22 982	21 988	14 119	4 861	10 299	442	453	927	76 071
June	14 613	12 608	12 140	2 651	6 215	210	410	346	49 195
September	20 890	17 495	10 727	3 324	9 247	434	289	402	62 810
December	18 350	14 266	10 774	3 058	8 695	425	238	185	55 991
2008									
March	29 296	24 891	18 074	5 220	13 448	751	480	1 301	93 462
June	18 690	16 830	14 477	3 722	9 794	261	639	657	65 069
September	24 994	22 749	15 918	4 732	13 756	596	482	898	84 124
December	23 211	18 683	14 578	3 921	11 238	515	324	555	73 031
2009									
March	23 913	25 872	17 636	5 549	12 973	737	441	1 574	88 696
June	14 593	16 224	11 241	3 782	6 394	322	828	612	54 012
September	17 689	19 003	11 226	4 613	8 152	483	348	1 003	62 517
December	13 925	10 901	7 369	3 226	5 326	394	58	480	41 674
2010	17 551	16 040	10.661	4 204	0.711	692	207	1 007	E0 0E0
March June	17 551	16 242	10 661 6 715	4 381 2 330	8 711	692 94	327 486	1 287 340	59 859 32 006
	7 916	7 487	7 488	2 530 2 566	6 637	239	486 192		
September (c) December (c)	12 110 12 003	12 608 8 760	6 288	2 566 1 766	6 908 5 429	239 191	-115	363 170	42 476 34 493
2011	12 003	8 700	0 200	1700	5 429	191	-113	170	34 493
March (c)	17 578	15 492	9 995	2 702	10 340	520	136	1 067	57 834
June (c)	8 495	8 884	7 495	1 633	8 128	45	417	381	35 476
September (c)	11 320	10 901	8 230	2 426	10 786	226	253	553	44 695
December (c)	14 014	10 961	7 830	2 206	10 052	346	161	406	45 971
2012		10 001	. 550		10 002	3.0		.50	
March (c)	18 144	17 672	13 519	4 165	14 794	509	783	1 436	71 020
June (c)	10 251	10 162	10 893	2 477	11 515	169	807	377	46 650
September(c)	17 023	15 201	13 120	2 752	14 252	316	938	746	64 349

⁽a) This time series commences at September quarter 2006. Data are compiled using an improved methodology that is not comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates from earlier periods – see paragraphs 13–20 of the comparable with estimates (c) th Explanatory Notes.

see paragraphs 7 and 13–20 of the Explanatory Notes.

	PERMANENT	LONG-TERM		SHORT-TERI	M(b)	
	Settlers(d)	Residents	Visitors(d)	Residents	Visitors(d)	Total (c)
Period	movements	movements	movements	movements	movements	movements
• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •
2006-07	140 148	110 041	263 296	5 114 647	5 641 202	11 269 334
2007-08	149 365	110 832	321 845	5 692 490	5 629 403	11 903 935
2008-09	158 021	114 985	389 299	5 827 573	5 541 094	12 030 973
2009–10	140 610	115 354	349 182	6 662 004	5 692 445	12 959 594
2010–11	127 458	115 056	347 843	7 400 502	5 906 892	13 897 751
2011–12	158 943	115 672	377 602	7 962 971	5 981 883	14 597 072
2006	133 879	107 035	238 565	4 898 556	5 532 427	10 910 461
2007	141 645	108 513	285 569	5 403 818	5 644 073	11 583 619
2008	161 520	113 748	358 797	5 811 326	5 585 831	12 031 221
2009	148 403	117 105	377 234	6 203 640	5 584 078	12 430 460
2010	129 406	113 584	340 543	7 034 821	5 885 095	13 503 449
2011	142 715	115 516	361 954	7 726 538	5 875 068	14 221 792
2006						
September	34 160	25 897	65 833	1 341 624	1 323 189	2 790 703
December	33 940	35 180	46 063	1 209 475	1 612 289	2 936 947
2007						
March	35 761	26 795	100 987	1 349 782	1 497 075	3 010 400
June	36 287	22 169	50 413	1 213 766	1 208 649	2 531 284
September	34 211	24 766	79 825	1 462 382	1 358 881	2 960 065
December	35 386	34 783	54 344	1 377 889	1 579 468	3 081 869
2008						
March	41 042	27 836	120 545	1 530 678	1 503 363	3 223 464
June	38 726	23 447	67 131	1 321 541	1 187 691	2 638 536
September	40 842	26 039	96 397	1 544 831	1 354 032	3 062 141
December	40 910	36 426	74 724	1 414 276	1 540 744	3 107 080
2009	44.000	07.005	1.10.110	4 544 554	4 450 050	0.475.000
March	41 826	27 895	143 440	1 511 551	1 450 956	3 175 669
June	34 443	24 625	74 738	1 356 916	1 195 361	2 686 083
September	36 983	27 155	98 035	1 716 171	1 318 960	3 197 304
December 2010	35 151	37 430	61 021	1 619 002	1 618 800	3 371 404
March	36 678	28 121	130 433	1 757 886	1 542 652	3 495 771
June	31 798	22 648	59 693	1 568 944	1 212 032	2 895 116
September	32 111	27 037	86 848	1 946 206	1 443 100	3 535 302
December	28 819	35 778	63 569	1 761 784	1 687 310	3 577 261
2011	20 010	00 110	00 000	1101101	1 001 010	0 011 202
March	32 634	27 026	132 815	1 935 991	1 537 513	3 665 979
June	33 894	25 215	64 611	1 756 520	1 238 969	3 119 209
September	37 050	27 222	94 057	2 124 899	1 406 915	3 690 143
December	39 137	36 053	70 471	1 909 128	1 691 671	3 746 461
2012						
March	43 318	28 308	138 843	2 066 976	1 601 059	3 878 505
June	39 438	24 089	74 231	1 861 967	1 282 238	3 281 963
September	37 446	28 664	105 234	2 203 732	1 471 803	3 846 879

⁽a) This table contains movement data and should not be interpreted as 'persons' – see paragraph 29–33 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Figures for short-term movements are based on a sample and are subject to sampling error. For further information see Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia (cat. no. 3401.0).

⁽c) Due to rounding, the total may not equal to the sum of the categories of overseas arrivals.

⁽d) Stated intention on arrival.



	PERMANENT	LONG-TERM		SHORT-TERM	И(b)	
	•••••	••••••	•••••	••••••	••••••	
	Former					
	Residents(d)	Residents	Visitors(d)	Residents	Visitors(d)	Total (c)
Period	movements	movements	movements	movements	movements	movements
• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
2006-07	72 103	101 610	101 491	5 127 128	5 654 035	11 056 367
2007-08	76 923	102 066	124 006	5 699 456	5 670 001	11 672 452
2008-09	81 018	84 810	160 347	5 843 206	5 601 240	11 770 621
2009-10	86 277	81 573	194 192	6 770 453	5 770 784	12 903 279
2010-11	88 461	78 025	213 835	7 442 959	5 987 902	13 811 182
2011–12	87 493	68 665	212 713	8 040 374	6 049 108	14 458 353
2006	69 399	101 211	94 933	4 940 567	5 538 071	10 744 182
2007	74 963	102 250	113 698	5 462 311	5 702 892	11 456 115
2008	79 424	100 134	142 059	5 808 135	5 610 380	11 740 132
2009	82 703	75 999	180 419	6 284 904	5 647 155	12 271 180
2010	88 196	86 290	203 135	7 111 503	5 969 590	13 458 715
2011	87 998	69 363	214 290	7 795 270	5 956 830	14 123 751
2006						
September	16 768	24 437	20 659	1 299 776	1 284 584	2 646 224
December	16 695	21 664	31 583	1 335 122	1 470 637	2 875 700
2007	10 000	22 00 .	01 000	1 000 122	1 0 00.	
March	21 351	31 511	24 567	1 106 868	1 607 051	2 791 348
June	17 289	23 998	24 682	1 385 362	1 291 764	2 743 094
September	18 562	25 255	24 802	1 471 801	1 331 310	2 871 730
December	17 761	21 486	39 647	1 498 280	1 472 768	3 049 942
2008						
March	23 079	32 102	30 817	1 242 848	1 594 983	2 923 830
June	17 521	23 223	28 740	1 486 526	1 270 940	2 826 950
September	19 599	24 369	31 369	1 544 651	1 309 517	2 929 505
December	19 225	20 440	51 133	1 534 110	1 434 940	3 059 848
2009						
March	23 260	22 747	39 170	1 202 784	1 550 157	2 838 118
June	18 934	17 254	38 675	1 561 661	1 306 626	2 943 150
September	20 419	18 310	41 268	1 721 123	1 279 583	3 080 703
December	20 090	17 688	61 306	1 799 335	1 510 789	3 409 209
2010						
March	25 558	25 883	50 086	1 469 976	1 652 912	3 224 415
June	20 210	19 692	41 532	1 780 019	1 327 500	3 188 953
September	21 594	22 313	44 611	1 925 009	1 403 555	3 417 082
December	20 834	18 402	66 906	1 936 499	1 585 623	3 628 265
2011						
March	25 691	20 772	56 140	1 541 889	1 661 188	3 305 679
June	20 342	16 538	46 178	2 039 562	1 337 536	3 460 156
September	20 978	17 158	45 963	2 124 219	1 378 516	3 586 834
December	20 987	14 895	66 009	2 089 601	1 579 590	3 771 082
2012						
March	25 230	20 769	54 928	1 706 805	1 702 066	3 509 798
June	20 298	15 843	45 813	2 119 748	1 388 936	3 590 638
September	21 813	17 210	45 998	2 200 943	1 443 051	3 729 015
1						

⁽a) This table contains movement data and should not be interpreted as 'persons' – see paragraphs 29–33 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽b) Figures for short–term movements are based on a sample and are subject to sampling error. For further information see Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia (cat. no. 3401.0).

⁽c) Due to rounding, the total may not equal to the sum of categories of overseas departures.

⁽d) Stated intention on departure.



INTERSTATE MIGRATION(a)(b)

DEPARTURES FROM:

	••••••	•••••	••••••	••••••	•••••	••••••••	••••••	••••••	
	New							Australian	
	South			South	Western		Northern	Capital	Total
	Wales	Victoria	Queensland	Australia	Australia	Tasmania	Territory	Territory	arrivals
Arrivals to:	psns	psns	psns	psns	psns	psns	psns	psns	psns
				2010-	11				
New South Wales		20 156	34 900	5 105	7 387	2 166	2 882	9 791	82 387
Victoria	23 171		18 170	6 823	8 406	3 146	2 649	2 713	65 078
Queensland	40 999	18 560		5 908	8 153	3 140	5 417	3 341	85 518
South Australia	5 042	5 635	4 747		2 375	713	2 887	603	22 002
Western Australia	9 739	8 722	9 720	3 300		1 675	2 772	887	36 815
Tasmania	2 295	2 850	3 332	753	1 515		458	303	11 506
Northern Territory	3 200	2 800	4 418	1 896	2 012	369		434	15 129
Australian Capital									
Territory	11 159	2 596	3 081	830	804	344	613		19 427
Total Departures	95 605	61 319	78 368	24 615	30 652	11 553	17 678	18 072	337 862
•									
Net gain/loss	–13 218	3 759	7 150	-2 613	6 163	-47	-2 549	1 355	
• • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •							
				2011-	12				
Name Canada Malaa		40.700	22 500	4.704	7 4 7 5	0.007	0.000	0.040	70.070
New South Wales		19 708	33 560	4 794	7 175	2 287	2 830	9 618	79 972
Victoria	22 704		17 736	6 826	8 178	3 544	2 536	2 566	64 090
Queensland	43 308	19 410		5 717	8 397	3 537	5 321	3 176	88 866
South Australia	5 144	5 594	4 602		2 466	735	2 374	688	21 603
Western Australia	11 048	10 218	10 906	3 411		1 979	2 732	943	41 237
Tasmania	2 108	2 574	2 818	662	1 390		408	226	10 186
Northern Territory	3 243	2 995	4 613	1 756	1 823	340		437	15 207
Australian Capital	40 705		0.00=	=0.4	700	0.4.0	400		40040
Territory	10 795	2 388	2 835	794	723	316	498		18 349
Total Departures	98 350	62 887	77 070	23 960	30 152	12 738	16 699	17 654	339 510
Net gain/loss	-18 378	1 203	11 796	-2 357	11 085	-2 552	-1 492	695	
				2010	`				,
				2010	,				
New South Wales		20 312	35 419	5 247	7 554	2 092	3 053	9 748	83 425
Victoria	22 969		17 971	6 610	8 084	3 122	2 532	2 635	63 923
Queensland	41 190	18 362		5 742	8 156	3 099	5 431	3 269	85 249
South Australia	4 761	5 575	4 541		2 344	648	2 432	609	20 910
Western Australia	9 008	8 359	9 283	2 964		1 491	2 827	827	34 759
Tasmania	2 341	2 937	3 358	730	1 595		461	272	11 694
Northern Territory	3 411	2 911	4 385	1 921	2 188	356		478	15 650
Australian Capital									
Territory	10 988	2 597	3 049	859	894	342	604		19 333
Total Departures	94 668	61 053	78 006	24 073	30 815	11 150	17 340	17 838	334 943
Net gain/loss	-11 243	2 870	7 243	-3 163	3 944	544	-1 690	1 495	
rvet gairijioss	11 240	2010	7 240	3 103	3 344	344	1 000	1 433	• • •
• • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •
				2011	_				
New South Wales		20 121	34 267	4 903	7 261	2 282	2 870	9 680	81 384
Victoria	23 330		18 130	6 909	8 491	3 393	2 732	2 718	65 703
Queensland	42 331	19 197		5 956	8 384	3 410	5 247	3 267	87 792
South Australia	5 303	5 610	4 748		2 477	759	2 850	602	22 349
Western Australia	10 385	9 397	10 412	3 453	2 411	1 894	2 677	925	39 143
Tasmania	2 239	2 740	3 166	715	1 416		432	260	10 968
Northern Territory	3 154	2 870	4 516	1 955	1 896	340		422	15 153
Australian Capital	0 10-	2010	+ 010	1 000	1 000	0-10		722	10 100
Territory	10 746	2 439	2 945	783	758	280	516		18 467
Total Departures	97 488	62 374	78 184	24 674	30 683	12 358	17 324	 17 874	340 959
									0 70 000
Net gain/loss	-16 104	3 329	9 608	-2 325	8 460	-1 390	-2 171	593	

^{. .} not applicable

.....

⁽a) Data are based on the 2006 Census.

 ⁽b) Estimates for interstate migration are preliminary unless otherwise stated – see paragraphs 22–26 of the Explanatory Notes.

DEPARTURES FROM:

	New							Australian	
	South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Northern Territory	Capital Territory	Total arrivals
Arrivals to:	psns	psns	psns	psns	psns	psns	psns	psns	psns
• • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
			SEPTEN	MBER QUA	ARTER 20	11			
New South Wales		4 533	7 582	1 081	1 642	541	625	2 122	18 126
Victoria	5 100		4 004	1 612	1 868	726	545	566	14 421
Queensland	9 659	4 413		1 313	1 968	816	1 134	744	20 047
South Australia	1 151	1 242	1 047		619	146	591	125	4 921
Western Australia	2 358	2 185	2 440	803		461	584	219	9 050
Tasmania	493	587	712	158	349		101	39	2 439
Northern Territory Australian Capital	744	702	1 022	463	424	68		104	3 527
Territory	2 407	500	575	154	178	49	104		3 967
Total Departures	21 912	14 162	17 382	5 584	7 048	2 807	3 684	3 919	76 498
Net gain/loss	-3 786	259	2 665	-663	2 002	-368	-157	48	
• • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •				• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
			JUN	E QUART	ER 2012				
New South Wales		4 752	8 035	1 144	1 690	558	593	2 337	19 109
Victoria	5 424		4 248	1 657	1 872	877	533	563	15 174
Queensland	10 362	4 653		1 236	2 014	872	1 221	674	21 032
South Australia	1 191	1 382	1 111		622	171	517	159	5 153
Western Australia	2 762	2 561	2 629	809		483	664	237	10 145
Tasmania	512	631	611	159	317		114	51	2 395
Northern Territory Australian Capital	786	765	1 073	346	461	78		90	3 599
Territory	2 622	517	636	170	194	69	115		4 323
Total Departures	23 659	15 261	18 343	5 521	7 170	3 108	3 757	4 111	80 930
Net gain/loss	-4 550	-87	2 689	-368	2 975	-713	-158	212	
• • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
			SEPTEN	ABER QUA	ARTER 20	12			
New South Wales		4 125	7 084	1 141	1 536	445	614	2 053	16 998
Victoria	4 981		3 866	1 504	1 780	776	529	530	13 966
Queensland	9 139	4 359		1 395	1 923	766	1 078	702	19 362
South Australia	1 072	1 251	1 013		595	139	452	143	4 665
Western Australia	2 307	2 260	2 270	784		422	534	168	8 745
Tasmania	457	525	572	146	322		56	65	2 143
Northern Territory Australian Capital	660	609	954	367	440	97		70	3 197
Territory	2 238	485	630	175	141	62	108		3 839
Total Departures	20 854	13 614	16 389	5 512	6 737	2 707	3 371	3 731	72 915
Net gain/loss	-3 856	352	2 973	-847	2 008	-564	-174	108	

^{..} not applicable

⁽a) Data are based on the 2006 Census.

⁽b) Estimates for interstate migration are preliminary unless otherwise stated – see paragraphs 22–26 of the Explanatory Notes.



PROJECTED NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS(a), States and territories—at 30 June

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2016	2021	2031		
	2000	2001	2000	2003	2010	2011	2010	2021	2001		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		
CAPITAL CITIES											
Sydney	1 572 117	1 595 497	1 620 020	1 645 358	1 671 802	1 698 814	1 834 442	1 971 275	2 233 112		
Melbourne	1 391 929	1 418 965	1 447 065	1 475 207	1 504 024	1 533 138	1 678 657	1 825 412	2 111 636		
Brisbane	671 557	687 728	704 162	721 080	738 867	757 049	848 217	942 159	1 131 039		
Adelaide	459 456	465 747	471 779	478 120	484 620	491 103	521 790	551 838	606 098		
Perth	578 252	593 222	608 457	624 059	640 092	656 371	738 167	821 712	988 018		
Hobart	82 185	83 230	84 434	85 523	86 617	87 707	92 805	97 649	106 185		
Darwin	40 133	41 272	42 590	43 794	44 817	45 852	50 896	55 857	65 532		
			RALANCE (OF STATE/	FDDITODV	,	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •		
		ı	SALANCE (JI STATE/	LKKITOKI						
New South Wales	975 940	990 089	1 004 994	1 020 090	1 035 643	1 051 331	1 123 672	1 190 075	1 294 367		
Victoria	536 688	545 728	554 598	563 169	571 573	579 976	618 614	653 527	707 058		
Queensland	841 464	864 786	888 084	912 222	937 197	962 525	1 087 860	1 212 958	1 450 930		
South Australia	167 091	169 718	172 548	175 383	178 165	180 924	193 523	204 659	222 240		
Western Australia	198 014	203 430	209 150	214 716	219 976	225 229	250 045	273 219	314 302		
Tasmania	113 867	115 045	116 403	117 830	119 060	120 295	125 625	129 801	134 483		
Northern Territory	24 241	24 754	25 224	25 649	26 071	26 507	28 500	30 377	33 864		
				TOTAL							
New South Wales	2 548 057	2 585 586	2 625 014	2 665 448	2 707 445	2 750 145	2 958 114	3 161 350	3 527 479		
Victoria	1 928 617	1 964 693	2 001 663	2 038 376	2 075 597	2 113 114	2 297 271	2 478 939	2 818 694		
Queensland	1 513 021	1 552 514	1 592 246	1 633 302	1 676 064	1 719 574	1 936 077	2 155 117	2 581 969		
South Australia	626 547	635 465	644 327	653 503	662 785	672 027	715 313	756 497	828 338		
Western Australia	776 266	796 652	817 607	838 775	860 068	881 600	988 212	1 094 931	1 302 320		
Tasmania	196 052	198 275	200 837	203 353	205 677	208 002	218 430	227 450	240 668		
Northern Territory	64 374	66 026	67 814	69 443	70 888	72 359	79 396	86 234	99 396		
Australian Capital Territory	126 500	129 243	131 370	133 494	135 682	137 885	148 450	158 548	176 815		
Australia (b)	7 780 193	7 929 225	8 081 656	8 236 473	8 394 980	8 555 475	9 342 028	10 119 860	11 576 516		
Australia(D)	1 100 193	1 323 225	9 091 939	0 230 4/3	0 334 360	0 000 4/5	9 342 UZB	TO TT9 000	TT 310 3T0		

⁽a) Data are based on the 2006 Census – see paragraphs 41–42 of the (b) Includes Other Territories – see paragraph 2 of the Explanatory Notes. Explanatory Notes. For further information see – Series II, Household and Family Projections, Australia, 2006 to 2031 (cat. no. 3236.0).

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

- 1 This quarterly publication contains the most recent estimates of the resident populations (ERP) of Australia and the states and territories based on the results of the 2011 Census of Population and Housing held on 9 August 2011 (with various adjustments described in paragraph 5). The ABS has used the 2011 Census to produce preliminary rebased estimates of the resident population (refer to paragraph 6). This publication contains the latest available statistics on births, deaths (including infant deaths) and overseas and interstate migration. In addition, the publication includes estimates of the resident population by age groups, major population regions and estimates and projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population. It also includes projected resident populations and projected number of households. Periodically, articles on specific demographic topics will be released on the ABS web site in conjunction with this publication.
- **2** Following the 1992 amendments to the *Acts Interpretation Act* to include the Indian Ocean Territories of Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands as part of geographic Australia, population estimates commencing from September quarter 1993 include estimates for these two territories. To reflect this change, another category of the state and territory level has been created, known as Other Territories. Other Territories include Jervis Bay Territory (previously included with the Australian Capital Territory), as well as Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands which were previously excluded from population estimates for Australia. Data for Other and External Territories are detailed separately in table 8.
- **3** Estimates for Australian External Territories will be updated annually as at 30 June unless a more recent estimate is required for electoral apportionment purposes under the *Commonwealth Electoral Act 1918*.
- **4** Australia's population estimates for the period since 1971 are compiled according to the place of usual residence of the population. An explanation of the place of usual residence conceptual basis for population estimates is given in *Information Paper: Population Concepts, 2008* (cat. no. 3107.0.55.006) and also in *Population Estimates: Concepts, Sources and Methods, 2009* (cat. no. 3228.0.55.001).
- **5** The estimated resident population is an estimate of the Australian population obtained by adding to the estimated population at the beginning of each period the component of natural increase (on a usual residence basis) and the component of net overseas migration. For the states and territories, estimated interstate movements involving a change of usual residence are also taken into account. Estimates of the resident population are based on Census counts by place of usual residence, to which are added the estimated Census net undercount and the number of Australian residents estimated to have been temporarily overseas at the time of the Census. Overseas visitors
- **6** After each Census, estimates for the preceding intercensal period are revised by incorporating an additional adjustment (intercensal discrepancy) to ensure that the total intercensal increase agrees with the difference between the estimated resident populations at the two 30 June dates in the respective Census years.

in Australia are excluded from this calculation.

Status of quarterly ERP data

7 The status of quarterly ERP data changes over time from preliminary to revised to final as new component data becomes available. The first of the two tables below shows the current status of ERP and the components of population change: natural increase, net overseas migration and net interstate migration. The second table contains the status of ERP that will be reflected in the next release of Australian Demographic Statistics (December Qtr. 2012).

POPULATION AND
COMPONENTS OF
POPULATION CHANGE

Method of estimation

STATUS OF QUARTERLY ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION (ERP) DATA, AS AT 28 MARCH 2013

	Census base	Natural increase	Net overseas migration	Net interstate migration	ERP STATUS
Sep. 2001-Jun. 2006	2006 Census	Final	Final	Final	FINAL
Sep. 2006-Jun. 2010	2011 Census	Revised — based on date of occurrence	Final — based on actual traveller behaviour	Preliminary — modelled expansion factors based on 2006 Census	PRELIMINARY REBASED
Sep. 2010-Jun. 2011	2011 Census	Preliminary — based on date of registration	Preliminary — based on modelled traveller behaviour	Preliminary — modelled expansion factors based on 2006 Census	PRELIMINARY REBASED
Sep. 2011-Sep. 2012	2011 Census	Preliminary — based on date of registration	Preliminary — based on modelled traveller behaviour	Preliminary — modelled expansion factors based on 2006 Census	PRELIMINARY

STATUS OF QUARTERLY ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION (ERP) DATA, AS AT 20 JUNE 2013

	Census base	Natural increase	Net overseas migration	Net interstate migration	ERP STATUS
Sep.1991-Jun. 1996	1996 Census	Final (Recast)	Final (Recast)	Final (Recast)	FINAL (RECAST)
Sep. 1996-Jun. 2001	2001 Census	Final (Recast)	Final (Recast)	Final (Recast)	FINAL (RECAST)
Sep. 2001-Jun. 2006	2006 Census	Final (Recast)	Final (Recast)	Final (Recast)	FINAL (RECAST)
Sep. 2006-Jun. 2011	2011 Census	Final (Rebased)	Final (Rebased)	Final (Rebased)	FINAL (REBASED)
Sep. 2011-Dec. 2012	2011 Census	Preliminary — based on date of registration	Preliminary — based on modelled traveller behaviour	Preliminary — modelled expansion factors based on 2006 Census	PRELIMINARY

Note: 'Final (Recast)' refers to recast estimates based on 2011 ERP.

Natural increase: births and deaths

- **8** Natural increase is a major component of ABS quarterly state and territory population estimates and is calculated using the estimated number of births and deaths. The births and deaths data in this release are shown by state and territory of usual residence, using year/quarter of registration for preliminary data and year/quarter of occurrence for both revised and final data. This may affect time series comparisons within relevant tables. For preliminary estimates, births and deaths by quarter of registration are used as a proxy for quarter of occurrence. For revised estimates, a factor has been applied to the number of occurrences to allow for those occurrences which were yet to be registered at the time of revision. For final estimates between 30 June 1991 and 30 June 2006, year/quarter of occurrence data are used. For further details see *Demography Working Paper 1998/2 Quarterly Birth and Death Estimates, 1998* (cat. no. 3114.0).
- **9** The timeliness and accuracy of ABS quarterly population estimates depend in part on the timeliness and accuracy of estimates of births and deaths which are based on registrations. To be able to provide timely estimates, the ABS produces preliminary estimates using births and deaths by quarter of registration as a proxy for quarter of occurrence. The major difficulty in this area stems from the fact that while the vast majority of births and deaths are registered promptly, a small proportion of registrations are delayed for months or even years. Lags or accumulations in births and deaths registrations can be caused by:
 - late notification of a birth or death event to a state or territory registry;
 - delays arising from incomplete information supplied for a registration;
 - procedural changes affecting the processing cycles in any of the state and territory registries; or
 - resolution of issues that may arise within the ABS or registry processing systems.

Natural increase: births and deaths continued

- **10** Preliminary birth and death estimates are subject to fluctuations caused by lags or accumulations in the reporting of births and deaths registrations. Accumulations can result from the eventual processing of lagged registrations in a later quarter. As a result, preliminary quarterly estimates can be an underestimate or an overestimate of the true numbers of births and deaths occurring in a reference period.
- **11** Selected birth and death registration data contributing to preliminary estimates which are higher or lower than usual have been explained by the state registrars as follows:
 - September 2012: The New South Wales registry has indicated that the increase in both birth and death registrations follows a general pattern of increases in the September quarter. They also indicated that birth registration increases could be associated with initiatives to assist the population of outlying areas to register births as well as general initiatives to increases awareness of the importance of birth and death registrations in outlying areas.
 - September 2012: The Victorian, Western Australian, South Australian and ACT registries have advised that there were no significant changes in processing, backlog processing or staffing which could have influenced an increased level of birth and death registrations. The Victorian and Western Australian registries highlighted state initiatives to provide registration assistance as well as registration awareness raising initiatives. The ACT registry observed that a small increase in the number of coroner certified deaths as well as a perceived increasing use of ACT health services by residents from the surrounding rural areas of NSW may have contributed to the increase in birth and death registrations.
- June 2012: The WA registry has indicated that the increase in both birth and death registrations in the June quarter is as a result of a registration initiative in remote communities based on collaboration with other government departments.
- June 2012: The Tasmanian registry has indicated that the drop in birth registrations in the June quarter is due to processing lags from the previous quarter as a result of staffing issues.
- June 2012: The Northern Territory registry has indicated that increased registrations, particularly in the case of births in the June quarter can be attributed to initiatives to progress registrations before the end of the financial year.
- March 2012: The Northern Territory registry has noted a lag in death registrations as a result of incomplete records which delayed processing. The increase in birth registrations in the March 2012 quarter can also be attributed to more timely notifications of births from hospitals.
- March 2012: The comparatively high numbers of births and deaths in the Northern Territory for the March 2012 quarter are attributed to more staffing fluctuations over the December 2011 period.
- September 2011: Fluctuations in the September 2011 quarter in the number of birth registrations in the Australian Capital Territory and the high number of death registrations in New South Wales were queried with the respective Registries. Information provided by the Registries indicate that these fluctuations may be the result of changes in processing rates.
- September 2011: The ABS identified a systems processing error with the New South Wales birth registration data for the September 2011 and earlier quarters. The data for the September 2011 quarter have been corrected. Data for earlier quarters will be corrected at the time of final rebasing, scheduled for release in June 2013. For further details, see paragraph 12 of the Explanatory Notes (below).

Natural increase: births and deaths continued

- June 2011: The Northern Territory Registry recorded higher than usual births registrations and lower than usual deaths registrations in the June quarter 2011. The Registry advised that in the lead up to the end of the financial year they processed as many registrations as possible. However there were delays in getting Medical Certificates of Cause of Death from some hospitals an issue which the Registry believes is now resolved.
- March 2011: The Queensland floods and Cyclone Yasi had major impacts on Queensland. The Registry experienced disruptions to the lodgement and processing of registrations early in the March quarter 2011 but caught up with backlogs by the end of the quarter. It is expected that the impacts of these natural disasters on many communities, on various industries, on infrastructure and the rebuilding thereof is likely to have demographic impacts in Queensland.
- March 2011: Victoria recorded a comparatively large increase in death registrations from the March quarter 2010 to the March quarter 2011. This was attributed to unusually low death registration numbers in the March quarter of 2010 due to human resourcing issues which resulted in a delay in processing registrations.
- March 2011: On 15 December 2010 a boat (formally known as a suspected illegal entry vessel) carrying asylum seekers sank in Australian territorial waters off Christmas Island and 30 people died in the incident. These deaths were registered in the first quarter of 2011 by the WA Registry as deaths of overseas residents with an imputed usual residence of WA although they were never officially registered as having arrived in Australia. This anomaly leads to a statistical undercount in the ERP of 30 persons. Ultimately, this anomaly will be accounted for in the intercensal discrepancy when the ERP is finalised (for further information on intercensal discrepancy see Glossary).
- **12** Concerns have been raised with the accuracy of the NSW births counts in recent years. In response to these concerns the ABS, in conjunction with the NSW Registry of Births, Deaths and Marriages, has undertaken an investigation which has led to the identification of an ABS systems processing error. The ABS acknowledges that this has resulted in previous undercounts of births in NSW. Following further analysis, the ABS has a preliminary indication of the number of unprocessed registrations in each year (2005-2010) and the corresponding year and quarter of occurrence of each registration (see tables below). This information will be reflected in the final rebased population estimates when they are released in *Australian Demographic Statistics* (cat. no. 3101.0) on 20 June 2013 and *Births, Australia 2011* (cat. no. 3301.0).

TABLE 1. UNPROCESSED NEW SOUTH WALES BIRTHS BY QUARTER OF REGISTRATION

	March	June	September	December	Total
Year	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
2005	702	1 210	1 678	1 112	4 702
2006	1 374	916	1 778	837	4 905
2007	1 415	1 696	2 092	1 736	6 939
2008	1 437	1 382	1 491	1 342	5 652
2009	1 562	1 526	1 186	1 242	5 516
2010	1 747	1 267	1 288	1 113	5 415
Total					33 129

. . not applicable

Natural increase: births and deaths continued

TABLE 2. UNPROCESSED NEW SOUTH WALES BIRTHS BY QUARTER OF OCCURRENCE, (Including Other States and Territories)

	March	June	September	December	Total NSW	Total Other States and Territories	Total Australia
Year	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.	no.
Prior to June 1991	np	np	np	np	3 098	32	3 130
1991	np	np	96	104	200	1	201
1992	135	126	131	142	534	9	543
1993	144	111	133	121	509	8	517
1994	152	135	112	94	493	8	501
1995	87	103	114	91	395	12	407
1996	94	133	115	149	491	10	501
1997	144	129	168	166	607	8	615
1998	153	184	165	184	686	12	698
1999	192	203	278	240	913	13	926
2000	293	339	366	424	1 422	15	1 437
2001	465	437	460	450	1 812	22	1 834
2002	547	607	597	574	2 325	24	2 349
2003	614	670	664	753	2 701	21	2 722
2004	808	714	693	661	2 876	31	2 907
2005	505	532	531	604	2 172	20	2 192
2006	639	679	785	1 461	3 564	28	3 592
2007	1 301	1 369	620	532	3 822	38	3 860
2008	436	470	464	458	1 828	21	1 849
2009	501	452	403	419	1 775	23	1 798
2010	286	195	60	3	544	6	550
Total					32 767	362	33 129

^{..} not applicable

Net overseas migration

- **13** According to recommendations of the United Nations, an international migrant is defined as "*any person who changes his or her country of usual residence*" (United Nations 1998). For the purposes of estimating net overseas migration (NOM), and thereby Australia's official ERP counts, a person is regarded as a usual resident if they have been (or expected to be) residing in Australia for a period of 12 months or more. As such, NOM and ERP estimates include all people, regardless of nationality, citizenship or legal status, who usually live in Australia, with the exception of foreign diplomatic personnel and their families.
- **14** Conceptually, the term NOM is based on an international traveller's duration of stay being in or out of Australia for 12 months or more. It is the difference between the number of incoming travellers who stay in Australia for 12 months or more and are added to the population (NOM arrivals) and the number of outgoing travellers who leave Australia for 12 months or more and are subtracted from the population (NOM departures). With the introduction of the improved methods for estimating NOM, this 12 month period *does not have to be continuous* and is measured over a 16 month reference period. For example, whether a traveller is in or out of the population is determined by their exact duration of stay in or away from Australia over the subsequent 16 months after arrival or departure.
- 15 The ABS developed and introduced an improved method, called the '12/16 month rule' methodology, for estimating NOM. It has been used in calculating Australia's official ERP since September quarter 2006. The '12/16 month rule' methodology is a result of reviewing the treatment of temporary migrants (both long-term and short-term) who are away from or resident in Australia for a period of 12 months or more.

np not available for publication but included in totals where applicable, unless otherwise indicated

Net overseas migration continued

- **16** The current NOM estimation methods employ a '12/16 month rule' where the traveller can be added or subtracted from NOM if they have stayed in or been absent from Australia for a period of 12 months or more over a 16 month period. This period of 12 months does not have to be continuous. Although a traveller states their intended duration of stay on a passenger card, for NOM purposes the ABS now measures an individual's actual travel behaviour.
- 17 For further information on the improvements to NOM estimation and changes to the revision schedule for NOM, see the Information Paper: Improving Net Overseas Migration Estimation, Mar 2010 (cat. no. 3412.0.55.001). For further information on the '12/16 month rule' methodology see the Technical Note: '12/16 month rule' Methodology for Calculating Net Overseas Migration from September quarter 2006 onwards in Migration, Australia, 2009-10 (cat. no. 3412.0). For more detailed information, see:
 - Information Paper: Statistical Implications of Improved Methods for Estimating Net Overseas Migration, Australia, 2007 (cat. no. 3107.0.55.005); and
- Information Paper: Improved Methods for Estimating Net Overseas Migration, Australia, 2006 (cat. no. 3107.0.55.003).

FINAL NOM ESTIMATES

18 It is with the final NOM estimates that the '12/16 month rule' can be fully applied. A traveller's actual duration of stay can only be calculated when data on overseas movements become available for the 16 months following a reference period. Final NOM estimation methods use ERP flags to determine if a traveller, through their actual duration of stay in or out of Australia, should be included or excluded from NOM estimates and consequently ERP estimates.

PRELIMINARY NOM ESTIMATES

- **19** Preliminary estimates of NOM are required five to six months after the reference quarter for the production of quarterly estimates of the population of Australia, and the states and territories. At that time, complete traveller histories for the 16 months following a reference quarter cannot be produced. Migration adjustments are calculated from changes in behaviour from final estimates one year earlier for the same groups of travellers. These migration adjustments are applied to travellers who are grouped according to their 'initial category of travel', age, country of citizenship and state/territory of usual/intended residence. The adjustments account for differences between their intended duration of stay and their actual duration of stay.
- 20 Preliminary estimates using the improved method for estimating NOM using a 'two year ago' propensity model were used in official ABS population estimates from September quarter 2006 until June quarter 2008. Since September quarter 2008 a 'one year ago' propensity model has been used.
- 21 Australia's ERP and estimates of NOM include all people, regardless of nationality or citizenship, who usually live in Australia, with the exception of foreign diplomatic personnel and their families. Therefore, foreign diplomatic personnel and their families are considered out of scope and were removed from NOM estimates from 1 July 2006. The previous methodology for estimating NOM was unable to exclude diplomatic

Net interstate migration

Diplomatic personnel

personnel and their families.

22 Interstate migration is a key determinant of the accuracy of state and territory population estimates. Data on interstate migration cannot be directly estimated. Instead, post-censal estimates of interstate migration are modelled using administrative by-product data. Currently, the data used by the ABS are information on interstate changes of address advised to Medicare Australia and to the Department of Defence in the case of the military. The Medicare-based model used for generating post-censal

Net interstate migration continued

estimates of interstate migration is largely superseded when new Census information becomes available.

- **23** When Census data on interstate movement become available, part of the process of rebasing ERPs for states and territories is the re-derivation of interstate migration for the intercensal period. The overall approach is to minimise state intercensal error using data analysed from the Census questions concerning an individual's place of residence one year ago, five years ago and on Census night. When new Census data are available, interstate migration estimates for the intercensal period are replaced with estimates derived from Census data on place of usual residence five years ago if these reduce intercensal error. These estimates are then scaled to sum to zero at the Australian level. A similar process is carried out for the year prior to the Census, using Census data on place of usual residence one year ago. The difference between the original interstate migration estimates and the rebased estimates is apportioned across all quarters, movement categories, ages and sex categories in the intercensal period in order to minimise quarterly change.
- 24 Changes to the model with updated expansion factors have been applied to interstate migration estimates from September quarter 2006 onwards and include the revision of preliminary estimates already published. The migration model is essentially the same as the model used to estimate interstate migration for 2001 to 2006. It includes updated expansion factors that have been calculated using the latest data available, including Census data and additional Medicare data used to help measure multiple movers (people who may have moved more than once during the year prior to the 2006 Census). Expansion factors are used to account for an under coverage of Medicare data by various ages and sex. The model includes the following characteristics:
 - Medicare data lagged by three months (both for calculating expansion factors and for estimating progressive quarters of interstate migration);
 - smoothed inputs used to produce expansion factors (ie: Census, Medicare & multiple movers data were smoothed);
 - capping applied to expansion factors (in contrast to the 2001-06 method);
 - expansion factors applied to males aged 17 to 30 years and females aged 17 to 25 years (this differs to the age range used in the 2001-06 method); and
 - no smoothing applied to the expansion factors.
- **25** For more detailed information on the changes to the model see *Information Paper: Review of Interstate Migration Method, Mar 2009* (cat. no. 3106.0.55.001).
- 26 Due to the fact that the Medicare data source is an indirect measure of interstate migration, the post-censal quarterly estimates of interstate migration have long been considered the weakest measure of a component of population change at the state and territory level. For further information on the process of estimating interstate migration and the administrative data used, see:
 - Information Paper: Review of Interstate Migration Method, Mar 2009 (cat. no. 3106.0.55.001); and
 - Information Paper: Evaluation of Administrative Data Sources for Use in Quarterly Estimation of Interstate Migration, 2006 to 2011 (cat. no. 3127.0.55.001).

Defence force adjustment

27 Medicare theoretically covers all Australian usual residents as well as those non-Australian residents granted temporary registration. However, there are a range of Australian usual residents who do not access the Medicare system, primarily due to access to alternative health services. One group is the military. As such, estimates of interstate migration produced from the interstate migration model described in the information paper *Information Paper: Review of Interstate Migration Method, Mar 2009* (cat. no. 3106.0.55.001) are adjusted to compensate for defence force movements not covered by Medicare. These adjustments are estimated using counts of defence force

Defence force adjustment continued

ESTIMATES AND
PROJECTIONS OF ABORIGINAL
AND TORRES STRAIT
ISLANDER POPULATION

personnel by age, sex and state/territory, obtained from the Department of Defence, with 70% of any change in quarterly defence numbers assumed to be due to interstate migration not otherwise covered by the model.

28 The standard approach to population estimation for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians is not possible because satisfactory annual data on births, deaths and internal migration are not generally available. Furthermore, there is significant intercensal volatility in census counts of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population, thus adding to the problem of estimating the true Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population. This volatility can in part be attributed to changes to the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population that cannot be attributed to natural increase or interstate migration. As a result, a method based on the use of life tables is used to produce time series data. Projections of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population are based on the 2006 Census. Series A of the projections assumes declining fertility, increasing paternity, constant net interstate migration, zero net overseas migration and constant life expectancy at birth. Series B assumes declining fertility, increasing paternity, constant net interstate migration, zero net overseas migration and increasing life expectancy at birth. For further details see Experimental Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 1991 to 2021 (cat. no. 3238.0).

OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES STATISTICS

- **29** Persons arriving in, or departing from, Australia provide information in the form of incoming and outgoing passenger cards. Incoming persons also provide information in visa applications (apart from people travelling as Australian or New Zealand (NZ) citizens). These and other information available to the Australian Government Department of Immigration and Citizenship (DIAC) serve as a source for statistics of overseas arrivals and departures (OAD).
- **30** In July 1998, DIAC revised the incoming and outgoing passenger cards and associated procedures as well as computer systems. Following these changes, some questions on the passenger cards were not compulsory and answers to these questions were not checked by Customs officers. The question on marital status was deleted. Data on marital status are now derived from visa applications (only for certain visa classes) and are therefore not available for Australian or NZ citizens. The changes also affect the data for 'previous country of residence' which is imputed for Australian and NZ citizens. For more information see the May 1998 issue of *Overseas Arrivals and Departures*, *Australia* (cat. no. 3401.0). Since July 1998, there have been additional minor changes to both incoming and outgoing passenger cards.
- **31** From July 2001, DIAC adopted a new passenger card processing system which involved electronic imaging of passenger cards and intelligent character recognition of the data stored in the images. This process has yielded several improvements to the processing of passenger card data, most notably the detailed information about missing values. There have also been several changes to data quality. Further information on these changes is provided in *Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia* (cat. no. 3401.0).
- **32** Overseas arrivals and departures statistics relate to the number of movements of travellers rather than the number of travellers (i.e. multiple movements of individual persons during a given reference period are each counted separately). The statistics exclude the movements of operational air and ships' crew, of transit passengers who pass through Australia but are not cleared for entry, and of passengers on pleasure cruises commencing and finishing in Australia. Similarly, these statistics exclude unauthorised arrivals.

Scope

Scope continued

33 For more information, see *Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia* (cat. no. 3401.0).

NEW METHOD FOR DEFINING RESIDENTS TEMPORARILY OVERSEAS

- 34 The ABS has improved the measure of net overseas migration by expanding the Australian residence criteria from a 12/12 months rule to a 12/16 months rule. This has implications for the measurement of residents temporarily overseas (RTOs) due to the change in residence criteria mentioned above. A final measure of RTOs can only be obtained 21 months after Census night, when actual traveller behaviour, and each traveller's true residence status on Census night (according to 12/16 month rule) can be observed. For further information on the improved measure of net overseas migration see:
 - Information Paper: Improved Methods for Estimating Net Overseas Migration, 2006 (cat.no. 3107.0.55.003); and
 - Information Paper: Statistical Implications of Improved Methods for Estimating Net Overseas Migration, Australia, 2007 (cat. no. 3107.0.55.005).

POPULATION PROJECTIONS

- **35** Population projections presented in this publication are not predictions or forecasts. They are an assessment of what would happen to Australia's population if the assumed levels of components of population change births, deaths and migration were to hold for the next 50–100 years.
- **36** The ERP at June 2007 is the base for the projections series. The three series presented in this publication, and their assumptions are as follows:
- **37** Series A assumes the Total Fertility Rate (TFR) will reach 2.0 babies per woman by 2021 and then remain constant, life expectancy at birth will continue to increase until 2056 (reaching 93.9 years for males and 96.1 years for females), NOM will reach 220,000 by 2011 and then remain constant, and high flows of interstate migration.
- **38** Series B assumes the TFR will decrease to 1.8 babies per woman by 2021 and then remain constant, life expectancy at birth will continue to increase each year until 2011 after which mortality improvement will decline until 2056 (reaching 85.0 years for males and 88.0 years for females), NOM will be held constant at 180,000 per year throughout the projection period, and medium flows of interstate migration.
- **39** Series C assumes the TFR will decrease to 1.6 babies per woman by 2021 and then remain constant, life expectancy at birth will continue to increase each year until 2011 after which mortality improvement will decline until 2056 (reaching 85.0 years for males and 88.0 years for females), NOM will decrease to 140,000 per year by 2011 and then remain constant, and low flows of interstate migration.
- **40** For additional series and information (e.g. age, sex, states/territories and capital cities/balances of state), see *Population Projections*, *Australia*, *2006 to 2101* (cat. no. 3222.0).

HOUSEHOLD PROJECTIONS

41 The ABS uses a propensity method to project numbers of households, families and persons in different living arrangements. The method identifies propensities (proportions) from the Census of Population and Housing for people to belong to different living arrangement types. Trends observed in the propensities over the last four censuses are assumed to continue into the future, and applied to a projected population (see Series B, *Population Projections, Australia, 2006 to 2101* (cat. no. 3222.0)). Numbers of households and families are then derived from the projected living arrangements of the population.

HOUSEHOLD PROJECTIONS continued

42 Data presented in table 20 are not intended as predictions or forecasts, but are illustrations of growth and change in the numbers of households which would occur if the assumptions about future trends in living arrangements were to prevail over the projection period. For more information see *Household and Family Projections*, *Australia*, 2006 to 2031 (cat. no. 3236.0).

CONFIDENTIALITY

- **43** The *Census and Statistics Act, 1905* provides the authority for the ABS to collect statistical information, and requires that statistical output shall not be published or disseminated in a manner that is likely to enable the identification of a particular person or organisation. This requirement means that the ABS must take care and make assurances that any statistical information about individual respondents cannot be derived from published data.
- 44 Some techniques used to guard against identification or disclosure of confidential information in statistical tables are suppression of sensitive cells, and random adjustments to cells with very small values. To protect confidentiality within this publication, some cell values may have been suppressed and are not available for publication (np) but included in totals where applicable. In these cases, data may not sum to totals due to the confidentialisation of individual cells.

ROUNDING

45 In this publication, population estimates and their components have sometimes been rounded. Rounded figures and unrounded figures should not be assumed to be accurate to the last digit shown. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of component items and totals.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

46 ABS publications draw extensively on information provided freely by individuals, businesses, governments and other organisations. Their continued cooperation is very much appreciated: without it, the wide range of statistics published in the ABS would not be available. Information received by the ABS is treated in strict confidence as required by the *Census and Statistics Act 1905*.

USE OF POPULATION
ESTIMATES IN AGREEMENTS

- 47 The ABS is the central statistical authority for the Australian government. It is required by law to publish official population estimates. It abides by codes of professional practice that include being open and transparent about underlying methodology. The ABS provides regular explanatory information to support users in understanding both population trends and methodological changes, but does not comment on the specific use (or otherwise) of official population estimates by other organisations or individuals.
- **48** Population estimates are used extensively within the Australian community, including in a range of agreements. Although the ABS acknowledges that the official population estimates and changes in these estimates are specifically referenced in various agreements, it neither endorses nor disapproves of the terms of the agreements and decisions made by parties in relation to those agreements. In addition, the ABS does not provide a position on disputes arising from the interpretation of terms of an agreement that reference official population estimates.

RELATED PRODUCTS

- **49** Other ABS products which may be of interest to users include:
 - Animated population pyramids for Australia and each state and territory are available on the ABS website <www.abs.gov.au> by selecting Australia's Population and scroll to Animated Population Pyramids;
 - Australian Historical Population Statistics, 2008 (cat. no. 3105.0.65.001);
 - Births, Australia (cat. no. 3301.0);
 - Causes of Death, Australia (cat. no. 3303.0);
 - Causes of Death, Australia: Doctor Certified Deaths, Summary Tables (cat. no. 3303.0.55.001);

RELATED PRODUCTS continued

- Census of Population and Housing Details of Undercount (cat. no. 2940.0);
- Deaths, Australia (cat. no. 3302.0);
- Discussion Paper: Assessment of Methods for Developing Life Tables for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2006 (cat. no. 3302.0.55.002);
- Experimental Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 1991 to 2021 (cat. no. 3238.0);
- Experimental Estimates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, Jun 2006 (cat. no. 3238.0.55.001);
- Experimental Life Tables for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2005–2007 (cat. no. 3302.0.55.003);
- Household and Family Projections, Australia, 2006 to 2031 (cat. no. 3236.0);
- Information Paper: Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Demographic Statistics Work Program and Release Plans, April 2012 (cat. no. 3238.0.55.003);
- Information Paper: Determining Seats in the House of Representatives Legislative Requirements for Provision of ABS Statistics, 2005 (cat. no. 3107.0.55.002);
- Information Paper: Ensuring the Quality of Rebased Population Estimates, 2011 (cat. no. 3250.0);
- Information Paper: Improved Methods for Estimating Net Overseas Migration, 2006 (cat. no. 3107.0.55.003);
- Information Paper: Improving Net Overseas Migration Estimation, Mar 2010 (cat. no. 3412.0.55.001);
- Information Paper: Measuring Net Undercount in the 2011 Population Census, 2011 (cat. no. 2940.0.55.001);
- Information Paper: Population Estimates under Australia's New Statistical Geography, August 2011 (cat. no. 3219.0.55.001);
- Information Paper: Rebasing Population Estimates, Australia, 2011 (cat. no. 3101.0.55.001);
- Information Paper: Review of Interstate Migration Method, March 2009 (cat. no. 3106.0.55.001);
- Information Paper: Statistical Implications of Improved Methods for Estimating Net Overseas Migration, Australia, 2007 (cat. no. 3107.0.55.005);
- *Marriages and Divorces, Australia* (cat. no. 3310.0);
- *Migration, Australia* (cat. no. 3412.0);
- Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia (cat. no. 3401.0);
- Perinatal Deaths, Australia, 2009 (cat. no. 3304.0);
- Population by Age and Sex, Australian States and Territories (cat. no. 3201.0);
- Population by Age and Sex, Regions of Australia (cat. no. 3235.0);
- Population Estimates: Concepts, Sources and Methods, 2009 (cat. no. 3228.0.55.001);
- Population Projections, Australia, 2006 to 2101 (cat. no. 3222.0);
- Regional Population Growth, Australia (cat. no. 3218.0); and
- Suicides, Australia (cat. no. 3309.0).

ADDITIONAL STATISTICS AVAILABLE

- **50** As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant data available on request. Inquiries should be made to the National Information and Referral Service on 1300 135 070.
- **51** ABS products and publications are available free of charge from the ABS website http://www.abs.gov.au. Click on Statistics to gain access to the full range of ABS statistical and reference information.

ADDITIONAL STATISTICS
AVAILABLE continued

52 Statistics of overseas arrivals and departures and related data are also published regularly by DIAC http://www.immi.gov.au (see the Department's quarterly publications, *Immigration Update* and *The Outlook for Net Overseas Migration*) and by Tourism Research Australia (on international travel and tourism) http://www.ret.gov.au/tourism/research.

TECHNICAL NOTE UPCOMING AND RECENT RELEASES

RECENT	AND	UPCOMING
RELEASE	ES	

1 Below is a table of publications related to *Australian Demographic Statistics* that have recently been released or are about to be released in the near future.

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	Release date	Catalogue number	Publication title	Contents
RECENT F			RECENT	RELEASES
	06/02/2013	cat. no. 3401.0	Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia, December 2012	Monthly Overseas Arrivals and Departures data
	07/02/2013	cat. no. 3218.0	Regional Population Growth, Australia, 2011	Two additional data cubes were added (Significant Urban Area, 2001 to 2011 and Remoteness Area (ASGS 2011), 2001 to 2011)
	12/03/2013	cat. no. 3301.0	Births, Australia, 2011	Additional data to Births, Australia, 2011 (released 25/10/2012), addressing previous undercounts of birth registrations in NSW for the period 2005–2010
	07/03/2013	cat. no. 3401.0	Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia, January 2013	Monthly Overseas Arrivals and Departures data
	15/03/2013	cat. no. 3303.0	Causes of Death, Australia, 2011	National cause of death data for 2011 by age groups/sex
	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •		RELEASES
	09/04/2013	cat. no. 3401.0	Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia, February 2013	Monthly Overseas Arrivals and Departures data
	30/04/2013	cat. no. 3218.0	Regional Population Growth, Australia 2011–12	Preliminary sub-state ERP for 2012 (total estimates)
	20/06/2013	cat. no. 3101.0	Australian Demographic Statistics, Dec qtr. 2012	Final rebased ERP for 30 June 2011 and revised historical ERP series recast back to 1991. Also includes final Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population data at 30 June 2011 (Australia, states and territories) and final rates for the 2006–2011 period.
	30/08/2013	cat. no. 3218.0	Regional Population Growth, Australia	Final rebased ERP from 2001 to 2011 and revised for 2012 – sub–state level (total estimates)
	30/08/2013	cat. no. 3235.0	Population by Age and Sex, Regions of Australia, 2012	Final rebased ERP from 2001 to 2011 and revised for 2012 – sub–state level (age/sex estimates)
	30/08/2013	cat. no. 3238.0.55.001	Estimates of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, June 2011	Final estimates of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander, non-Indigenous and total populations of Australia at 30 June 2011 (for various geographies)
	24/10/2013	cat. no. 3301.0	Births, Australia, 2012	Preliminary births data for 2012 and revised births data for 2001 to 2011
	07/11/2013	cat. no. 3302.0	Deaths, Australia, 2012	Preliminary deaths data for 2012 and revised deaths data for 2001 to 2011
	07/11/2013	cat. no. 3302.0.55.001	Life Tables, States, Territories and Australia, 2010-2012	State, Territory and Australian life tables for the period 2010-2012
	Nov. 2013	cat. no. 3302.0.55.003	Life Tables for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 2010-2012	Life tables for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population of Australia by selected states/territories and remoteness areas of Australia
	Late 2013	cat. no. 3222.0	Population Projections, Australia, 2011 to 2106	ERP projections based on the 2011 Census
	Mid 2014	cat. no. 3105.0.65.001	Australian Historical Population Statistics, 2008	Historical updates of ERP, Births, Deaths, NOM and rates based on the 2011 Census

12/12 month rule

A method for measuring an overseas traveller's duration of stay or absence in which the 12 month usual residence criterion in population estimates is measured across a 12 month period. Under a 12/12 month rule, overseas travellers must be resident in Australia for a continuous 12 month period or more to be included in the estimated resident population. Similarly, Australian residents travelling overseas must be absent from Australia for a continuous 12 month period or more to be removed from the estimated resident population.

12/16 month rule

A method for measuring an overseas traveller's duration of stay or absence which takes an approach to measure usual residence that *does not have to be continuous*, as opposed to the *continuous* approach used under a '12/12 month rule'. Under a '12/16 month rule', incoming overseas travellers (who *are not* currently counted in the population) must be resident in Australia for a total period of 12 months or more, during the 16 month follow-up period to then be included in the estimated resident population. Similarly, those travellers departing Australia (who *are* currently counted in the population) must be absent from Australia for a total of 12 months or more during the 16 month follow-up period to then be subtracted from the estimated resident population.

The 12/16 month rule therefore takes account of those persons who may have left Australia briefly and returned, while still being resident for 12 months out of 16. Similarly, it takes account of Australians who live most of the time overseas but periodically return to Australia for short periods.

Age-specific fertility rates

Age-specific fertility rates in this publication are the number of live births (occurred or registered) during the financial year, according to age of mother, per 1,000 of the female estimated resident population of the same age at 31 December. For calculating these rates, births to mothers under 15 years are included in the 15–19 years age group, and births to mothers aged 50 years and over are included in the 45–49 years age group. Pro rata adjustment is made in respect of births for which age of mother is not given.

Average annual rate of growth

The average annual growth rate, r, is calculated as a percentage using the formula:

$$\mathbf{r} = \left[\left(\frac{P_n}{P_o} \right)^{-\frac{1}{n}} - 1 \right] \times 100$$

where P_0 is the population at the start of the period, P_n is the population at the end of the period and n is the length of the period between P_0 and P_n in years.

Balance of state or territory

The aggregation of all Statistical Divisions (SD) within a state or territory other than its capital city SD (see Major Statistical Region in *Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC)* (cat. no. 1216.0).

Birth

The delivery of a child, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, who, after being born, breathes or shows any other evidence of life such as heartbeat.

Capital city

Refers to the capital city Statistical Divisions of state and territories as defined in *Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC)* (cat. no. 1216.0).

Category of movement

Category of movement is of particular relevance to the overseas arrivals and departures (OAD) collection. OAD are classified according to length of stay (in Australia or overseas), as recorded by travellers on passenger cards or derived with reference to previous border crossings. There are three main categories of movement and 10 sub-categories:

- permanent movement:
 - permanent arrival (PA);
 - permanent departure (PD);
- long-term movement has a duration of stay (or absence) of one year or more:
 - long-term resident returning (LTRR);
 - long-term visitor arrival (LTVA);
 - long-term resident departure (LTRD);
 - long-term visitor departure (LTVD);

Category of movement continued

short-term resident returning (STRR);

- short-term visitor arrival (STVA);
- short-term resident departure (STRD); and
- short-term visitor departure (STVD).

A significant number of travellers (i.e. overseas visitors to Australia on arrival and Australian residents going abroad) state exactly 12 months or one year as their intended period of stay. Many stay for less than that period and on their departure from, or return to, Australia are therefore classified as short-term. Accordingly, in an attempt to maintain consistency between arrivals and departures, movements of travellers who report their actual or intended period of stay as being one year exactly are randomly allocated to long-term or short-term in proportion to the number of movements of travellers who report their actual length of stay as up to one month more, or one month less, than one

• short-term movement - has a duration of stay (or absence) of less than one year:

Census

The complete enumeration of a population or groups at a point in time with respect to well-defined characteristics (eg Population, Manufacturing, etc.). When the word is capitalised, "Census" usually refers to the national Census of Population and Housing.

Death

Death is the permanent disappearance of all evidence of life after birth has taken place. The definition excludes deaths prior to live birth.

For the purposes of the Deaths and Causes of Death collections conducted by the ABS, a death refers to any death which occurs in, or en route to Australia and is registered with a state or territory Registry of Births, Deaths and Marriages.

Estimated resident population (ERP) The official measure of the population of Australia is based on the concept of usual residence. It refers to all people, regardless of nationality, citizenship or legal status, who usually live in Australia, with the exception of foreign diplomatic personnel and their families. It includes usual residents who are overseas for less than 12 months. It excludes overseas visitors who are in Australia for less than 12 months.

Estimates of the Australian resident population are generated on a quarterly basis by adding natural increase (the excess of births over deaths) and net overseas migration (NOM) occurring during the period to the population at the beginning of each period. This is known as the cohort component method, and can be represented by the following equation:

 $P_{t+1} = P_t + B - D + NOM$, where:

 P_t = the estimated resident population at time point t

 P_{t+1} = the estimated resident population at time point t+1

B =the number of births occurring between t and t+1

D =the number of deaths occurring between t and t+1

NOM = net overseas migration occurring between t and t+1.

For state and territory population estimates, an additional term is added to the equation representing net interstate migration (NIM) occurring between t and t+1, represented by the following equation:

 $P_{t+1} = P_t + B - D + NOM + NIM.$

GLOSSARY continued

		•	
Ho	use	ho	ıa

A household is a group of two or more related or unrelated people who usually reside in the same dwelling who regard themselves as a household and who make common provision for food or other essentials for living; or a person living in a dwelling who makes provision for his or her own food and other essentials for living, without combining with any other person. Households include group households of unrelated persons, same-sex couple households, single-parent households as well as one-person households.

A household usually resides in a private dwelling (including caravans etc. in caravan parks). Persons usually resident in non-private dwellings, such as hotels, motels, boarding houses, gaols and hospitals, are not included in household estimates.

This definition of a household is consistent with the definition used in the Census.

Household population

The household population is the estimated resident population (ERP) that usually lives in private dwellings. It is the ERP less the population that usually lives in non-private dwellings.

Infant death

An infant death is the death of a live-born child who dies before reaching his/her first birthday.

Infant mortality rate (IMR)

The number of deaths of children under one year of age in a financial year per 1,000 live births in the same financial year.

Intercensal discrepancy

Intercensal discrepancy is the difference between two estimates at 30 June of a Census year population: the first based on the latest Census, and the second arrived at by updating the 30 June estimate of the previous Census date estimate with intercensal components of population change which take account of information available from the latest Census. It is caused by errors in the start and/or finish population estimates and/or in estimates of births, deaths or migration in the intervening period which cannot be attributed to a particular source. For further information see *Population Estimates: Concepts Sources and Methods, 2009* (cat. no. 3228.0.55.001).

Intercensal error

Intercensal error is the difference between two estimates at 30 June of a Census year population: the first based on the latest Census and the second arrived at by updating the 30 June estimate of the previous Census year with intercensal components of population change which do not take account of information available from the latest Census. For further information see *Population Estimates: Concepts Sources and Methods*, 2009 (cat. no. 3228.0.55.001).

Long-term arrivals

Long-term arrivals comprise of long-term visitor arrivals (LTVA) and long-term resident returns (LTRR).

Long-term departures

Long-term departures comprise of long-term resident departures (LTRD) and long-term visitor departures (LTVD).

Long-term resident departures

(LTRD)

Australian residents who state that they intend to stay abroad for 12 months or more (but not permanently).

Long-term resident returns

(LTRR)

Australian residents returning after an abscence of 12 months or more overseas.

Long-term visitor arrivals

(LTVA)

Overseas visitors who state that they intend to stay in Australia for 12 months or more (but not permanently).

Long-term visitor departures

(LTVD)

Overseas visitors departing who stayed 12 months or more in Australia.

Median age

For any distribution, the median value is that which divides the relevant population into two equal parts, half falling below the value, and half exceeding it. Thus, the median age is the age at which half the population is older and half is younger.

GLOSSARY continued

Migration adjustment

Under the previous NOM method, the ABS applied a number of adjustments to overseas arrivals and departures data in order to produce estimates of net overseas migration (NOM). These mainly comprised adjustments designed to reflect differences between stated travel intentions and actual travel behaviour. Until recently, adjustments used by ABS to produce NOM estimates were collectively referred to as 'category jumping adjustments'. They are now referred to more simply as 'migration adjustments'.

Natural increase

Excess of births over deaths.

Net interstate migration

The difference between the number of persons who have changed their place of usual residence by moving into a given state or territory and the number who have changed their place of usual residence by moving out of that state or territory during a specified time period. This difference can be either positive or negative.

Net overseas migration (NOM)

Net overseas migration is the net gain or loss of population through immigration to Australia and emigration from Australia. It is:

- based on an international traveller's duration of stay being in or out of Australia for 12 months or more;
- the difference between:
 - the number of incoming international travellers who stay in Australia for 12 months
 or more, who are not currently counted within the population, and are then added
 to the population (NOM arrivals); and
 - the number of outgoing international travellers (Australian residents and long-term visitors to Australia) who leave Australia for 12 months or more, who are currently counted within the population, and are then subtracted from the population (NOM departures).

Under the current method for estimating final net overseas migration this term is based on a traveller's *actual* duration of stay or absence using the '12/16 month rule'. Preliminary NOM estimates are modelled on patterns of traveller behaviours observed in final NOM estimates for the same period one year earlier

NOM arrivals

NOM arrivals are all overseas arrivals that contribute to net overseas migration (NOM). It is the number of incoming international travellers who stay in Australia for 12 months or more, who *are not* currently counted within the population, and are then added to the population.

Under the current method for estimating final net overseas migration this term is based on a traveller's *actual* duration of stay or absence using the '12/16 month rule'.

NOM departures

NOM departures are all overseas departures that contribute to net overseas migration (NOM). It is the number of outgoing international travellers (Australian residents and long term visitors to Australia) who leave Australia for 12 months or more, who *are* currently counted within the population, and are then subtracted from the population.

Under the current method for estimating final net overseas migration this term is based on a traveller's *actual* duration of stay or absence using the '12/16 month rule'.

Net permanent and long-term movement

Under the previous NOM method, the difference between the number of permanent (settler) and long-term arrivals and the number of permanent and long-term departures. Short-term movements are excluded.

Net undercount

The difference between the actual Census count (including imputations) and an estimate of the number of people who should have been counted in the Census. This estimate is based on the Post Enumeration Survey (PES) conducted after each Census. For a category of person (e.g. based on age, sex and state of usual residence), net undercount is the result of Census undercount, overcount, misclassification and imputation error.

GLOSSARY continued

Overseas arrivals and departures (OAD)

Overseas arrivals and departures (OAD) refer to the recorded arrival or departure of persons through Australian air or sea ports (excluding operational air and ships' crew). Statistics on OAD relate to the number of movements of travellers rather than the number of travellers (i.e. the multiple movements of individual persons during a given reference period are all counted).

Passenger Card

Passenger cards are completed by nearly all passengers arriving in, or departing from, Australia. Information including occupation, nationality, intended length of stay, main reason for journey, and state or territory of intended stay/residence is collected.

Permanent arrivals (settlers)

Permanent arrivals (settlers) comprise:

- travellers who hold migrant visas (regardless of stated intended period of stay);
- New Zealand citizens who indicate an intention to settle; and
- those who are otherwise eligible to settle (e.g. overseas born children of Australian citizens).

This definition of settlers is used by the Department of Immigration and Citizenship (DIAC). Prior to 1985, the definition of settlers used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) was the stated intention of the traveller only. Numerically, the effect of the change in definition is insignificant. The change was made to avoid the confusion caused by minor differences between data on settlers published separately by the ABS and the DIAC.

Permanent departures

Permanent departures are Australian residents (including former settlers) who on departure state that they are departing permanently.

Post enumeration survey (PES)

The Census Post Enumeration Survey (PES) is a household survey conducted three to four weeks after the Census. The PES allows the ABS to estimate the number of people missed in the Census and the number counted more than once. Usually more people are missed than are counted more than once in Australia, leading to a net undercount. Results from the PES contribute to a more accurate calculation of the estimated resident population (ERP) for Australia and the states and territories, which is then backdated to 30 June of the Census year.

Population growth

For Australia, population growth is the sum of natural increase and net overseas migration. For states and territories, population growth also includes net interstate migration. After the census, intercensal population growth also includes an allowance for intercensal discrepancy.

Population growth rate

Population change over a period as a proportion (percentage) of the population at the beginning of the period.

Population projections

The ABS uses the cohort-component method for producing population projections of Australia, the states, territories, capital cities and balances of state. This method begins with a base population for each sex by single year of age and advances it year by year, for each year in the projection period, by applying assumptions regarding future fertility, mortality and migration. The assumptions are based on demographic trends over the past decade and longer, both in Australia and overseas. The projections are not predictions or forecasts, but are simply illustrations of the change in population which would occur if the assumptions were to prevail over the projection period. A number of projections are produced by the ABS to show a range of possible future outcomes.

Sex ratio

The sex ratio relates to the number of males per 100 females. The sex ratio is defined for the total population, at birth, at death and among age groups by appropriately selecting the numerator and the denominator of the ratio.

Short-term arrivals

Short-term arrivals comprise:

- overseas visitors/migrants who intend to stay in Australia for less than 12 months; and
- Australian residents returning from overseas after an absence of less than 12 months.

Short-term departures

Short-term departures comprise:

Australian residents who intend to stay abroad for less than 12 months; and

Short-term departures continued

• overseas visitors departing after a stay of less than 12 months in Australia.

Standardised death rate (SDR)

Standardised death rates enable the comparison of death rates between populations with different age structures by relating them to a standard population. The ABS standard populations relate to the years ending in 1. The current standard population is all persons in the Australian population at 30 June 2001. SDRs are expressed per 1,000 or 100,000 persons. There are two methods of calculating SDRs:

- The direct method this is used when the populations under study are large and the age-specific death rates are reliable. It is the overall death rate that would have prevailed in the standard population if it had experienced at each age the death rates of the population under study; and
- The *indirect method* this is used when the populations under study are small and the age-specific death rates are unreliable or not known. It is an adjustment to the crude death rate of the standard population to account for the variation between the actual number of deaths in the population under study and the number of deaths which would have occurred if the population under study had experienced the age-specific death rates of the standard population.

Wherever used, the definition adopted is indicated.

State or territory of usual residence

State or territory of usual residence refer to the state or territory of usual residence of:

- the population (estimated resident population);
- the mother (birth collection); and
- the deceased (death collection).

In the case of overseas movements, state or territory of usual residence refers to the state or territory regarded by the traveller as the one in which he/she lives or has lived. State or territory of intended residence is derived from the intended address given by settlers, and by Australian residents returning after a journey abroad. Particularly in the case of the former, this information does not necessarily relate to the state or territory in which the traveller will eventually establish a permanent residence.

Statistical District (S Dist)

Statistical Districts (S Dist) consist of selected, significant, predominantly urban areas in Australia which are not located within a Capital City Statistical Division (SD). S Dists enable comparable statistics to be produced about these selected urban areas. Further information concerning S Dists is contained in *Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC)* (cat. no. 1216.0).

Statistical Division (SD)

Statistical Divisions (SD) consist of one or more Statistical Subdivisions (SSD). These are designed to be relatively homogeneous regions characterised by identifiable social and economic units within the region, under the unifying influence of one or more major towns or cities. Information concerning SDs is contained in *Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC)* (cat. no. 1216.0).

Total fertility rate (TFR)

The sum of age-specific fertility rates (live births at each age of mother per female population of that age). It represents the number of children a female would bear during her lifetime if she experienced current age-specific fertility rates at each age of her reproductive life (ages 15 - 49).

Under enumeration

See net undercount.

FOR MORE INFORMATION .

INTERNET

www.abs.gov.au the ABS website is the best place for data from our publications and information about the ABS.

INFORMATION AND REFERRAL SERVICE

Our consultants can help you access the full range of information published by the ABS that is available free of charge from our website. Information tailored to your needs can also be requested as a 'user pays' service. Specialists are on hand to help you with analytical or methodological advice.

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